(formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries)

Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Stock code: 5392)

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### (formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries)

# Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report for the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

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#### Representation Letter

The affiliates that are required to be included in the Company's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard No. 10. In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements of affiliates is included in said consolidated financial statements. Consequently, a separate set of combined financial statements of affiliates will not be prepared.

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Name of company: ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.

Person in Charge: Chun-Jen Tong

March 22, 2023

#### Independent Auditors' Report

(112)-Cai-Sheng-Bao No. 22005491

To ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.,

#### **Audit opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. (formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC.) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and the relevant consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and relevant notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements, based on our audit results and the audit report issued by other CPAs (please refer to the "Other matters" paragraph), present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 and for the years then ended, and its consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively referred to as "IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) of the Republic of China.

### Basis for audit opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards of the Republic of China. Our responsibility under those standards is further described in the paragraph "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements". We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audit results and other accountants' audit reports, we are convinced that we have acquired enough and appropriate audit evidence to serve as the basis of audit opinion.

#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters refer to the most vital matters in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022, based on our professional judgment. These matters were addressed in our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our audit opinion. We do not express a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, are stated as follows:

#### Assessment of expected credit loss on accounts receivable

#### Description

Please refer to Note 4(11) to the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policies on the assessment of impairment of notes and accounts receivable; please refer to Note 5(2) to the consolidated financial statements for the uncertainty about accounting estimates and assumptions about the estimated impairment of financial assets; please refer to Note 6(5) to the consolidated financial statements for the description of accounts of notes and accounts receivable. The balances of notes and accounts receivable and an allowance for losses on December 31, 2022 were NT\$2,150,225 thousand and NT\$74,374 thousand, respectively.

The Group's main clients are from Taiwan, mainland China, Hong Kong, Japan, Vietnam, and Malaysia. If the clients have significant financial difficulties or delay in payment or non-payment of principal, the risk of not being able to recover notes and accounts would increase. The Group assesses if there is objective evidence of expected credit impairment of individual notes and accounts receivable on each balance sheet date. It assesses if such notes and accounts receivable are overdue or in default, their historical transaction records, the collection situation after the balance sheet date, clients' financial position, and forward-looking factors, to estimate the amount of an allowance for losses that should be set aside.

As the Group has a large amount of notes and accounts receivable and a large number of clients, and the assessment process of an allowance for losses on notes and accounts receivable often involves the management team's subjective judgment, it is also an area that needs to be judged in the audit work, so we included the assessment of the allowance for loss on receivables as a key audit matter in this year's audit work.

#### Corresponding audit procedures

This matter covers different consolidated entities audited by us and other accountants. To assess the adequacy of an allowance for losses on overdue and individually risky notes and account receivable, the corresponding procedures undertaken by us and other accountants are specified below:

- 1. As per the accounting principles, plus the understanding of the nature of the Group's operations and industry, we assessed the reasonableness of the Group's classification and aging analysis of its clients' credit quality.
- 2. We obtained the overdue or default status of notes and accounts receivable and assessed the reasonableness of expected credit losses estimated with a provision matrix.
- 3. We obtained the collection records of individually significant notes and accounts receivable after the balance sheet date to assess if there were expected credit losses on notes and accounts receivable and confirm the appropriateness of the amount of an allowance for losses set aside.
- 4. For accounts receivable that are overdue or may not be collected, we assessed the possibility of recovery based on the past collection experience, discussions with the management team, and relevant corroborating materials obtained.

#### Assessment of an allowance for inventory valuation losses

#### **Description**

Please refer to Note 4(14) to the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policy on inventory valuation; please refer to Note 5(2) to the consolidated financial statements for the uncertainty about accounting estimates and assumptions about inventory valuation; please refer to Note 6(7) to the consolidated financial statements for the description of the account of inventory. The balances of inventory and an allowance for inventory valuation losses on December 31, 2022 were NT\$1,776,332 thousand and NT\$231,757 thousand, respectively.

The Group mainly manufactures and sells metal casings for mobile phones and digital cameras, actuator components, powder metallurgy, and business equipment components. As these inventories are vulnerable to rapid changes in technology, short product life cycles, and fierce market competition, there is a higher risk of inventory valuation losses, obsolescence, or damage. The net realizable value of the Group's inventory normally sold is based on the sales and purchase prices in the normal course of business within a certain period before the balance sheet date. The net realizable values of inventory not sold after a certain period of age and individually identified obsolete or damaged inventory are calculated based on historical information on the extent to which the inventories are sold and discounted.

Due to the large number of items in the Group's inventory and the multiple sources of information on the net realizable values of individual materials in the inventory, the identification of the net realizable values of the individually obsolete or damaged inventory and the assessment often involves the management team's subjective judgments, so it is also an area that needs to be judged. Therefore, we listed the assessment of an allowance for inventory valuation losses as one of the key audit matters in this year's audit work.

#### Corresponding audit procedures

This matter covers different consolidated entities audited by us and other accountants. To assess the adequacy of the net realizable values of inventory measured and an allowance for inventory valuation losses, the corresponding procedures undertaken by us and other accountants are specified below:

- 1. As per the understanding of the nature of the Group's operations and industry, we assessed if the policy on the provision of an allowance for inventory valuation losses during the comparative financial reporting periods was appropriate and consistent.
- 2. We learned about the process of inventory management, reviewed its annual inventory plan, and participated in its annual inventory process to evaluate the effectiveness of the management team's distinguishing and controlling of obsolete or damaged inventory.
- 3. We obtained the inventory age report of each inventory item and tested the correctness of the calculation logic to confirm that the obsolete inventory items over a certain age have been included in the report.
- 4. We obtained a net realizable value report of each inventory item, confirmed that the calculation logic was consistent, and randomly checked the selling and purchase prices of individual materials in the inventory based on the relevant supporting documents.

#### Other matters: Reference to other accountants' audits

The financial statements of some of the subsidiaries included in the Group's consolidated financial statements, including Jabon International Co., Ltd., ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd., and some investee using the equity method have not been audited by us but by other accountants. Therefore, in the opinion we rendered on the above consolidated financial statements, the amounts listed in said companies' financial statements are based on the audit reports issued by other accountants. The total assets (including investments using the equity method) of said companies as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were NT\$4,451,006 thousand and NT\$5,031,610 thousand, respectively, accounting for 29% and 32% of the total consolidated assets; their operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to NT\$4,621,235

thousand and NT\$5,172,177 thousand, respectively, accounting for 44% and 44% of the consolidated operating revenue; the comprehensive losses on said investees accounted for using the equity method for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were NT\$11,975 thousand and NT\$10,102 thousand, accounting for 5% and 11% of the consolidated comprehensive income (loss), respectively.

#### Other matters: Parent company only financial statements

ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. has also prepared the parent company only financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, for which we have issued an unqualified opinion (including the Other matters paragraphs) for 2022 and an unqualified opinion (including the Other matters and Emphasis matters paragraphs) for 2021 as a reference.

# Responsibilities of the management and the governing bodies for the consolidated financial statements

The responsibilities of the management are to prepare the consolidated financial statements with fair presentation in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and regulations of IFRSs endorsed and promulgated by the FSC and to maintain necessary internal control associated with the preparation in order to ensure that the financial statements are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability in continuing as a going concern, disclosing relevant matters, and adopting the going concern basis of accounting unless the management intends to liquidate the Group or cease the operations without other viable alternatives.

The Group's governing bodies (including its Audit Committee) are responsible for supervising the financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance on whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error and to issue an independent auditors' report. Reasonable assurance is a high-level assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement may arise

from errors or frauds. If the amounts of misstatements, either separately or in aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of the users of the consolidated financial statements, they are considered material.

We have utilized our professional judgment and professional doubt when performing the audit work in accordance with the auditing standards of the Republic of China. We also performed the following tasks:

- 1. Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement arising from fraud or error within the consolidated financial statements; designed and executed countermeasures in response to said risks, and obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion. Fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Therefore, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the one resulting from error.
- 2. Understood the internal control related to the audit in order to design appropriate audit procedures under the circumstances, while not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies adopted and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and relevant disclosures made by the management.
- 4. Concluded on the appropriateness of the management's adoption of the going concern basis of accounting based on the audit evidence obtained and whether a material uncertainty exists for events or conditions that may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we are of the opinion that a material uncertainty exists, we shall remind users of the consolidated financial statements to pay attention to relevant disclosures in said statements within our audit report. If such disclosures are inadequate, we need to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluated the overall presentation, structure, and content of the consolidated financial statements (including relevant notes), and whether the consolidated financial statements adequately present the relevant transactions and events.
- 6. Obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence concerning the financial information of entities within the Group, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We were responsible for guiding, supervising, and performing the audit and forming an audit opinion about the Group.

The matters communicated between us and the governing bodies included the planned scope and times of the audit and material audit findings (including any material defects in internal control identified during the audit).

We also provided the governing bodies with a declaration that we have complied with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China regarding independence and communicated with them all relations and other matters that may possibly be regarded as detrimental to our independence (including relevant protective measures).

From the matters communicated with the governing bodies, we determined the key audit matters for the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. We have clearly indicated such matters in the auditors' report. Unless legal regulations prohibit the public disclosure of specific matters, or in extremely rare cases, where we decided not to communicate over specific items in the auditors' report for it could be reasonably anticipated that the negative effects of such disclosure would be greater than the public interest it brings forth.

PwC Taiwan

Ya-Hui Lin

CPA:

Yung-Chien Hsu

Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Approval Document No.: Jin-Guan-Zheng-Shen No. 1070323061

Securities and Futures Bureau

Approval Document No.: (84)-Tai-Cai-Zheng-(VI) No. 13377

March 22, 2023

# ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries (formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries) Consolidated Balance Sheet As at December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

			2	December 31, 2021		
	Assets	Note	 December 31, 2022 Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 3,502,787	23	\$ 3,415,937	22
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	6(2)	1,028,221	7	1,402,697	9
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	6(4) and 8	484,771	3	463,725	3
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5)	61,222	1	59,256	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)(6)	1,959,873	13	2,348,503	15
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties, net	6(5) and 7	54,756	-	60,022	-
1200	Other receivables		53,702	-	104,643	1
130X	Inventories	6(7)	1,544,575	10	1,939,556	12
1410	Prepayments		133,992	1	161,919	1
1470	Other current assets		 16,652		 14,636	
11XX	Total current assets		 8,840,551	58	 9,970,894	63
	Non-current assets					
1510	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Non-current	6(2)	225,752	2	268,856	2
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - Non-current	6(3)	574,336	4	349,495	2
1535	Financial assets at amortized cost - Non-current	6(4) and 8	412,802	3	260,197	2
1550	Investments accounted for using the equity method	6(8)	930,156	6	848,987	5
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(9) and 8	2,974,593	19	3,093,364	19
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(10) and 7	836,746	5	688,871	4
1760	Net Investment Property	6(11)	58,189	-	-	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(12)	165,854	1	139,965	1
1840	Deferred tax assets	6(30)	155,755	1	159,752	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(13)	 189,725	1	 140,761	1
15XX	<b>Total non-current assets</b>		 6,523,908	42	 5,950,248	37
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 15,364,459	100	\$ 15,921,142	100

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ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries
(formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for earnings (losses) per share which is in NT\$)

			Ι	December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021			
	Liabilities and Equity	Note		Amount	%		Amount	%		
	Current liabilities									
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(14) and 8	\$	2,357,929	15	\$	2,321,339	15		
2110	Short-term notes payable	6(15)		29,985	-		89,909	1		
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(24)		73,141	-		62,972	-		
2150	Notes payable			119,148	1		135,757	1		
2170	Accounts payable	7		1,170,289	8		1,709,084	11		
2200	Other payables	6(16)		729,910	5		882,166	5		
2230	Income tax liabilities in this period			103,992	1		134,962	1		
2280	Lease liabilities - current	7		190,104	1		130,896	1		
2320	Long-term liabilities due within one year or one operating cycle	6(17) and 8		230,849	2		272,596	2		
2399	Other current liabilities - other			61,067			54,780			
21XX	Total current liabilities			5,066,414	33		5,794,461	37		
	Non-current liabilities									
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(17) and 8		1,733,310	11		1,700,455	11		
2570	Deferred tax liabilities	6(30)		310,087	2		311,619	2		
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	7		560,773	4		462,641	3		
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(18)(19)		237,562	1		252,945	1		
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			2,841,732	18		2,727,660	17		
2XXX	<b>Total liabilities</b>			7,908,146	51		8,522,121	54		
	Equity attributable to owners of the parent									
	Share capital	6(20)								
3110	Ordinary share capital			1,699,640	11		1,699,640	11		
	Capital surplus	6(21)								
3200	Capital surplus			2,596,552	17		2,584,368	16		
	Retained earnings	6(22)								
3310	Legal reserve			392,518	2		380,980	2		
3320	Special reserve			575,656	4		412,797	3		
3350	Undistributed earnings			426,729	3		705,470	4		
3400	Other equity		(	271,778) (	2)	(	575,656) (	4)		
3500	Treasury shares	6(20)	(	29,773)		(	29,773)			
31XX	Total equity attributable to owners of the parent			5,389,544	35		5,177,826	32		
36XX	Non-controlling interests	6(23)		2,066,769	14		2,221,195	14		
3XXX	Total equity			7,456,313	49		7,399,021	46		
	Material Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contractual Commitments	9								
	Material Subsequent Events	11								
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	15,364,459	100	\$	15,921,142	100		

The notes attached are part of the Consolidated Financial Statements and shall be read together.

Chairman: Chun-Jen Tong Manager: Shiang-Chi Hu Chief Accounting Officer: Hui-Chu

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# ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries (formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries) Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for earnings (losses) per share which is in NT\$)

				2022			2021		
	Item	Note		Amount	<u>%</u>		Amount		%
4000	Operating revenue	6(24) and 7	\$	10,518,257	100	\$	11,848,525		100
5000	Operating cost	6(7)(29) and 7	(	8,914,462) (	<u>85</u> )	(	10,020,899)	(	<u>85</u> )
5900	Gross profit			1,603,795	15		1,827,626		15
	Operating expenses	6(28) and 7							
6100	Selling expense		(	585,246) (	(6)	(	641,896)	(	5)
6200	Administrative expenses		(	869,775) (	(8)	(	828,441)	(	7)
6300	Research and development expenses		(	93,562) (	( 1)	(	95,624)	(	1)
6450	Expected credit impairment losses	12(3)	(	38,938)		(	2,582)		<u> </u>
6000	Total operating expenses		(	1,587,521) (	<u>15</u> )	(	1,568,543)	(	13)
6900	Operating income			16,274			259,083		2
	Non-operating income and expenses								
7100	Interest income	6(25)		37,805	-		39,474		-
7010	Other income	6(26)		50,072	1		46,672		1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(27)		172,594	2		70,689		1
7050	Financial costs	6(28) and 7	(	83,287) (	( 1)	(	81,257)	(	1)
7060	Shares of profit or loss on affiliates and joint venture recognized using the equity method	6(8)	(	16,982)	_		42,338		_
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses			160,202	2		117,916		1
7900	Net income before tax			176,476	2		376,999		3
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(	150,018) (	<u>2</u> )	(	149,361)	(	1)
8200	Net income for this period		\$	26,458		\$	227,638		2

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ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries

(formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for earnings (losses) per share which is in NT\$)

				2022			2021			
	Item	Note		Amount	%		Amount	%		
	Other comprehensive income									
	Items not reclassified to profit or									
8311	loss:  Remeasurement of defined benefit									
0311	plans		(\$	810)	_	\$	7,328	_		
8316	Unrealized gains or losses on	6(3)	(4	010)		Ψ	7,520			
	investment in equity instruments at									
	fair value through other			90.027	1	(	00 120)			
8320	comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive			80,927	1	(	90,120)	-		
8320	income on affiliates and joint									
	ventures accounted for using equity									
	method – items not reclassified to		,	25 (22) (	4.		22.044			
0240	profit or loss	((20)	(	37,632) (	1)		22,961	-		
8349	Income tax related to items not reclassified	6(30)	(	15,249)	_	(	2,049)	_		
8310	Total amount of items not		(	15,247)		_	2,047)			
0310	reclassified to profit or loss			27,236	_	(	61,880)	_		
	Items that may subsequently be					`				
	reclassified to profit or loss									
8361	Exchange differences on translation									
	of the financial statements of foreign operations			174,843	2	(	78,789) (	1)		
8399	Income tax related to items that may	6(30)		174,043	2	(	70,707) (	1)		
	be reclassified		(	7,576)			6,517			
8360	Total amount of items that may									
	subsequently be reclassified to			1/7.2/7	2	,	72.272) (	1)		
0200	profit or loss		<u> </u>	167,267	2	(	72,272) (	1)		
8300	Other comprehensive income, net		\$	194,503	2	( <u>\$</u>	134,152) (	1)		
8500	Total comprehensive income for this period		\$	220,961	2	\$	93,486	1		
	Net income (loss) attributable to:		Ψ	220,501		Ψ	23,100			
8610	Owners of the parent		(\$	96,951) (	1)	\$	58,736	1		
8620	Non-controlling interests		( ,	123,409	1	,	168,902	1		
	S		\$	26,458	_	\$	227,638	2		
	Total comprehensive income									
	attributable to:									
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	203,750	2	(\$	35,437)	-		
8720	Non-controlling interests			17,211			128,923	1		
			\$	220,961	2	\$	93,486	1		
	Basic earnings (losses) per share	6(31)								
9750	Basic earnings (losses) per share	~( <i>0</i> 1)	(\$		0.58)	\$		0.35		
	Diluted earnings (losses) per share	6(31)	( <u>*</u>			<u> </u>				
9850	Diluted earnings (losses) per share	V(01)	(\$		0.58)	\$		0.35		
, , , ,	= marca cammago (100000) per sintre		(4			<u> </u>		0.00		

The notes attached are part of the Consolidated Financial Statements and shall be read together.

Chairman: Chun-Jen Tong Chief Accounting Officer: Hui-Chu Manager: Shiang-Chi Hu

### ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries (formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries)

### Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

			Equity attributable to owners of the parent								
				Retained earnings	1	Other	equity				
Note	Ordinary share capital	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Undistributed earnings	Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Treasury shares	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
<u>2021</u>											
Balance as at January 1, 2021	\$ 1,699,640	\$ 2,469,783	\$ 380,980	\$ 386,371	\$ 667,501	(\$ 378,389)	(\$ 34,408)	(\$ 29,773)	\$ 5,161,705	\$ 1,769,946	\$ 6,931,651
Net income for this period	-	-	-	-	58,736	-	-	-	58,736	168,902	227,638
Other comprehensive income											
for this period					(3,639)	(103,354_)	12,820		(94,173_)	(39,979_)	(134,152_)
Total comprehensive income											
for this period					55,097	(103,354_)	12,820		(35,437_)	128,923	93,486
2020 earnings allocation and 6(22) distribution:											
Allocation for special											
reserve	=	-	-	26,426	( 26,426 )		-	-		-	
Cash dividends	=	-	-	-	( 50,989 )	-	-	-	( 50,989 )	-	( 50,989 )
Capital surplus adjusted for 6(21) dividends paid out to subsidiaries		207							207		207
	-	297	-	-	-	-	-	-	297	-	297
Cash dividends paid out by 6(23) subsidiaries	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	( 82,249 )	( 82,249 )
Overdue dividend transferred 6(21)										( 02,21)	( 02,217)
to capital surplus	-	3	-	_	-	-	_	_	3	-	3
Share-based payment											
transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,491	1,491
Changes in non-controlling 6(23) interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	476,045	476,045
Changes in equity of 6(21)(23) subsidiaries and affiliates	-	114,285	-	-	( 12,038 )	-	_	-	102,247	( 141,064 )	( 38,817 )
Equity instruments at fair value 6(23) through other comprehensive income disposed of by											
subsidiaries and affiliates					72,325		(72,325_)			68,103	68,103
Balance as at December 31, 2021	\$ 1,699,640	\$ 2,584,368	\$ 380,980	\$ 412,797	\$ 705,470	(\$ 481,743)	(\$ 93,913)	(\$ 29,773)	\$ 5,177,826	\$ 2,221,195	\$ 7,399,021

(Continued on next page)

#### (formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries)

### Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent												
					Retained earnings	;		Other	equity			•		
_	Note	Ordinary share capital	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve		listributed arnings	Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Treasury shares	Total	Non-controllii interests	ıg	Total equity
<u>2022</u>														
Balance as at January 1, 2022		\$ 1,699,640	\$ 2,584,368	\$ 380,980	\$ 412,797	\$	705,470	(\$ 481,743)	(\$ 93,913)	(\$ 29,773)	\$ 5,177,826	\$ 2,221,193	<u>\$</u>	7,399,021
Net income for this period		-	-	-	-	(	96,951)	-	-	-	( 96,951 )	123,409	)	26,458
Other comprehensive income														
for this period							3,909	186,160	110,632		300,701	(106,198	3)	194,503
Total comprehensive income														
for this period						(	93,042 )	186,160	110,632		203,750	17,21		220,961
2021 earnings allocation and 60	(22)													
distribution:														
Allocation for legal reserve		-	-	11,538	-	(	11,538 )	-	-	-	-		-	-
Allocation for special														
reserve		-	-	-	162,859	(	162,859 )	-	-	-	-		-	-
Cash dividends		-	( 50,989 )	-	-		-	-	-	-	( 50,989 )		- (	50,989 )
Overdue dividends transferred 6(2)	(21)													
to capital surplus		-	15	-	-		-	-	-	-	15		-	15
	(21)													
dividends paid out to			20.6								207			207
subsidiaries	(22)	-	296	-	-		-	-	-	-	296		•	296
Cash dividends paid out by 60 subsidiaries	(23)											( 120,084	1 ) (	120,084 )
Share-based payment		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	( 120,082	( )	120,064 )
transactions		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	740	5	746
	(21)(23)											7 - 10	,	740
subsidiaries and affiliates	21)(23)	_	62,862	_	_	(	4,216)	_	_	_	58,646	33,823	3	92,469
Equity instruments at fair value 6(2)	(23)		02,002			(	.,210 )				20,010	33,02		,2,.0,
through other comprehensive	(23)													
income disposed of by														
subsidiaries and affiliates		-	-	-	-	(	7,086)	-	7,086	-	-	( 38,604	1) (	38,604 )
	(23)													
interests							-					(47,518	3) (_	47,518 )
Balance as at December 31,														
2022		\$ 1,699,640	\$ 2,596,552	\$ 392,518	\$ 575,656	\$	426,729	(\$ 295,583)	\$ 23,805	(\$ 29,773)	\$ 5,389,544	\$ 2,066,769	\$	7,456,313

The notes attached are part of the Consolidated Financial Statements and shall be read together.

## ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries (formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries)

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2022			For the Year Ended December 31, 2021		
ash flow from operating activities						
Net income before tax in this period		\$	176,476	\$	376,999	
Adjustments			,		,	
Income and expenses						
Depreciation expense (including right-of-use	6(9)(10)(11)(29)					
assets and investment property)			728,852		781,236	
Amortization expense	6(12)(29)		16,490		21,072	
Expected credit impairment losses	12(3)		38,938		2,582	
Interest income	6(25)	(	37,805)	(	39,474	
Dividend income	6(26)	(	25,727)	(	28,534	
Bargain purchase gains	6(26)	(	5,667)		-	
Proceeds from the disposal of property, plant and	6(27)					
equipment		(	25,314)		23,204	
Gain on disposal of investment	6(27)	(	11,275 )	-	150	
Lease modification gain	6(27)	(	1,037)	(	26,157	
Gain on non-current assets held for sale	6(27)	(	3,120)		-	
Loss (gain) on financial assets and liabilities at	6(27)		51.260	,	2.270	
fair value through profit or loss	C(0.7)		51,368	(	3,370	
Impairment loss	6(27)		13,745		10,658	
Interest expense	6(28)		83,287		81,257	
Investment (income) losses recognized using the equity method	6(8)		16,982	(	42,338	
Changes in assets/liabilities related to operating activities						
Net changes in assets related to operating activities						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			393,866		113,303	
Notes receivable		(	1,966)		12,296	
Accounts receivable (including related parties)			348,330	(	84,712	
Other receivables			49,516	(	54,887	
Inventories			288,954	(	686,471	
Prepayments			21,271	(	15,712	
Other current assets			2,121		35,921	
Other non-current assets		(	10,900)		9,696	
Net changes in liabilities related to operating activities		`	, ,		,	
Contract liabilities			10,169	(	19,523	
Notes payable		(	16,599)	ì	3,365	
Accounts payable		(	530,536)		48,990	
Other payables		(	171,097)		13,503	
Other current liabilities			3,607	(	19,346	
Other non-current liabilities		(	23,916)	Ì	41,642	
Cash inflow from operations		`	1,379,013	`	418,628	
Interest collected			37,805		39,474	
Dividend received			70,676		57,837	
Interest paid		(	66,131 )	(	65,426	
Income tax paid		Ì	206,468)	Ì	165,127	
Net cash inflow from operating activities		`	1,214,895	`	285,386	

(Continued on next page)

### ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries (formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries)

### Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	Note	For the Year Ended Note December 31, 2022		For the Year Ended December 31, 2021		
	11010		1001 31, 2022	Decei	1001 31, 2021	
Cash flow from investing activities						
Decrease (increase) in financial assets at amortized cost		(\$	109,257)	\$	583,723	
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(	143,234)	(	96,333 )	
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			77,878		225,301	
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method	6(8)	(	225,096)	(	125,526 )	
Disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method			32,940		-	
Capital reduction and return of share capital for investment using the equity method	6(8)		72,400		-	
Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cash received)	6(33)	(	44,411 )		71,922	
Property, plant and equipment acquired	6(34)	(	317,186)	(	269,516)	
Property, plant and equipment disposed of			51,381		74,512	
Proceeds from disposal of right-of-use assets			-		33,051	
Intangible assets acquired	6(12)	(	4,263)	(	14,614 )	
Disposal of non-current assets held for sale			3,120		-	
Increase in other non-current assets		(	17,940)	(	16,234 )	
Acquisition of investment property	6(11)	(	58,207)		_	
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities		(	681,87 <u>5</u> )		466,286	
Cash flow from financing activities						
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings			50,732	(	184,228 )	
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes payable		(	59,924)		11	
Long-term borrowings			203,133		122,257	
Repayment of long-term borrowings		(	212,025 )	(	46,420 )	
Repayment of lease principal		(	166,428)	(	161,945 )	
Increase in other non-current liabilities			7,018		4,595	
Disposal of subsidiaries' equity (without losing control)	6(32)		-		22,816	
Cash dividends paid out		(	50,989)	(	50,989 )	
Changes in non-controlling interests	6(23)		32,002		620,523	
Cash dividends paid out by subsidiaries - non- controlling interests	6(23)	(	120,084)	(	82,249 )	
Capital returned for subsidiaries' capital reduction - non-controlling interests	6(23)	(	79,520)	(	144,478 )	
Net cash (outflow) inflow from financing activities		(	396,085)		99,893	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents due to exchange rate changes		(	50,085)	(	111,838 )	
Increase in cash and cash equivalents for this period			86,850		739,727	
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents			3,415,937		2,676,210	

The notes attached are part of the Consolidated Financial Statements and shall be read together.

Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents

Chief Accounting Officer: Hui-Chu Chairman: Chun-Jen Tong Manager: Shiang-Chi Hu

Lee

3,502,787

3,415,937

#### (formerly known as AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. and Its Subsidiaries)

#### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: NT\$ thousand

(unless otherwise specified)

#### I. Company History

- (I) ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company"), formerly known as RF-LINK systems Inc., was incorporated on December 29, 1994 and was renamed AVY PRECISION TECHNOLOGY INC. in June 2004, while being relocated to Taipei City in the same year. It was renamed ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. in August 2021. The Company's stock has been traded on the Taipei Exchange since June 14, 1999. The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") mainly engage in the manufacturing of various aluminum alloys, plastic die-casted products, and relevant molds; processing, processing and trading, and import and export of electric-powered hand tool and pneumatic hand tool parts.
- (II) Ability Investment co., Ltd. had held 11.75% of the Company's equity on June 30, 2021 and obtained more than half of the Company's directorships, making it the Group's ultimate parent company. Upon the election of directors at the shareholders' meeting on July 15, 2021, Abico International Co., Ltd. obtained more than half of the Company's directorships and had held 7.06% of the Company's shareholding, making it the Group's ultimate parent company. As of December 31, 2022, Abico International Co., Ltd. held 13% of the Company's shares.

### II. The Date of Authorisation for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorisation

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2023.

#### III. Application of Newly Issued and Amended Standards and Interpretations

(I) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, "Reference to the conceptual framework"	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, "Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use"	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, "Onerous contracts — cost of fulfilling a contract"	January 1, 2022

Effective date by

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

# (II) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, "Disclosure Initiative"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax Related to Assets and	January 1, 2023
Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction"	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

### (III) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The table below lists the new, revised, and amended standards and interpretations of the IFRSs, released by the IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, "Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture"	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"	January 1, 2024
Standards Board IFRS 17, "Insurance contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, "Insurance contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, "Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –comparative information"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, "Classification of liabilities as current or noncurrent"	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### IV. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (I) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed and promulgated by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

#### (II) Basis of preparation

- 1. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (1) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
  - (2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
  - (3) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- 2. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (III) Basis of consolidation

- 1. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (1) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (2) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
  - (3) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this

results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

- (4) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
- (5) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

#### 2. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Sharehol	_	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business category	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.	AVY Co., Ltd. (AVY)	Manufacturing and sales of optical instruments, electronic products and components, and precision molds	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.	Jabon International Co., Ltd. (Jabon International)	R&D, processing, manufacturing, and sales of metallurgical products such as shafts and bearings, mechanical components and magnetic materials for automobiles and scooters, electronic components, and precision ceramics.	100.00	100.00	-

			Shareholding (%)		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business category	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.	ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd. (ABICO NetCom)	Sales of business equipment components, electronic components, and optoelectronic products	13.64	13.64	Obtained more than half of the directorships
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and AVY Co., Ltd.	Gold Market Investments Ltd. (Gold Market)	Investment and trade	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.	Avy High Tech Ltd. (Avy High Tech)	Investment and trade	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.	Avy Technology Ltd. (Avy Technology)	Investment and trade	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Prosper Plastic Factory (HK) Co., Ltd.	Shine Trade International Ltd. (Shine Trade)	Manufacturing and sales of plastic products and molds	100.00	100.00	-
Shine Trade International Ltd. (Shine Trade)	Dongguan Ashine Precision Plastics Co., Ltd. (Dongguan Ashine)	Manufacturing and sales of plastic products and molds	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	Ability I Venture Capital Corporation (Ability I)	Venture Investment	50.30	50.30	Note 1
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Ability I Venture Capital Corporation	ABICO Optical(HK) Ltd. (ABICO Optical)	Investment	65.70	65.70	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. And ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	Honlynn Co., Ltd. (Honlynn)	Sales of computer peripheral consumables	24.79	24.79	Obtained more than half of the directorships
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.	Abico Capital Co., Ltd.	Investment	100.00	100.00	Note 9 Note 10
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.	VIEWQUEST Investment Co., Ltd. (VIEWQUEST)	Investment	100.00	-	6(33)
ABICO Optical (HK) Ltd.	Jilin Province Can Fine Glasses Co., Ltd. (Can Fine Glasses)	Sales of medical devices	100.00	100.00	In liquidation

			Shareholding (%)		_
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business category	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
Gold Market Investments Ltd.	Dong Guan Cheng Guang Metal Products Co., Ltd. (Cheng Guang Metal)	Manufacturing and sales of metal casings and accessories for mobile phones and cameras	100.00	100.00	Note 4
Gold Market Investments Ltd.	Dong Guan Cheng Guang Precision Industry Co., Ltd. (Cheng Guang Precision)	Manufacturing and sales of metal casings and accessories for mobile phones and cameras	100.00	-	Note 4
Gold Market Investments Ltd.	Dong Guan Cheng Guang Trading Co., Ltd. (Cheng Guang Trading)	Manufacturing and sales of metal casings and accessories for mobile phones and cameras	100.00	-	Note 4
IKKA Holdings (Cayman) Ltd., Gold Market Investments Ltd. and Ability I Venture Capital Corporation	Sol-Plus (HK) Co., Ltd. (Sol-Plus HK)	Investment and trade	100.00	70.00	Note 5
Sol-Plus (HK) Co., Ltd. (Sol- Plus HK)	Sol-Plus Co., Ltd. (Sol-Plus JP)	Manufacturing and sales of plastic products and molds	100.00	100.00	-
Sol-Plus Co., Ltd. (Sol-Plus JP)	Hiraiseimitsu (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (Hiraiseimitsu)	Manufacturing and sales of plastic products and molds	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd., Gold Market Investments Ltd. and Jabon International Co., Ltd.	IKKA Holdings (Cayman) Ltd. (IKKA Holdings)	Investment and trade	56.83	55.18	Note 2 Note 5

			Sharehole	_	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business category	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
Jabon International Co., Ltd.	Ekeen Precision Co., Ltd. (Ekeen Precision)	R&D, processing, domestic sales, and export of metallurgical products such as shafts and bearings, mechanical components and magnetic materials for automobiles and scooters, electronic components, and precision ceramics.	100.00	100.00	-
Jabon International Co., Ltd.	Jabon Precision Co., Ltd. (Jabon Precision)	Manufacturing of industrial plastic products, aluminum casted and magnesium casted items, as well as computer and peripheral parts and molds.	100.00	100.00	-
Jabon International Co., Ltd.	Jcheng Software Inc. (Jcheng Software)	Electronics Components Manufacturing, Computer and Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing, Data Storage Media Manufacturing and Duplicating, and Automatic Control Equipment Engineering.	100.00	100.00	-
Jabon International Co., Ltd.	Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd. (Phoenix Place)	Investment	100.00	100.00	-
Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.	Best Achieve Industrial Ltd. (Best Achieve)	Trade	100.00	100.00	-
Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.	Cranmer Enterprises Ltd. (Cranmer)	Investment and trade	100.00	100.00	-
Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.	Precise Plus Group Ltd. (Precise Plus)	Investment and trade	100.00	100.00	-

			Shareholding (%)		_
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business category	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.	Best Select Industrial Ltd.(Best Select)	Investment	100.00	100.00	-
Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.	Sinobridge Corporation (Sinobridge)	Trade	100.00	100.00	-
Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.	Best Achieve Industrial Ltd.(HK) (Best Achieve HK)	Investment	100.00	100.00	-
Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.	ART EMPIRE Industrial Ltd. (ART EMPIRE)	Investment	100.00	100.00	-
Cranmer Enterprises Ltd.	DongGuan Qunsheng Powder Metallurgy Ltd. (DongGuan Qunsheng)	Production and sales of powder metallurgy products and assembly of actuators	100.00	100.00	-
Precise Plus Group Ltd.	DongGuan Best Achieve Industrial Ltd. (DongGuan Best Achieve)	Production and sales of power tools and relevant spare parts	100.00	100.00	-
Best Select Industrial Ltd.	Best Select Industrial (SuZhou) Co., Ltd. (Best Select SuZhou)	Production and research and development of non-ferrous metal composite materials, new alloy materials, and relevant products and sales of self-produced products	100.00	100.00	-
IKKA Holdings (Cayman) Ltd.	DaiichiKasei Co.,Ltd. (DaiichiKasei)	Manufacturing and sales of plastic parts and products, transportation, storage, and warehousing management of automobiles, insurance agency, real estate trading, as well as leasing and management business	100.00	100.00	-

			Sharehole		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business category	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
DaiichiKasei Co.,Ltd.	M.A.C. Technology (Malaysia) San.Bhd. (M.A.C.)	Manufacturing and packaging of CD and CDROM, computer printers, electronic and industrial precision ceramics and molds, plastic injection components for the electronics and the camera industries	100.00	100.00	-
DaiichiKasei Co.,Ltd.	IKKA Technology (Vietnam) Co.,Ltd. (IKKA Vietnam)	Production, operation, and processing of plastic and metal parts commonly used in automobiles, scooters, and office equipment	100.00	100.00	-
DaiichiKasei Co.,Ltd.	IKKA (Hong Kong) Co.,Ltd. (IKKA HK)	Investment and trade	100.00	100.00	-
IKKA (Hong Kong) Co.,Ltd.	IKKA Technology DongGuan Co., Ltd. (IKKA)	Production and sales of precision plastic parts, hardware parts, bearings, and molds	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	ABECO Electronic Co., Ltd. (ABECO)	Distribution of electronic components	49.80	49.80	-
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	ABICO FS International Ltd. (ABICO FS)	Operation of a holding business and investment	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	Ho Vision Entertainment Co., Ltd. (Ho Vision)	Sales of peripheral products in the entertainment industry	95.20	95.20	-
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	Prosper Plastic Factory(HK) Co., Ltd. (Prosper)	Plastics business	100.00	100.00	-

			Shareholding (%)		_
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business category	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd., ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Ability I Venture Capital Corporation	Seinoh Optical Co., Ltd. (Seinoh Optical)	Manufacturing and sales of contact lenses	94.40	94.85	Note 3
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	Positive Energy Sport Co., Ltd. (Positive Energy)	Sales and wholesale of sporting goods	51.99	51.99	-
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	Aabiking International Inc. (Aabiking)	Bicycle business	81.42	69.37	Note 6
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	TranSystem Incorporated	Manufacturing of electronic products and wireless broadband devices	15.64	15.64	6(33)
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	Kkck Corporation Ltd.	Cosmetic beauty business	50.82	50.82	6(33)
ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd.	Newec Corporation	Operation of an e- commerce platform of sporting goods	100.00	100.00	6(33)
Prosper Plastic Factory(HK) Co., Ltd.	Lixing Plastic (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (Lixing Shenzhen)	Production and sales of computer plastic spare parts and components	100.00	100.00	-
Prosper Plastic Factory(HK) Co., Ltd.	Prosper Plastic Factory(SAMOA) Ltd. (Prosper SAMOA)	Operation of a holding business and investment	100.00	100.00	
Prosper Plastic Factory(HK) Co., Ltd. and Prosper Plastic Factory (SAMOA) Ltd.	FIT ACTIVE (VIETNAM) PRECISION CO., LTD. (FIT ACTIVE VIETNAM)	Manufacturing and processing of steel molds, aluminum molds, copper- aluminum stamped products, and optoelectronic parts	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO FS International Ltd. (ABICO FS)	Avy International Ltd. (AVY International)	Investment and trade	100.00	100.00	-
ABICO FS International Ltd. (ABICO FS)	SUZHOU SEINOH OPTICAL CO., LTD. (SUZHOU SEINOH)	Wholesale and import of contact lens	100.00	100.00	-

			Shareholding (%)		<u> </u>	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business category	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description	
Avy International Ltd.	AVY Precision Metal Components (SuZhou) Co., Ltd. (AVY SuZhou)	Production and processing of dies, precision molds, standard mold parts, and relevant products and components	100.00	100.00	-	
ABECO Electronic Co., Ltd.	Viet Nam Abeco Electronic Company (Viet Nam Abeco)	Distribution of electronic components	100.00	100.00	-	
SEINOH Optical Co., Ltd.( SEINOH Optical)	S&G Global Inc.	Manufacture and sale of contact lenses	60.00	-	Note 11	
Positive Energy Sport Co., Ltd.	Itravel Tech Co., Ltd. (Itravel Tech)	Wholesale and retail of cloth, garments, and clothing	100.00	100.00	-	
Honlynn Co., Ltd.	Ability International Tenancy Co., Ltd. (Ability Int'l)	Sales, rental, and maintenance of office equipment and office furniture	100.00	100.00	-	
Honlynn Co., Ltd.	Emptech Co., Ltd. (Emptech)	Trading of computers and relevant electronic products	80.00	80.00	-	
Honlynn Co., Ltd.	Catchtech Technology Corporation (Catchtech)	Software Design Services	51.00	51.00		
Ability International Tenancy Co., Ltd.	Ability Corporation Ltd.(Ability)	Investment	100.00	100.00	-	
Ability International Tenancy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Imaging Systems Inc. (TISI)	Trading, maintenance, and rental of microform and consumables	100.00	100.00	-	
Ability International Tenancy Co., Ltd.	Jingnen Co., Ltd. (Jingnen)	Sales, rental, and maintenance of office equipment and office furniture	52.99	52.99	-	
Ability International Tenancy Co., Ltd.	Ability Biotech Co., Ltd. (Ability Biotech)	Sales of medical devices	100.00	75.00	Note 7	

			Shareholding (%)		=
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business category	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
Ability International Tenancy Co., Ltd.	Ability Anchor Recycle Technology Services, Inc. (Ability Anchor)	Recycling of machines	55.00	55.00	-
Ability International Tenancy Co., Ltd.	ABICO Living Robot Co., Ltd. (ABICO Living Robot)	Electric Appliance Installation	50.00	100.00	Note 8
Ability International Tenancy Co., Ltd.	Ability International Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Lighting Equipment Manufacturing	100.00	100.00	-
Ability Corporation Ltd. (Ability)	ABILITY INTERNATIONAL (SHANGHAI) LTD. (ABILITY INTERNATIONAL)	Warehousing, wholesale, and international trade	100.00	100.00	-
Ability Corporation Ltd. (Ability)	Abico Japan Co., Ltd. (Abico JP)	International trade	100.00	100.00	
Ability Corporation Ltd. (Ability)	Abico (HK) International Holding Co., Ltd. (Abico HK)	Investment	100.00	100.00	-
Abico (HK) International Holdoing Co., Ltd. (Abico HK)	Abico (GuangZhou) International Tarding Co., Ltd. (Abico Guangzhou)	Wholesale of office equipment	100.00	100.00	-

1 11'

- Note 1: Ability I in June 2021, October 2022, and December 2022 reduced capital and return the capital in cash in the amounts of \$290,700, \$80,000 and \$80,000, respectively. The number of cancelled shares were 29,070,000, 8,000,000, and 8,000,000, respectively, with the capital reduction percentages of 38%, 16.87%, and 20.29%, and the amounts of capital returned to the non-controlling interests were \$144,478, \$39,760, and \$39,760, respectively.
- Note 2: In order to cooperate with IKKA Holdings' application for listing, the Company and its subsidiaries, Jabon International and AVY High Tech Ltd., gave up participating in IKKA Holdings cash capital increase and issue of new shares in the second quarter of 2021 and the third quarter of 2020. The Group's shareholding decreased to 55.18%. In addition, as a result of the employee stock options issued by IKKA Holdings and the Sol-Plus (HK) Ltd. share transaction, as of December 31, 2022, the Group's shareholding in IKKA Holdings is 56.83%.
- Note 3: Seinoh Optical Co., Ltd., a sub-subsidiary of the Group, conducted a cash capital increase in the second quarter of 2022, the capital increased by \$88,020, the Group acquired \$82,020, accounting for 94.40% of its issued shares after the capital increase.

- Note 4: Gold Market Investments Ltd., as approved by a resolution of the board of directors meeting on March 29, 2021, and to achieve industrial specialization and optimize operational performance, plans to split DongGuan ChengGuan Metal Products Co., Ltd. into three companies. After the split, Dong Guang Cheng Guang Metal Products Co., Ltd. continued to remain, and its primary business is metal surface treatment; two other companies to be established are DongGuan ChengGuang Precision Industry Co., Ltd and DongGuan ChengGuang Trading Co., Ltd. The former will focus on metal manufacturing and processing, and the latter will focus on the trading of processed metal products. After the split, the shareholding structure of all three companies will be identical, with Gold Market Investments Ltd. holding 100% of the shares. The applicable registration procedures were completed in May 2022.
- Note 5: In order to expand the operating scale of the automotive business group, and accelerate expansion into the electric vehicle plastic components market, the Group engaged in a restructuring, under which sub-subsidiary IKKA Holdings purchased from Gold Market Investments Limited, Ability I Venture Capital Corporation, and affiliate Abico Asia Capital 100% of the shares of Sol-Plus (HK) Ltd. (the "Share Transaction"), and indirectly inquired its subsidiaries in Japan and Thailand. The consideration of this Share Transaction was shares, which was 2,105 new shares issued by IKKA Holdings, and cash, which was US\$3,500 thousand paid by IKKA Holdings. The Share Transaction recordation with the competent authority has taken effect, and the effective date of the Share Transaction was September 1, 2022.
- Note 6: For requirements of operational strategic, on July 20, 2022 ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd. entered into an agreement with Anatole Investment Management Limited to acquire 542 thousand shares of Aabiking International Inc., for a consideration of \$5,421. After the transfer, ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd. holds 81.42% shareholding in Aabiking International Inc.
- Note 7: Ability Int'l in August 2022 acquired 25% shareholding in Ability Biotech Co., Ltd. for a consideration of \$891. As of December 31, 2022, Ability Int'l holds 100% shareholding in Ability Biotech Co., Ltd.
- Note 8: ABICO Living Robot Co., Ltd. in March 2022 conducted a cash capital increase, the amount of the increase was \$1,800, with Ability Int'l subscribing to \$400, and after the capital increase it holds 50% shareholding in ABICO Living Robot Co., Ltd.
- Note 9: The Group invested in the establishment of Abico Capital Co., Ltd. in the second quarter of 2021, with a paid-in capital of NT\$20,000 thousand and 100% shareholding.
- Note 10: Abico Capital Co., Ltd. conducted a cash capital increase in September 2022 in the amount of \$10,000, with the Group subscribing to the entirety, and after the capital increase it has a 100% shareholding.
- Note 11: Seinoh Optical Co., Ltd in the fourth quarter of 2022 purchased 180 thousand common shares of S&G Global Inc. at a price of 10 dollars per share, for a total of \$1,800 thousands, and holds 60% of the issued shares of S&G Global Inc. From the

date of obtaining control, it will be included in the consolidated financial statements.

- 3. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- 4. Adjustment and treatment methods of subsidiaries' different accounting periods: None.
- 5. Major restrictions: None.
- 6. Subsidiaries with non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:
  - (1) Information on non-controlling interests that are material to the Group and the subsidiaries:

		Non-controlling interests					
		December 31		r 31, 2022	December 31, 202		r 31, 2021
Name of subsidiary	Principal business premises		Amount	Shareholding		Amount	Shareholding
Ability I	Taiwan	\$	97,113	49.70%	\$	208,725	49.70%
ABICO NetCom	Taiwan		970,711	86.36%		952,782	86.36%

(2) Aggregate subsidiary financial information:

#### **Balance Sheet**

		ABILITY I			
	De	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Current assets	\$	152,755	\$	305,432	
Non-current assets		45,745		130,955	
Current liabilities	(	65)	(	15,879)	
Non-current liabilities				_	
Total assets, net	\$	198,435	\$	420,508	
	ABICO NetCom and its subsidiaries				
	December 31,			December 31,	
	Φ.	2022	Φ.	2021	
Current assets	\$	1,669,802	\$	1,818,736	
Non-current assets		880,919		719,915	
Current liabilities	(	1,178,760)	(	1,171,938)	
Non-current liabilities	(	270,371)	(	284,020)	
Total assets, net	\$	1,101,590	\$	1,082,693	

### Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Ability I				
20		2022		2021	
Income	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	
Net income (loss) before tax	(\$	18,587)	\$	11,309	
Income tax (expense) income	(	13)		53	
Net income (loss) for this period	(	18,600)		11,362	
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	(	13,605)	(	26,201)	
Total comprehensive income for this period	(	32,205)	(\$	14,839)	
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	(\$	16,006)	(\$	7,375)	
	ABICO Nete				
			A	djustment	
		2022	(1	Note) 2021	
Income	\$	2,552,952	\$	2,573,161	
Net income before tax	\$	122,622	\$	109,147	
Income tax expense	(	58,896)	(	28,061)	
Net income for this period		63,726		81,086	
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		14,145		15,653	
Total comprehensive income for this period	\$	77,871	\$	96,739	
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	\$	30,411	\$	27,547	
Statements of Cash Flows					
	Ability I				
		2022	2021		
Net cash inflow from operating activities	\$	171,041	\$	289,831	
Net cash outflow from investing activities		-		-	
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(	197,944)	(	290,700)	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents for this period	(	26,903)	(	869)	
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents		29,595		30,464	
Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,692	\$	29,595	

#### ABICO NetCom and its subsidiaries After Adjustment 2022 (Note) 2021 305,038 \$ Net cash inflow from operating activities 13,427 Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities 129,676) 168,889 Net cash outflow from financing activities 147,652) 130,224) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 5,749 6,658 Increase in cash and cash equivalents for this 33,459 58,750 609,186 Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents 550,436

\$

\$

609,186

642,645

Note: In May 2021 ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd. sold its 14.46% shareholdings in its subsidiary Honlynn Co., Ltd. to its parent company ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. for an all-cash consideration. Meanwhile, Honlynn Co., Ltd. held elections for its directors and supervisors, and as a result, ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd. lost its controlling interest in Honlynn Co., Ltd. by failing to secure more than half of the director seats. As this transaction was a group restructuring under common control, ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd. is deemed disposed of from the beginning, and the financial reporting for the relevant period should be retroactively restated. However, the above transaction has no impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

#### (IV) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### 1. Foreign currency transactions and balances

Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents

- (1) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (2) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (3) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-

monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

(4) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "other gains and losses".

#### 2. Translation of foreign operations

- (1) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - A. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - B. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - C. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (2) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- (3) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

#### (V) Classification of current and non-current items

- 1. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (1) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (2) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (3) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (4) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the

balance sheet date.

- 2. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (1) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
  - (2) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (3) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (4) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

## (VI) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

### (VII) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- 1. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- 2. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- 3. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- 4. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

### (VIII) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- 1. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- 2. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- 3. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will

flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (IX) Financial assets at amortised cost

- 1. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
  - (1) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
  - (2) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- 2. The Group adopts trade date accounting for financial assets measured at amortized cost in compliance with transaction practices.
- 3. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- 4. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

### (X) Accounts and notes receivable

- 1. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- 2. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (XI) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost including accounts receivable that has a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable that does not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (XII) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- 1. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- 2. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- 3. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred;

however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

## (XIII) <u>Leasing arrangements(lessor)- operating leases</u>

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### (XIV) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (XV) Investments accounted for using equity method- associates

- 1. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- 2. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- 3. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in "capital surplus" in proportion to its ownership.
- 4. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- 5. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then "capital surplus" and "investments accounted for under the equity method" shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

- 6. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.
- 7. Where the Group disposes of an affiliate and if it loses significant influence on the affiliate, for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income related to the affiliate, the accounting treatment is on the same basis as if the Group directly disposes of the relevant assets or liabilities, that is, the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income will be reclassified to profit or loss when the relevant assets or liabilities are disposed of, so when the significant influence on the associate is lost, the gains or losses will be reclassified from equity to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- 8. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

#### (XVI) Property, plant and equipment

- 1. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- 2. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- 3. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- 4. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors", from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	$2 \sim 65 \text{ years}$
Machinery and equipment	$1 \sim 17 \text{ years}$
Transportation equipment	$2 \sim 10 \text{ years}$
Office equipment	$1 \sim 16 \text{ years}$

**Leasehold assets**  $1 \sim 10 \text{ years}$ 

# **Other equipment** $1 \sim 20 \text{ years}$

#### (XVII) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) – right-of-use assets / lease liabilities</u>

- 1. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- 2. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- 3. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
  - (1) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
  - (2) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
  - (3) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
  - (4) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

#### (XVIII) Investment Property

Investment property is recognized at acquisition cost and subsequently measured using the cost model. Except for land, depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of 50 years.

#### (XIX) Intangible assets

- 1. Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.
- 2. The customer relationship rights are acquired through acquisition due to business combination and are amortized on a straight-line basis. The amortization period is 5–7 years.
- 3. Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 1 to 10 years.

4. Royalty is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 1–5 years.

#### (XX) Impairment of non-financial assets

- 1. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- 2. The recoverable amounts of goodwill, intangible assets with an indefinite useful life and intangible assets that have not yet been available for use are evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- 3. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units (identified by the operating segments), that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination.

#### (XXI) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (XXII) Notes and accounts payable

- 1. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- 2. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (XXIII) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

### (XXIV) Employee benefits

#### 1. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

#### 2. Pensions

#### (1) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### (2) Defined benefit plans

- A. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead. Because the estimated value and the simple calculation method can provide a reliable approximation as actuarially valuated, the defined benefit costs of some of the Group's subsidiaries are simply calculated based on their defined benefit plans.
- B. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- C. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 3. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

## 4. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

#### (XXV) Income tax

- 1. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- 2. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- 3. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- 4. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- 5. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## (XXVI) Share capital

- 1. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- 2. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

#### (XXVII) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

All or part of the dividends and bonuses payable, capital surplus, or legal reserve shall be paid out in cash with majority approval at a board meeting attended by over two-thirds of the directors, which shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting, while the provisions in the preceding paragraph that a resolution by the shareholders meeting shall be required do not apply.

#### (XXVIII) Revenue recognition

#### 1. Sales of goods

- (1) Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (2) Sales revenue is recognized at the contract prices, less estimated sales discounts. Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that no significant reversal will occur in the future, and the Group updates the estimate at each balance sheet date. The payment terms for sales transactions usually expire 60 to 120 days after the date the control is transferred. As the period between the transfer of the promised goods to the clients and the payments by the clients has not exceeded one year, the Company did not adjust transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- (3) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### 2. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

Given that the contractual period lasts less than one year, the Group recognises the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred although the Group expects to recover those costs.

#### (XXIX) Business combinations

1. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination,

the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.

2. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquireir recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquirition date.

## (XXX) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

## V. Key Sources of Uncertainty over Critical Accounting Judgments, Assumptions, and Estimation

During the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the management has exercised its judgments to adopt the accounting policies to be used, and made accounting estimates and assumptions based on reasonable expectations of future events with reference to the circumstances at the balance sheet date. If there is any difference between any critical accounting estimates and assumption made and actual results, assessment and adjustment will be conducted continuously by taking into account the historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next fiscal year. Please refer to the description of the uncertainties of critical accounting judgments, assumptions, and estimation uncertainty below:

(I) Critical judgments for applying the Group's accounting policies

None.

#### (II) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

## 1. Estimated impairment of financial assets

The estimated impairment of accounts receivable is based on the Group's assumptions about default and estimated losses. The Group makes an assumption and selects an input of impairment assessed as per historical experience, current market conditions, and forward-looking information. Please refer to Note 12(3) for the critical assumptions and inputs adopted. If the actual cash flow in the future is less than expected, there may be significant impairment losses.

#### 2. Valuation of inventories

As the Group should exercise judgment and carry out estimation to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the balance sheet date as inventory should be measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Due to rapid changes in technology, the Group recognizes a loss at a net realizable value after assessing the amount of the inventory worn and torn normally, obsolete, or damaged on the balance sheet date, as well as the market sales value. This inventory valuation is conducted mainly based on the estimated product demand over a specific period in the future, so there may be significant changes.

#### VI. Details of Significant Account Titles

#### (I) Cash and cash equivalents

		nber 31, 022	December 31, 2021		
Cash on hand	\$	12,664	\$	10,420	
Checks and demand deposits	2,	697,781		2,951,872	
Time deposits (a duration of less than three months)		792,342		453,645	
	\$ 3,	502,787	\$	3,415,937	

- 1. The financial institutions the Group deals with have high credit ratings. The Group also deals with various financial institutions at the same time to diversify credit risks. Therefore, the expected risk of default is rather low. Thus, the Group measures an allowance for loss based on the 12-month expected credit losses. The Group did not set aside an allowance for losses for 2022 and 2021.
- 2. The Group did not have cash and cash equivalents pledged.

### (II) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	December 31,	December 31,		
Item	2022	2021		
Current items:				
Equity instruments	\$ 184,611	\$ 322,044		
Debt instruments	732,681	987,153		
Fund beneficiary certificates	110,929	93,500		
	\$ 1,028,221	\$ 1,402,697		
Item	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Non-current items:				
Equity instruments	\$ 200,394	\$ 252,312		
Fund beneficiary certificates	25,358	16,544		
	\$ 225,752	\$ 268,856		

- 1. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include the following:
  - (1) Equity instruments include TWSE/TPEx listed non-TWSE/TPEx listed stocks and

- stocks in the emerging stock market.
- (2) Debt instruments include principal-guaranteed and non-principal-guaranteed wealth management products.
- (3) Fund beneficiary certificates include open-end funds and private investment funds.
- 2. The details of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss recognized in profit or loss are as follows:

	2022			2021
Equity instruments	(\$	56,522)	\$	5,867
Debt instruments		14,021		5,874
Fund beneficiary certificates	(	8,867)	(	8,371)
	(\$	51,368)	\$	3,370

- 3. The Group did not pledge financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.
- 4. Please refer to Notes 12(3) and (4) for more information on the price risk and fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.
- (III) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income non-current

	Dec	ember 31,	De	cember 31,	
Item		2022		2021	
Equity instruments	\$	574,336	\$	349,495	

1. The details of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:

		2022	2021		
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Movement in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	80,927	(\$	90,120)	
Cumulative gains (losses) transferred to retained earnings due to derecognition	(\$	74,626)	\$	131,727	

- 2. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, regardless of the collateral held and other credit enhancements, the maximum amounts of the exposure to the credit risk arising from the Group's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are their carrying amounts.
- 3. The Group did not pledge financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- 4. Please refer to Notes 12(3) and (4) for more information on the price risk and fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

### (IV) Financial assets at amortised cost

		eember 31, 2022	Dec	cember 31, 2021
Current items:				
Time deposits (a duration of more than three months)	\$	154,171	\$	463,725
Capital-guaranteed and income-guaranteed wealth management products		330,600		-
	\$	484,771	\$	463,725
Interest rate range	0.08%~4.25%		0.20%~4.20	
Non-current items:				_
Time deposits	\$	401,735	\$	260,197
Corporate Bonds		11,067		_
	\$	412,802	\$	260,197
Interest rate range	0.2	3%~4.35%	0.2	0%~3.54%

- 1. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, regardless of the collateral held and other credit enhancements, the maximum amounts of the exposure to the credit risk arising from the Group's financial assets at amortized cost are their carrying amounts.
- 2. Please refer to Note 8 for details of the financial assets at amortized cost pledged by the Group.
- 3. The Group classifies time deposits with a duration of more than three months as financial assets at amortized cost. The financial institutions the Group deals with have high credit ratings. Therefore, the expected risk of default is rather low. Thus, the Group measures an allowance for loss based on the 12-month expected credit losses. The Group did not set aside an allowance for losses for 2022 and 2021.

## (V) Notes and accounts receivable

	De	2022	De	ecember 31, 2021
Notes receivable	\$	61,500	\$	59,555
Allowance for losses - notes receivable	(	278)	(	299)
	\$	61,222	\$	59,256
Accounts receivable	\$	2,033,890	\$	2,383,775
Allowance for losses - accounts receivable	(	74,017)	(	35,272)
	\$	1,959,873	\$	2,348,503
Accounts receivable - related parties	\$	54,835	\$	60,120
Allowance for losses - accounts receivable -related parties	(	79)	(	98)
	\$	54,756	\$	60,022

1. The aging analysis of accounts and notes receivable is as follows:

	December	31, 2022	December	31, 2021	
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	
Not past due	\$ 1,910,675	\$ 61,500	\$ 2,294,784	\$ 59,555	
1-90 days	101,504	-	117,672	-	
More than 90 days	76,546	<u>-</u>	31,439	<u> </u>	
	\$ 2,088,725	\$ 61,500	\$ 2,443,895	\$ 59,555	

The aging analysis stated above is based on the number of overdue days.

- 2. The balances of notes and accounts receivable as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were all generated from customer contracts. In addition, the balance of accounts receivable from customer contracts on January 1,2021 was \$2,435,731.
- 3. The Group did not pledge notes and accounts receivable.
- 4. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, regardless of the collateral held and other credit enhancements, the maximum amounts of the exposure to the credit risk arising from the Group's notes and accounts receivable are their carrying amounts.
- 5. Daiichi Kasei, a sub-subsidiary of the Group, has signed accounts receivable factoring contracts with several financial institutions in Japan. Daiichi Kasei, depending on the amount of its working capital, decided to factor the accounts receivable to financial institutions without recourse or not to factor them. The Group's model for managing such receivables is to collect contractual cash flows and sell financial assets, so such accounts receivable are financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- 6. The Group plans to factor accounts receivable of \$88,320 and \$95,522 on December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which belong to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and are accounted for under accounts receivable.
- 7. Please refer to Note 12(3) for the information on the credit risk of accounts and notes receivable.

#### (VI) Transfer of financial assets

The information on the Group's derecognition of accounts receivable is as follows:

As of December 31, 2022: None.

 December 31, 2021								
Amount of accounts receivable		mount	Атош	nt advanced	Amount avails		Interest rate range of amount advanced (%)	
 receivable	uere	cognized	Amoul	it auvanceu	to be advance	eu	advanced (70)	
\$ 2,614	\$	2,614	\$	2,614	\$		0.67~1.48	

1. The banks that the Group deals with include DBL Factoring Corporation, the Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, SMBC Finance Service Co., Ltd., Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Ltd., the Joyo Bank, Ltd., Accretive Co., Ltd., Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd., LIXIL Group Finance Corporation, and Ricoh Leasing Company, Ltd., Densai. Net Co., Ltd., and

Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation (China) Ltd.

- 2. According to the agreements, except for the losses arising from commercial disputes (such as sales returns or discounts), which shall be borne by the Group, the losses arising from credit risks shall be borne by such banks.
- 3. The Group did not provide any collateral to such banks.

## (VII) Inventories

	December 31, 2022						
		Costs		owance for valuation losses	Carrying amount		
Raw materials	\$	578,264	(\$	77,000)	\$	501,264	
Work in progress		350,915	(	30,537)		320,378	
Finished goods		847,153	(	124,220)		722,933	
	\$	1,776,332	(\$	231,757)	\$	1,544,575	
		]	Decem	nber 31, 2021			
		Costs	Allowance for valuation sts losses			Carrying amount	
Raw materials	\$	596,584	(\$	55,743)	\$	540,841	
Work in progress		498,371	(	89,121)		409,250	
Finished goods		1,102,464	(	112,999)		989,465	
	\$	2,197,419	(\$	257,863)	\$	1,939,556	
The Group's inventory cost recognized	in ex	spenses in this	period	1:			
				2022		2021	
Cost of inventory sold			\$	8,894,634	\$	10,019,304	
Loss from scrapping of inventory				30,934		14,309	
Inventory valuation loss				13,955		20,545	
Income from the sale of scraps			(	25,061)	(	33,259)	

\$ 8,914,462

\$ 10,020,899

# (VIII) Investments accounted for using the equity method

		2022	2021		
At January 1	\$	848,987	\$	687,031	
New investments accounted for using the equity method		225,096		125,526	
Disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method	(	21,665)		-	
Consolidation of investments accounted for using the equity method		50,078		-	
Capital reduction and return of share capital for investments accounted for using the equity method	(	72,400)		-	
Share of profit or loss on investment accounted for using the equity method	(	16,982)		42,338	
Earnings distributed from investments accounted for using the equity method	(	44,949)	(	29,303)	
Movement in capital surplus		1,360	(	1,955)	
Movement in retained earnings		27,466		8,701	
Movement in other equity	(	27,632)		17,017	
Impairment loss	(	3,278)	(	3,000)	
Others	(	35,925)		2,632	
At December 31	\$	930,156	\$	848,987	
	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Dec	eember 31, 2021	
Affiliates:					
Ability Enterprise Co., Ltd.	\$	513,432	\$	277,128	
ABICO Asia Capital Corporation		354,661		462,573	
G-YEN HUTONG CO., LTD.		61,622		54,330	
Enertec Corp.		441		461	
ABICO R&D Co., Ltd.		-		5,461	
ABICO Plus Entertainment Limited		-		-	
DR.Chip Biotech, Inc.		-		51,027	
Ilens International Co., Ltd.		4,931		8,449	
Less: Unrealized gains on transactions between affiliates	(	4,931)	(	10,442)	
	\$	930,156	\$	848,987	

# 1. The aggregated financial information on the Group's material affiliates is as follows:

Balance Sheet	ABICO Asia
	December 31, December 31 2022 2021
Current assets	\$ 991,760 \$ 967,27
Non-current assets	815,100 1,349,06
Current liabilities	( 70,364) ( 18,984
Non-current liabilities	( 5,844) ( 33,749
Total assets, net	\$ 1,730,652 \$ 2,263,600
Book values of affiliates	\$ 354,661 \$ 462,57
Balance Sheet	Ability Enterprise
	December 31, December 31 2022 2021
Current assets	\$ 2,620,994 \$ 1,728,30
Non-current assets	4,923,555 6,741,22
Current liabilities	( 1,285,227) ( 2,121,980
Non-current liabilities	( 21,423) ( 32,490
Total assets, net	\$ 6,237,899 \$ 6,315,06
Book values of affiliates	\$ 513,432 \$ 277,12
Statement of Comprehensive Income	ABICO Asia
	2022 2021
Income	\$ <u>-</u>
Net income (loss) for this period	(\$ 108,054) \$ 92,518
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	58,041 120,382
Total comprehensive income for this period	(\$ 50,013) \$ 212,900
Statement of Comprehensive Income	Ability Enterprise
Statement of Comprehensive Moonie	2022 2021
Income	\$ 3,355,316 \$ 2,230,373
Net income (loss) for this period	\$ 135,363 \$ 684,119
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	44,909 136,942
Total comprehensive income for this period	\$ 180,272 \$ 821,061

2. The carrying amounts and the share of operating performance of the Group's affiliates that are individually immaterial are aggregated below:

The carrying amounts of the Group's affiliates that are individually immaterial as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 are \$62,063 and \$109,286, respectively.

		2022	2021		
Net loss for this period	(\$	21,341)	(\$	41,210)	
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		5,284	(	14,544)	
Total comprehensive income for this period	(\$	16,057)	(\$	55,754)	

- 3. The Group's share of profit or loss on affiliates recognized using the equity method for 2022 and 2021 was a loss of \$16,982 and a profit of \$42,338, respectively.
- 4. The Group holds 20.34% of the equity in ABICO Asia as its single largest shareholder. As the Group has no intention and no ability to decide on its relevant activities, it is judged that the Group has no control over the company and only has a significant influence.
- 5. ABICO Asia in March 2022 made a cash capital reduction of 20% and refunded the amount of \$72,400, which was reduced from the equity method investment.
- 6. This Group's subsidiary ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd. disposed of its DR.Chip BIOTECH shares in June 2022 in several transactions, on June 10, 2022 its shareholding fell to 11.23%, the disposal proceeds of \$28,049 and the difference with the carrying amount for that enterprise of \$6,533 was recorded as a gain on disposal of investment. Upon the loss of significant influence, the asset will be reclassified at fair value through other comprehensive income, and the difference between its fair value and carry amount of \$5,019 was recorded as an investment gain.
- 7. ILens International Co., Ltd. on December 30, 2022 conducted a capital reduction to eliminate accumulated losses, reducing its capital by 80%, and following the capital reduction the Group's subsidiary ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd. held 400 thousand shares; on December 31, 2022 ILens International Co., Ltd. conducted a cash capital increase of 25,000 thousand dollars, and ABICO NetCom Co., Ltd. subscribed to 1,000 thousand shares at 10 dollars per share, for \$10,000, and after the capital increase it held 1,400 thousand shares, for a shareholding of 40.00%.
- 8. In 2022 and 2021 the Group recognized the recoverable amount from ILens International Co., Ltd. to be below the carrying value, and recorded an impairment loss of \$3,278 and \$3,000, and as of December 31, 2022, the accumulated impairment loss is \$6,278.
- 9. In December 2022 this Group disposed of 100% of its shares in ABICO R&D. The difference between the carrying value and the disposal proceeds of \$4,891 was recorded as an investment loss of \$277.
- 10. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to Abico Plus Entertainment Limited, and the carrying value of the investment loss is recorded as zero.

# (IX) Property, plant and equipment

		Land		Buildings and structures		Machinery and equipment		nsportatio quipment	e	Office quipment		Others	_	Total
January 1, 2022														
Costs		\$871,378		\$1,574,593		\$4,977,959	\$	85,859		\$ 262,306		\$1,841,624	9	\$ 9,613,719
Accumulated depreciation			(	1,158,825)	(	3,846,109)	(	52,893)	(	223,384)	(	1,239,144)	(	6,520,355)
•	\$	871,378	\$	415,768	\$	1,131,850	\$	32,966	\$	38,922	\$	602,480	\$	3,093,364
2022			-											
Opening balance	\$	871,378	\$	415,768	\$	1,131,850	\$	32,966	\$	38,922	\$	602,480	\$	3,093,364
Additions		_		10,438		125,700		4,266		10,144		169,855		320,403
Reclassification		_		615		16,970		-		1,781		99,581		118,947
Disposal and scrapping		_	(	6)	(	21,184)	(	261)	(	3,581)	(	1,035)	(	26,067)
Depreciation expense		_	(	29,569)	(	270,329)	(	8,141)	(	18,505)	(	223,143)	(	549,687)
Impairment loss		_		-	(	8,527)		-		-		-	(	8,527)
Net exchange														
difference	(	4,603)	_	11,381	_	17,456		218	(	436)	_	2,144		26,160
Ending balance	\$	866,775	\$	408,627	\$	991,936	\$	29,048	\$	28,325	\$	649,882	\$	2,974,593
December 31, 2022														
Costs	\$	866,775	\$	1,581,087	\$	4,903,266	\$	86,734	\$	274,229	\$	1,962,414	\$	9,674,505
Accumulated depreciation and			(	1,172,460)	(	3,911,330)	(	57,686)	(	245,904)	(	1,312,532)	(	6,699,912)
impairment	\$	866,775	\$		\$		\$	29,048	\$	28,325	-\$		_	
	3	800,773	2	408,627	3	991,936	3	29,048	<u>\$</u>	28,323	3	649,882	3	2,974,593
		Land		Buildings and structures		Machinery and equipment		nsportatio quipment	e	Office quipment		Others		Total
January 1, 2021														
Costs	\$	926,519	\$	1,717,488	\$	5,299,245	\$	83,886	\$	261,619	\$	1,720,948	\$	10,009,705
Accumulated														
depreciation			(	1,260,719)	(	3,965,616)	(	58,487)	(	225,076)	(	1,151,695)	(	6,661,593)
	\$	926,519	\$	456,769	\$	1,333,629	\$	25,399	\$	36,543	\$	569,253	\$	3,348,112
<u>2021</u>														
Opening balance	\$	926,519	\$	456,769	\$	1,333,629	\$	25,399	\$	36,543	\$	569,253	\$	3,348,112
Additions		-		6,386		160,542		17,120		15,760		75,508		275,316
Acquisition due to business combinations						2,044				202		1,394		3,640
Reclassification		_		875		44,003		_		5,041		176,638		226,557
Disposal and scrapping		-	(	948)	(	47,621)	(	2,135)	(	163)	(	441)	(	51,308)
Depreciation expense		_	(	32,746)	(	335,720)	(	7,353)	(	17,681)	(	216,185)	(	609,685)
Impairment Loss		_	(	2,816)	(	628)	(	7,333)	(	17,001)	(	26)	(	3,470)
Net exchange		-	(	2,610)	(	028)		-		-	(	20)	(	3,470)
difference	(	55,141)	(	11,752)	(	24,399)	(	65)	(	780)	(	3,661)	(	95,798)
Ending balance	\$	871,378	\$	415,768	\$	1,131,850	\$	32,966	\$	38,922	\$	602,480	\$	3,093,364
December 31, 2021					-									
Costs	\$	871,378	\$	1,574,593	\$	4,977,959	\$	85,859	\$	262,306	\$	1,841,624	\$	9,613,719
Accumulated depreciation and														
			1	1 150 025)	1	2 8/6 100)	(	52 902)	1	222 2041	1	1 230 144)	1	6 520 255)
impairment	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> 871,378	<u>(</u>	1,158,825) 415,768	<u>(</u>	3,846,109) 1,131,850	<u>(</u>	52,893) 32,966	<u>(</u>	223,384) 38,922	<u>(</u>	1,239,144) 602,480	<u>(</u>	6,520,355) 3,093,364

- 1. The Group elected to use the land revaluation value as the recognized cost on the date of conversion to IFRS. The incremental value included in the land cost in the revaluation was \$46,667 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- 2. Please refer to Note 8 for information on property, plant and equipment pledged as collateral.

#### (X) Leasing arrangements - lessee

- 1. The assets leased by the Group are land, buildings, machinery and equipment, transportation equipment, and other equipment, and the lease terms are usually 3–50 years. The lease contract is negotiated individually and contains various terms and conditions, and no other restrictions are imposed except that the assets leased shall not be used as collateral for loans.
- 2. The lease terms of plants, equipment, cars, and phone systems leased by the Group are not more than 12 months, and the computer equipment leased is a low-value asset.
- 3. The information on the book values of the right-of-use assets and the depreciation expenses recognized is as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
	Carrying amount	Carrying amount
Land	\$ 106,937	\$ 102,479
Buildings	696,577	545,210
Machinery and equipment	16,344	17,438
Transportation equipment	15,934	17,033
Other equipment	954	6,711
	\$ 836,746	\$ 688,871
	2022	2021
	Depreciation expense	Depreciation expense
Land	\$ 3,144	\$ 3,027
Buildings	154,989	141,374
Machinery and equipment	6,677	9,350
Transportation equipment	8,323	7,205
Other equipment	6,014	10,595
	\$ 179,147	\$ 171,551

4. The additions of the Group's right-of-use assets in 2022 and 2021 were \$309,828and \$193,130, respectively.

5. Information on the profit or loss items related to lease contracts is as follows:

	2022			2021		
Items that affect current profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	17,862	\$	15,885		
Expenses on short-term lease contracts		19,129		29,580		
Expenses on low-value assets leased		13,494		2,643		
Lease modification gain	(	1,037)	(	26,157)		

- 6. The Group's total cash outflows from leases in 2022 and 2021 were \$216,913 and \$210,053, respectively.
- 7. The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets subleased as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$121,943 and \$131,407 respectively, and the rental income received during 2022 and 2021 were \$14,017 and \$9,972 respectively.

## (XI) Investment Property

	Land		Ві	ıildings	Total		
<u>January I, 2022</u>							
Cost	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		<u>-</u>				_	
	\$	_	\$		\$	-	
<u>2022</u>		_		_			
Opening Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Addition-From Purchase		47,036		11,171		58,207	
Depreciation expense		<u>-</u>	(	18)	(	18)	
Ending Balance	\$	47,036	\$	11,153	\$	58,189	
December 31, 2022							
Cost	\$	47,036	\$	11,171	\$	58,207	
Accumulated depreciation							
and impairment		<u>=</u>	(	18)	(	18)	
_	\$	47,036	\$	11,153	\$	58,189	

1. Rental income and direct operating expenses of investment property:

	2(	)22
Rental income from investment Property	\$	
Direct operating expenses incurred by investment property that generates rental income in the period	\$	18

2022

- 2. The fair value of the Group's investment properties could not be reliably determined. After searching the website of the Real Estate Transaction Search Service of the Ministry of Interior and Lands, the fair value of the Group's investment properties as of December 31, 2022 was approximately \$51,012 to \$63,222, as evaluated by referring to the actual transaction information in the neighboring areas.
- 3. The lease is mainly for commercial use, and the main contents of the lease agreements are the same as those of a general lease.

## (XII) Intangible assets

	G	oodwill		ustomer ationship rights		omputer oftware		Others		Total
January 1, 2022										
Costs	\$	141,795	\$	82,428	\$	88,666	\$	-	\$	312,889
Accumulated amortization		-	(	78,885)	(	70,661)		-	(	149,546)
Accumulated impairment	(	23,378)						<u>-</u>	(	23,378)
	\$	118,417	\$	3,543	\$	18,005	\$		\$	139,965
2022										
Opening balance	\$	118,417	\$	3,543	\$	18,005	\$	-	\$	139,965
Additions		_		-		4,263		-		4,263
Acquisition due to business combinations		-		8,380		-		27,247		35,627
Reclassification	(	12,464)		5,350		4,469		7,159		4,469
Amortization expense		-	(	5,066)	(	9,888)	(	1,536)	(	16,490)
Impairment loss	(	2,040)		-		-		-	(	2,040)
Net exchange difference		<u>-</u>		5		55		<u>-</u>		60
Ending balance	\$	103,913	\$	12,167	\$	16,904	\$	32,870	\$	165,854
December 31, 2022										
Costs	\$	127,183	\$	89,061	\$	96,887	\$	34,417	\$	347,548
Accumulated amortization		-	(	76,894)	(	79,983)	(	1,547)	(	158,424)
Accumulated impairment	(	23,270)		<u> </u>					(	23,270)
	\$	103,913	\$	12,167	\$	16,904	\$	32,870	\$	165,854

	Goodwill	Customer relationship rights	Computer software	Total
January 1, 2021				
Costs	\$ 124,179	\$ 93,710	\$ 83,329	\$ 301,218
Accumulated amortization	-	( 76,180)	( 71,324)	( 147,504)
Accumulated impairment	( 19,190)			( 19,190)
	\$ 104,989	\$ 17,530	\$ 12,005	\$ 134,524
2021				
Opening balance	\$ 104,989	\$ 17,530	\$ 12,005	\$ 134,524
Additions	-	-	14,614	14,614
Acquisition due to business combinations	17,616	12	-	17,628
Reclassification	-	-	148	148
Amortization expense	-	( 12,652)	( 8,420)	( 21,072)
Impairment loss	( 4,188)	-	-	( 4,188)
Net exchange difference		( 1,347)	( 342)	( 1,689)
Ending balance	\$ 118,417	\$ 3,543	\$ 18,005	\$ 139,965
December 31, 2021				
Costs	\$ 141,795	\$ 82,428	\$ 88,666	\$ 312,889
Accumulated amortization	-	( 78,885)	( 70,661)	( 149,546)
Accumulated impairment	( 23,378)	<del>_</del> _		( 23,378)
	\$ 118,417	\$ 3,543	\$ 18,005	\$ 139,965

Goodwill is tested for impairment on the balance sheet date, and the recoverable amount is estimated based on value in use. The value in use is calculated based on the cash flows of the Group's financial budgets for the next five years, and the main assumption adopted for calculating the value in use is as follows:

	2022	2021
Operating profit margin	2.60%~11.08%	2.71%~11.19%
Growth/Decline rate	-10.00%~2.00%	-10.00%~5.26%
Discount rate	4.59%~16.72%	5.73%~16.72%

All assumptions are developed based on the future trends in relevant industries and the internal and external historical information.

## (XIII) Other non-current assets

	Dece	December 31, 2021			
Guarantee deposits paid	\$	96,359	\$	89,767	
Prepayments for business facilities		53,851		37,990	
Prepayments for investments		15,400		-	
Others		24,115		13,004	
Subtotal		189,725		140,761	
Overdue payments		91,596		110,519	
Less: Allowance for losses	_(	91,596)	(	110,519)	
Subtotal		_		-	
Total	\$	189,725	\$	140,761	
Short-term borrowings					

# (XIV)

Category of borrowings	December 31, 2022		De	ecember 31, 2021
Bank borrowings				_
Unsecured borrowings	\$	2,226,457	\$	2,174,623
Secured borrowings		131,472		146,716
	\$	2,357,929	\$	2,321,339
Interest rate range	0	59%~5.95%	0.5	54%~5.21%

Please refer to Note 8 for details of the collateral for the above short-term borrowings.

# (XV) Short-term notes payable

	Dec	December 31, 2021		
Short-term notes payable	\$	30,000	\$	90,000
Less: Discount for short-term notes payable	(	15)	(	91)
	\$	29,985	\$	89,909
Interest rate range		1.40%	1.09	9%~1.11%

# (XVI) Other payables

	I	December 31, 2022	De	ecember 31, 2021
Salary and year-end bonuses payable	\$	313,349	\$	372,911
Remuneration payable to employees and		0.4.00		
directors and supervisors		84,005		106,317
Business tax payable		61,024		55,877
Utilities and freight payable		25,407		28,956
Pensions Payable		19,701		20,109
Packaging, import declaration, and				
processing factory fees payable		18,441		48,849
Business facilities payable		15,778		12,561
Service payment payable		12,108		13,263
Others		180,097		223,323
	\$	729,910	\$	882,166

## (XVII) Long-term borrowings

Category of borrowings	Borrowing period	Interest rate range	December 31, 2022
Secured borrowings	2005.10~2033.9	0.62%~2.63%	\$ 766,238
Unsecured borrowings	2018.9~2031.3	0.65%~4.00%	1,197,921
			1,964,159
Less: Long-term borrowings - current portion			( 230,849) \$ 1,733,310
Category of borrowings	Borrowing period	Interest rate range	December 31, 2021
Secured borrowings	2005.10~2033.9	0.59%~2.13%	\$ 623,378
Unsecured borrowings	2018.9~2031.3	1.14%~4.00%	1,349,673
			1,937,051
Less: Long-term borrowings - current portion			( 272,596) \$ 1,700,455

Please refer to Note 8 for details of the collateral for the above long-term borrowings.

#### (XVIII) Other non-current liabilities

	December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021		
Net defined benefit liability	\$	208,736	\$	231,722		
Guarantee deposits received		21,211		14,195		
Others		7,615		7,028		
	\$	237,562	\$	252,945		

#### (XIX) Pensions

- 1. (1) The Company's subsidiaries, Jabon International, ABICO NetCom, AVY, and Honlynn established the defined benefit pension regulations in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Standards Act, which applied to all formal employees who were employed prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and to the formal employees who still chose the old fund mechanism under the Labor Standards Act after the Labor Pension Act took effect. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are granted for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units granted and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Group makes a contribution equal to a certain percentage of the total salaries per month as a pension fund and deposits it to the designated account in the name of the Labor Pension Funds Supervisory Committee at the Bank of Taiwan. In addition, the Group assesses the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, per year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Group will make contributions to make up for the deficit by March 31 of the following year.
  - (2) Amounts recognized in balance sheet are as follows:

		ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	26,787)	(\$	30,441)	
Fair value of plan asset		16,802		15,713	
Net defined benefit liability	(\$	9,985)	(\$	14,728)	

# (3) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

2022	Present value of defined benefit obligations			value of	Net defined benefit liability		
Balance as at January 1	(\$	30,441)	\$	15,713	(\$	14,728)	
Movement in the consolidated entities		-		-		-	
Recognized in profit or loss:							
Current service cost	(	113)		-	(	113)	
Interest (expense) income	(	208) 321)		110 110	<u>(</u>	98) 211)	
Recognized in comprehensive income:		<u> </u>					
Return on plan asset (excluding amounts included in interest income or expenses)		_		893		893	
Effect of change in financial assumptions		1,711		306		2,017	
Experience adjustments	(	925)		<u>-</u>	(	925)	
		786		1,199		1,985	
Contribution to pension fund		-		2,969		2,969	
Pension paid		3,189	(	3,189)			
Balance as at December 31	(\$	26,787)	\$	16,802	(\$	9,985)	

2021	Present value of defined benefit obligations		Fair value of plan asset		Net defined benefit liability		
Balance as at January 1	(\$	26,415)	\$	12,319	(\$	14,096)	
Movement in the consolidated entities	(	5,636)		1,417	(	4,219)	
Recognized in profit or loss:							
Current service cost	(	247)		-	(	247)	
Interest (expense) income	(	146)		63	(	83)	
meome		6,029)		1,480	(	4,549)	
Recognized in comprehensive income:  Return on plan asset (excluding amounts included in interest income or expenses)				154	Ţ	154	
Effect of change in demographic assumptions	(	331)		-	(	331)	
Effect of change in financial assumptions		1,145		161		1,306	
Experience adjustments	(	411)		_	(	411)	
		403		315		718	
Contribution to pension fund		-		3,199		3,199	
Pension paid		1,600	(	1,600)			
Balance as at December 31	(\$	30,441)	\$	15,713	(\$	14,728)	

(4) The Bank of Taiwan is commissioned to manage the fund of the Group's defined benefit pension plan assets in accordance with the percentages and amount of items as stipulated in the fund's annual investment and utilization plan and Article 6 of the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (i.e. deposits in domestic and foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic and overseas listed equity securities or equity securities through private placement, or investment in domestic and overseas securitization products backed by real estate assets). The relevant utilization status is supervised by the Labor Funds Supervisory Committee. With regard to the utilization of the fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions of the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time

deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, the government shall compensate the deficit after being authorized by the competent authorities. The Group has no right to participate in managing and operating said fund, hence the Group is unable to disclose the classification of the fair value of plan assets in accordance with paragraph 142 of IAS 19. The fair value of the composition of the plan assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 is available in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report announced by the government.

(5) The actuarial assumptions related to pension are as follows:

	2022	2021
Discount rate	1.15%~1.50%	0.63%~0.80%
Future salary increases	1.00%~2.75%	1.00%~2.50%

The assumptions for the future mortality rate are based on the Taiwan Standard Ordinary Experience Mortality Table No. 5.

The analysis of the present value of defined benefit obligations affected by changes in the main actuarial assumptions adopted is as follows:

	Discount rate			Fu	Future salary increases			
		rease 25%		crease 25%		rease 25%		crease 25%
December 31, 2022								
Effect on the present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	556)	\$	573	\$	548	(\$	534)
		Discou	nt rate		Fu	ıture salaı	y incre	ases
		rease 25%		crease 25%		rease 25%		crease 25%
December 31, 2021								
Effect on the present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	674)	\$	695	\$	661	(\$	644)

The sensitivity analysis above is based on the impact of a single assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change at the same time. The method of analyzing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis are the same as those for the prior period.

(6) The Group's estimated contributions to the defined benefit pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2023 amount to \$294.

(7) As of December 31, 2022, the weighted average duration of the pension plan is 2–17.7 years. An analysis of the maturity of pension payments is as follows:

Less than 1 year	\$ 8,306
More than 1 year but less than 5 years	1,239
Over 5 years	 4,161
	\$ 13,706

- 2. (1) The Company's sub-subsidiary, Daiichi Kasei, has formulated a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the applicable Japanese laws and regulations and makes a monthly contribution equal to a certain percentage of the total salary to the pension fund.
  - (2) Amounts recognized in balance sheet are as follows:

	December 31, 2022		December 31 2021	
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	188,028)	(\$	211,580)
Fair value of plan asset		30,107		32,131
Net defined benefit liability	(\$	157,921)	(\$	179,449)

(3) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

2022	of	sent value defined benefit ligations		value of	Net defined benefit liability		
Balance as at January 1	(\$	211,580)	\$	32,131	(\$	179,449)	
Recognized in profit or loss:							
Current service cost	(	8,263)		-	(	8,263)	
Interest (expense)							
income	(	734)		304	(	430)	
	(	8,997)		304	(	8,693)	
Recognized in comprehensive income:							
Experience adjustments		7,119	(	215)		6,904	
		7,119	(	215)		6,904	
Contribution to pension fund		_		1,398		1,398	
Pension paid		18,118	(	2,413)		15,705	
Exchange difference		7,312	(	1,098)		6,214	
Balance as at December 31	(\$	188,028)	\$	30,107	(\$	157,921)	

2021	of	sent value f defined benefit bligations		value of	Net defined benefit liability		
Balance as at January 1	(\$	252,431)	\$	38,371	(\$	214,060)	
Recognized in profit or loss:							
Current service cost	(	9,895)		-	(	9,895)	
Interest (expense) income	(	962)		355	(	607)	
Recognized in comprehensive income:		10,857)		355		10,502)	
Experience adjustments	(	7,672)		222	(	7,450)	
	(	7,672)		222	(	7,450)	
Contribution to pension fund		-		1,622		1,622	
Pension paid		27,643	(	3,558)		24,085	
Exchange difference		31,737	(	4,881)		26,856	
Balance as at December 31	(\$	211,580)	\$	32,131	(\$	179,449)	

(4) The present value of Daiichi Kasei's defined benefit obligations is determined by a qualified actuary, and the actuarial assumptions related to pension are as follows:

	2022	2021
Discount rate	0.74%	0.41%
Future salary increases	1.00%	1.00%

3. (1) Sol-Plus Co., Ltd., a sub-subsidiary of the Company, has formulated a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the regulations under the Small- and Medium-Sized Enterprise Pension System, and makes a monthly contribution to each employee's labor pension account with the entrusted financial institution; the entity in charge of the Small- and Medium-Sized Enterprise Pension System provides it with its pension contributions and each employee's estimated pension per year. The payment for employee pension is made in a lump sum with the funds and the cumulative income in each employee's individual pension account.

- (2) The pension costs recognized by the Group in accordance with the above pension plan for 2022 and 2021 were \$2,484 and \$2,522, respectively. The net defined benefit liabilities as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$17,747 and \$16,004, respectively.
- 4. (1) Hiraiseimitsu (Thailand) Co., Ltd., a sub-subsidiary of the Company, has formulated a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Thai Labor Law, and the pension liabilities were estimated based on employees' length of service and salaries.
  - (2) Amounts recognized in balance sheet are as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021			
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$	23,083)	(\$	21,541)		
Fair value of plan asset						
Net defined benefit liability	(\$	23,083)	(\$	21,541)		

(3) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

2022	of b	ent value defined enefit igations	Fair va plan a		Net defined benefit liability		
January 1	(\$	21,541)	\$	_	(\$	21,541)	
Recognized in profit or loss:							
Current service cost	(	2,568)		-	(	2,568)	
Interest (expense) income	(	<u>600)</u> 3,168)		<u>-</u>	<u>(</u>	600) 3,168)	
Remeasurement:							
Effect of change in demographic assumptions	(	2,525)		<u>-</u>	(	2,525)	
Effect of change in financial assumptions		2,879		_		2,879	
Experience adjustments		2,421				2,421	
		2,775				2,775	
Pension paid		-		-		-	
Exchange difference	(	1,149)			(	1,149)	
December 31	(\$	23,083)	\$		(\$	23,083)	

2021	of t	sent value defined benefit ligations	Fair va plan a		Net defined benefit liability			
January 1	(\$	22,164)	\$	-	(\$	22,164)		
Recognized in profit or loss:								
Current service cost	(	3,048)		-	(	3,048)		
Interest (expense) income	(	420)		_	(	420)		
	(	3,468)		_	(	3,468)		
Remeasurement:								
Effect of change in demographic assumptions	(	1,050)		-	(	1,050)		
Effect of change in financial assumptions		716		-		716		
Experience adjustments		1,992		_		1,992		
		1,658		_		1,658		
Pension paid		_		_		-		
Exchange difference		2,433		_		2,433		
December 31	(\$	21,541)	\$		(\$	21,541)		
The actuarial assumptions rela	ated to	pension are	as follows					
	2022				2021			
Discount rate		3.15%			2.24%	)		
Future salary increases		3.00%			3.00%			

(4)

(5) The analysis of the present value of defined benefit obligations affected by changes in the main actuarial assumptions adopted is as follows:

	Discour	nt rate	Future salary increases					
	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%				
December 31, 2022								
Effect on the present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$ 3,003)	(\$ 3,547)	\$ 3,342	(\$ 2,882)				
December 31, 2021								
Effect on the present value of defined benefit obligations	(\$ 2,874)	\$ 3,418	\$ 3,163	(\$ 2,714)				

The sensitivity analysis above is based on the impact of a single assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change at the same time. The method of analyzing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

(6) As of December 31, 2022, the weighted average duration of the pension plan is 21.69 years. An analysis of the maturity of pension payments is as follows:

Less than 1 year	\$ -
1-5 years	738
5 years or longer	 15,470
	\$ 16,208

- 5. (1) Effective on July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan under the Labor Pension Act, covering all employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the Labor Pension Act, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries make monthly contributions equal to 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts with the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The pension is paid monthly or in lump sum with the funds and the cumulative income in each employee's individual pension account.
  - (2) The subsidiaries of the Group in China make monthly contributions equal to a certain percentage of the local employees' salaries in accordance with the pension system stipulated by the government of the People's Republic of China. Each employee's pension is managed and administered by the government, and the Group has no further obligations other than the monthly contributions.
  - (3) The Group's subsidiaries in regions other than the above ones makes contributions to the pension funds in accordance with the laws and regulations of the countries where they are located.
  - (4) The pension costs recognized by the Group in accordance with the above pension schemes for 2022 and 2021 were \$99,401 and \$86,931, respectively.

#### (XX) Share capital

1. As of December 31, 2022, the Company's authorized capital was \$3,000,000 (including employee stock options, preference shares with stock options, and corporate bonds payable with stock options of \$100,000) and paid-in capital was \$1,699,640, with a par value of NT\$10 per share, and divided into 169,964 thousand shares.

#### 2. Treasury shares

(1) Reasons for the retrieval of shares and the number:

	Unit: thousand shares						
	December 31, 2022						
27	Number of						
Name of company	shares	Carrying amount					
Held by the Company for transfer of the shares to							
employees	1,005	\$	24,059				
Held by subsidiaries	984		5,714				
	1,989	\$	29,773				
	December	r 31, 202	21				
	Number of						
Name of company	shares	Carry	ing amount				
Held by the Company for transfer of the shares to							
employees	1,005	\$	24,059				
Held by subsidiaries	984		5,714				
	1,989	\$	29,773				

- (2) As per the Securities and Exchange Act, the percentage of the issued shares to be repurchased by the Company shall not exceed 10% of its total issued shares, and the total amount of the purchased shares shall not exceed the retained earnings plus the issued shares at a premium and the realized capital surplus.
- (3) As per the Securities and Exchange Act, the treasury shares held by the Company shall not be pledged, nor shall they be entitled to shareholders' rights until they are transferred.
- (4) As per the Securities and Exchange Act, the shares repurchase for transfer to employees shall be transferred within five years from the date of the repurchase. If the shares are not transferred prior to the deadline, the company shall be deemed to have not issued the shares and shall carry out the change registration to cancel the shares. The shares repurchased to maintain the Company's credit and shareholders' equity shall be cancelled by carrying out change registration within six months from the date of the repurchase.
- (5) The Board of Directors, on March 24, 2020, resolved a decision to repurchase treasury shares and transfer them to employees in accordance with Article 28-2 of the Securities and Exchange Act and the Regulations Governing Share Repurchase by Exchange-Listed and OTC-Listed Companies to motivate employees and enhance their

- commitment to the Company. A total of 1,005 thousand shares were repurchased in an amount of \$24,059 between March 27, 2020 and May 22, 2020, and the average repurchase price was NT\$23.94 per share.
- (6) AVY, a subsidiary of the Company, acquired the Company's shares privately offered on October 15, 2004. In 2005, the Company invested in AVY, which became the Company's subsidiary, and its initial shareholding of the Company's shares was regarded as the Company's treasury shares.

#### (XXI) Capital surplus

1. According to the provisions of the Company Act, the capital surplus including the income derived from issuing shares at a premium and from endowments, in addition to being used to compensate deficit, where the Company has no accumulated losses, shall be used to issue new shares or cash in proportion to the shareholders' original shares. In addition, as per the Securities and Exchange Act, where the capital surplus above is allocated for capitalization, the total amount shall not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. The Company shall not use the capital surplus to compensate the capital losses, unless the surplus reserve is insufficient to compensate such losses.

Differences

2. Table of movement in capital surplus

		Issue at a premium	sury share trading	pr es so ac di	between the price of the equity of subsidiary acquired or disposed of and the book value		nanges in wnership terests in osidiaries cognized	Changes in the net equity value of affiliates recognized		Others			Total
January 1, 2022	\$	1,083,461	\$ 351,257	\$	882,599	\$	195,222	\$	1,349	\$	70,480	\$	2,584,368
Cash Dividend	(	50,989)	-		-		-		-		-	(	50,989)
Overdue dividends transferred to capital surplus		-	-		-		-		-		15		15
Adjustments to dividends paid out to subsidiaries		-	296		-		-		-		-		296
Changes in equity of subsidiaries and affiliates		<u> </u>	 				60,421		2,441				62,862
December 31, 2022	\$	1,032,472	\$ 351,553	\$	882,599	\$	255,643	\$	3,790	\$	70,495	\$	2,596,552
		Issue at a premium	isury share trading	be pr si ac di	ifferences tween the rice of the equity of ubsidiary equired or sposed of d the book value	ov int sub	nanges in vnership terests in osidiaries cognized	net va aff	ges in the equity lue of iliates gnized		Others		Total
January 1, 2021	\$	1,083,461	\$ 350,960	\$	882,599	\$	80,295	\$	1,991	\$	70,477	\$	2,469,783
Adjustments to dividends paid out to subsidiaries		-	297		-		-		-		-		297
Overdue dividends transferred to capital surplus		-	-		-		-		-		3		3
Changes in equity of subsidiaries and affiliates		<u>-</u> _	 				114,927	_(	642)				114,285
December 31, 2021	\$	1,083,461	\$ 351,257	\$	882,599	\$	195,222	\$	1,349	\$	70,480	\$	2,584,368

3. The details of trading capital surplus - treasury shares are as follows:

	Dec	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Cumulative gain on the sales of the parent company's stock by subsidiaries	\$	315,408	\$	315,408	
Dividends paid out by the parent company to subsidiaries		37,592		37,296	
Convertible bonds payable repurchased	(	1,447)	(	1,447)	
	\$	351,553	\$	351,257	

# (XXII) Retained earnings

- 1. As per the Articles of Incorporation, where the Company makes a profit for a fiscal year, the profit shall be first used for offsetting a cumulative deficit, setting aside 10% of the remaining profit as a legal reserve unless it has reached the total amount of the Company's paid-in capital, setting aside an amount for or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations or the competent authority's regulations, and then any remaining profit, together with any undistributed retained earnings from the prior period, shall be adopted by the Company's Board of Directors as the basis for making a distribution proposal after an appropriate amount is reserved for business needs. The proposal shall then be resolved at the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of shareholder dividends. All or part of the dividends and bonuses payable, capital surplus, or legal reserve shall be paid out in cash with majority approval at a board meeting attended by over two-thirds of the directors, which shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting, while the provisions in the preceding paragraph that a resolution by the shareholders meeting shall be required do not apply.
- 2. The Company's dividend policy shall be implemented based on its business plan, future capital expenditure plans, budget, and capital needs, to meet shareholders' needs for cash inflows and ensure market competitiveness, of which cash dividends to be paid out shall not be lower than 10% of the total dividends to be paid out to shareholders.
- 3. The legal reserve shall not be used except for compensation of the Company's deficit and issue of new shares or cash in proportion to the shareholders' shareholdings. However, in the case of issue of new shares or cash, it shall only be conducted when such reserve exceeds 25% of the paid-in capital.
- 4. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount may be included in the distributable earnings.
- 5. The shareholders' meeting, on July 15, 2021, resolved a resolution to pay out cash dividends of \$50,989 (approximately NT\$0.3 per share) for earnings distribution for 2020.
- 6. On June 4, 2022, the shareholders' meeting resolved a resolution for the 2021 retained earnings. As the net income in 2021 is insufficient for an allocation for legal reserve and allocation for special reserve, the reserve surplus was not for the time being distributed. In addition, a cash dividend of \$50,989 (approximately NT\$0.3 per share) would be paid out

of capital surplus.

7. The above information on the approval of the Board of Directors and the resolution adopted by the shareholders' meeting regarding earnings distribution is available on the MOPS.

# (XXIII) Non-controlling interests

		2022		2021
Opening balance	\$	2,221,195	\$	1,769,946
Share attributable to non-controlling interests:				
Net income (loss) for this period		123,409		168,902
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	(	18,893)		31,082
Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(	82,492)	(	82,006)
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(	4,813)		10,945
Increase (decrease) in non-controlling interests				
Cash dividends paid out by subsidiaries	(	120,084)	(	82,249)
Subsidiaries' cash capital reduction	(	79,520)	(	144,478)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		34,569	(	139,573)
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(	38,604)		68,103
Changes in non-controlling interests - acquisition through combination and cash capital increase		32,002		620,523
Ending balance	\$	2,066,769	\$	2,221,195
(XXIV)Operating revenue				
		2022		2021
Revenue from customer contracts	\$	10,518,257	\$	11,848,525

1. Please refer to Note 14(2) for the details of revenue from customer contracts.

## 2. Contract liabilities

The contract liabilities related to revenue from customer contracts recognized by the Group are as follows:

		Dec	ember 31, 2022	Dec	cember 31, 2021
	Contract liabilities (advance receipts)	\$	73,141	\$	62,972
(XXV)	<u>Interest income</u>				
			2022		2021
	Interest income	\$	37,805	\$	39,474

# (XXVI) Other income

		2022		2021
Dividend income	\$	25,727	\$	28,534
Rental income		18,678		18,138
Bargain purchase gains		5,667		-
	\$	50,072	\$	46,672
(XXVII) Other gains and losses				
		2022		2021
Proceeds from the disposal of property, plant and				
equipment	\$	25,314	\$	23,204
Gain on disposal of investment		11,275		150
Lease modification gain		1,037		26,157
Disposal benefits of non-current assets held for sell		3,120		-
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		181,669	(	5,607)
Gain (loss) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(	51,368)		3,370
Impairment loss	(	13,745)	(	10,658)
Others		15,292		34,073
	\$	172,594	\$	70,689
(XXVIII) <u>Financial costs</u>				
		2022		2021
Interest expense				
Bank borrowings and others	\$	64,424	\$	63,469
Interest on lease liabilities		17,862		15,885
Other financial expenses		1,001		1,903
	\$	83,287	\$	81,257

# (XXIX) Employee benefits and depreciation and amortization expenses

By function		2022			2021	
By nature	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total
Employee benefit expenses						
Salary and wages	\$1,207,491	\$785,831	\$1,993,322	\$1,488,389	\$806,476	\$2,294,865
Labor and health insurance costs	66,148	68,704	134,852	69,669	73,605	143,274
Pension	49,770	64,187	113,957	45,972	57,781	103,753
Other employment expenses	50,453	35,362	85,815	68,622	40,286	108,908
Depreciation expense	597,251	131,601	728,852	665,230	116,006	781,236
Amortization expense	6,458	10,032	16,490	3,184	17,888	21,072

- Note 1: Labor and health insurance costs include medical insurance and occupational injury insurance borne by subsidiaries in China.
- Note 2: Depreciation expense contains property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.
- 1. As per the Company's Articles of Incorporation, after cumulative losses are deducted from the Company's profit for the year, if there is a balance, no less than 8% and not higher than 12% of the balance shall be set aside for employee remuneration and no higher than 1.5% for directors' remuneration.
- 2. The Company suffered a loss before tax for 2022 so did not estimate employee remuneration and directors' remuneration. The estimated 2021 employee remuneration and directors' remuneration were \$5,317 and \$997, respectively, and the aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary and wages. The amounts for 2021 were estimated at 8% and 1.5% of the year's profit, respectively.
  - The employee remuneration and the directors' remuneration approved by the Board of Directors is consistent with the amounts recognized in the 2021 financial statements.
- 3. The information on employee remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration approved by the Board of Directors is available on the MOPS.

#### (XXX) Income tax

- 1. Income tax expense
  - (1) Components of income tax expenses:

			2022		2021
	Current income tax:				
	Income tax from the current income	\$	165,816	\$	144,408
	Surtax on the undistributed earnings		199		231
	Income tax underestimates for prior years		3,137		13,906
			169,152		158,545
	Deferred tax:				
	The initial generation and reversal of				
	temporary differences	(	19,134)	(	9,184)
	Income tax expense	\$	150,018	\$	149,361
(2)	The amount of income tax related to other compa	rehensiv	e income:		
			2022		2021
	Exchange differences on translation of the foreign operations	\$	7,576	(\$	6,517)
	Changes in the fair values of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive				
	income.		15,009		1,876
	Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations		240		173
		\$	22,825	(\$	4,468)

# 2. Reconciliation between income tax expenses and accounting profits:

		2022		2021
Income tax calculated based on net income before tax at the statutory tax rate	\$	127,185	\$	163,811
Effects of items that should be adjusted according to				
laws		26,345		15,914
Surtax on the undistributed earnings		199		231
Income tax underestimates for prior years		3,137		13,906
Effect of deferred tax assets unrecognized	(	4,285)	(	31,120)
Others	(	2,563)	(	13,381)
Income tax expense	\$	150,018	\$	149,361

# 3. The details of changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are as follows:

						2022				
					Rec	ognized in				
			Reco	gnized in	com	other prehensive	F	xchange		
	J.	anuary 1		it or loss		ncome		ifference	Dece	mber 31
Deferred tax assets:										
Temporary differences:										
Inventory valuation loss	\$	14,723	\$	1,832	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,555
Bad debts		13,432		5,564 92		-		-		18,996
Depreciation expense Loss on investments		3,707		92		-		-		3,799
accounted by using the										
equity method		19,018		4,367		_		-		23,385
Effect of pensions		2,237	(	421)	(	240)		-		1,576
Unrealized losses on										
financial assets at fair value through other										
comprehensive income		3,308		_	(	3,209)		_		99
Impairment loss		13,120		-	`	-		907		14,027
Others		71,170	(	34,632)	(	7,576)		3,285		32,247
Tax loss		19,037		27,092		-	(	1,058)		45,071
Subtotal		159,752		3,894	(	11,025)		3,134		155,755
Deferred tax liabilities:										
Temporary differences:										
Gain on investments										
accounted by using the equity method	(\$	174,864)	(\$	7,146)	\$	_	\$		(\$	182,010)
Acquisition due to	(Φ	17 1,00 1)	(\$	7,110)	Ψ		Ψ		(Φ	102,010)
combinations	(	32,487)		24,711		_	(	708)	(	8,484)
Others	(	6,260)	(	2,325)	(	11,800)		96	(	20,289)
Land value increment tax and	(	98,008)					(	1,296)	(	99,304)
gain on increment	(	311,619)		15,240	-	11,800)	(	1,908)		310,087)
Subtotal	(\$	151,867)	\$	19,134	(\$	22,825)	\$	1,226	(\$	154,332)
Total	(3	131,807)	\$	19,134	(3	22,823)	э	1,220	(3	134,332)
						2021				
					Rec	ognized in				
						other				
				gnized in		prehensive		xchange		
	Ja	anuary 1	prof	it or loss	i	ncome	di	fference	Dece	mber 31
Deferred tax assets:										
Temporary differences:	\$	12,964	\$	1,759	\$		\$		\$	14,723
Inventory valuation loss Bad debts	Ф	15,432	, (	2,000)	Ф	_	Ф	-	Ф	13,432
Depreciation expense		3,937	(	230)		_		_		3,707
Loss on investments		- 9		,						-,
accounted by using the										
equity method		15,738		3,280		-		-		19,018
Effect of pensions		2,583	(	173)	(	173)		-		2,237
Unrealized losses on financial assets at fair										
value through other										
										3,308
comprehensive income		5,184		-	(	1,876)		-		
Impairment loss		12,953		-	(	-		167		13,120
Impairment loss Others		12,953 58,221		5,945	(	1,876) - 6,517		167 487		13,120 71,170
Impairment loss		12,953 58,221 16,758		2,279	(	6,517		167 487 -		13,120 71,170 19,037
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal		12,953 58,221			(	-		167 487		13,120 71,170 19,037
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities:		12,953 58,221 16,758		2,279	(	6,517		167 487 -		13,120 71,170 19,037
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities: Temporary differences:		12,953 58,221 16,758		2,279		6,517		167 487 -		13,120 71,170 19,037
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities:		12,953 58,221 16,758		2,279		6,517		167 487 -		13,120 71,170 19,037
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities: Temporary differences: Gain on investments	(\$	12,953 58,221 16,758	(\$	2,279	\$	6,517	\$	167 487 -	(\$	13,120 71,170 19,037 159,752
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities: Temporary differences: Gain on investments accounted by using the equity method Acquisition due to		12,953 58,221 16,758 143,770	(\$	2,279 10,860 8,213)		6,517	\$	167 487 - 654		13,120 71,170 19,037 159,752
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities: Temporary differences: Gain on investments accounted by using the equity method Acquisition due to combinations	(\$	12,953 58,221 16,758 143,770 166,651) 45,295)	(\$	2,279 10,860 8,213) 4,029		6,517		167 487 - 654	(	13,120 71,170 19,037 159,752 174,864) 32,487)
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities: Temporary differences: Gain on investments accounted by using the equity method Acquisition due to combinations Others		12,953 58,221 16,758 143,770	(\$	2,279 10,860 8,213)		6,517	<b>\$</b>	167 487 - 654		13,120 71,170 19,037 159,752 174,864) 32,487)
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities: Temporary differences: Gain on investments accounted by using the equity method Acquisition due to combinations Others Land value increment tax and		12,953 58,221 16,758 143,770 166,651) 45,295) 8,763)	(\$	2,279 10,860 8,213) 4,029		6,517		167 487 - 654 - 8,779 5)	(	13,120 71,170 19,037 159,752 174,864) 32,487) 6,260)
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities: Temporary differences: Gain on investments accounted by using the equity method Acquisition due to combinations Others Land value increment tax and gain on increment		12,953 58,221 16,758 143,770 166,651) 45,295) 8,763) 97,944)	(\$	2,279 10,860 8,213) 4,029 2,508		6,517		167 487 - 654 - 8,779 5) 64)	(	13,120 71,170 19,037 159,752 174,864) 32,487) 6,260) 98,008)
Impairment loss Others Tax loss Subtotal Deferred tax liabilities: Temporary differences: Gain on investments accounted by using the equity method Acquisition due to combinations Others Land value increment tax and		12,953 58,221 16,758 143,770 166,651) 45,295) 8,763)	(\$ <u>(</u>	2,279 10,860 8,213) 4,029		6,517		167 487 - 654 - 8,779 5)	(	13,120 71,170 19,037 159,752 174,864) 32,487)

4. Deductible temporary differences not recognized as deferred tax assets:

	Dec	ember 31,	December 3			
	2022			2021		
Deductible temporary differences	\$	104,539	\$	108,818		

5. The Company's profit-seeking enterprise income tax returns filed up to 2020 was approved by the tax authority.

# (XXXI) Earnings (losses) per share

	2022					
	Amo	ount after tax	Weighted average number of issued shares (in thousand)	Earnings pe share (NT\$		
Basic and diluted earnings per share						
Current net loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the	<b>(0</b>	06.051)	1.57.075	(4)	0.50)	
parent company	(\$	96,951)	167,975	(\$	0.58)	
			2021			
	Amo	ount after tax	Weighted average number of issued shares (in thousand)		ings per	
Basic earnings per share						
Current net income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	\$	58,736	167,975	\$	0.35	
Diluted earnings per share						
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares on employee remuneration	\$	<u>-</u>	197			
Current net income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company, plus effect of potential ordinary shares	\$	58,736	168,172	\$	0.35	
ı ,						

As employees can choose to receive shares, when earnings per share are calculated, it is assumed that employee remuneration will be paid out in the form of stock, and when the potential ordinary shares are dilutive, they are included in the weighted average number of issued shares, which is adopted to calculate the diluted earnings per share.

### (XXXII) <u>Transactions with non-controlling interests</u>

# 1. Acquisition of additional equity in a subsidiary

On September 1, 2022, IKKA Holdings, a subsidiary of the Group, issued 388,000 common shares (with a face value of NT\$10 per share) to acquire 30% of the issued shares of a subsidiary, Sol-Plus (HK) Co., Limited, for USD 1,800,000 and share transfer. The carrying value of the non-controlling interest on the acquisition date was \$58,999, the transaction reduced the non-controlling interest by \$58,999, and increased the equity attributable to the owners of IKKA Holdings by \$11,884 (adjusted the carrying additional paid in capital).

	Sep	2022
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired	\$	58,999
Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	(	58,669)
Other equity		
Exchange difference-conversion of financial statements of foreign operating institutions		11,554
Capital surplus - differences between the price of the equity of subsidiary acquired or disposed of and the book value		11,884

#### 2. Disposal of subsidiaries' equity (without losing control)

The Group sold 0.54% of equity in its subsidiary, IKKA Holdings, for a consideration of \$22,816 in the second quarter of 2021. The carrying amount of the non-controlling interests in IKKA Holdings at the date of sale was \$16,045; the transaction increased the non-controlling interests by \$16,045 and the equity attributable to the owners of the parent company by \$5,403. The impact of change in IKKA Holdings' equity on the equity attributable to the owners of the parent company is as follows:

		2021
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests disposed of	(\$	16,045)
Consideration received from non-controlling interests		22,816
Other equity		
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	(	1,488)
Share of other comprehensive income of affiliates and joint ventures recognized using the equity method		120
Total	\$	5,403
Capital surplus - differences between the price of the equity of subsidiary acquired or disposed of and the		
book value	\$	5,403

3. The Group did not subscribe in a subsidiaries' cash capital increase in proportion to the Group's shareholding.

IKKA Holdings, a subsidiary of the Group, conducted cash capital increase and issued new shares of \$478,826 on May 27, 2021. The Group did not subscribe in proportion to its shareholding, thus resulting a decrease in the shareholding by 13.37%. The transaction led to a decrease in non-controlling interests by \$111,968 and an increase in the equity attributable to the owners of the parent company by \$108,591. The impact of change in IKKA Holdings' equity on the equity attributable to the owners of the parent company is as follows:

		2021
Cash	\$	_
Decrease in the carrying amount of non-controlling interests		111,968
Other equity		
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	(	3,673)
Share of other comprehensive income of affiliates and joint ventures recognized using the equity method		296
Total	\$	108,591
Capital surplus - changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries recognized	\$	108,591

### (XXXIII) Business combinations

1. In the first quarter of 2022, the Company was approved by the competent authority to acquired 836 thousand common shares of VIEWQUEST at a price of \$54 per share, \$45,144 in total, accounting for 100% of the issued shares of VIEWQUEST. The difference between the acquisition consideration and the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired was \$5,667, and it was recognized as gain of bargain purchase.

The relevant information of the above merger is as follows:

	_	ary 2022 WOUEST
Acquisition consideration Cash	\$	45,144
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired		
Cash		733
Investments accounted for using equity method		50,078
Total of net identical assets	•	50,811
Gain of bargain purchase	(\$	5,667)

2. (1) ABICO NetCom acquired 1,380 thousand private placement ordinary shares in TranSystem at \$7.35 per share, totaling \$10,143 based on the resolution by the Board of Directors in the second quarter of 2021. Also, as it originally held 3,147 thousand shares in TranSystem, amounting to \$23,305, making its stake in TranSystem accounting for 15.64% of TranSystem's total issued shares and becoming the largest shareholder of TranSystem.

Based on other shareholders' participation in TranSystem's previous shareholders meetings, it showed that the Group has the power to decide on relevant activities, and there is no sign that other shareholders have an agreement on collective decision-making, so TranSystem is included in the consolidated financial statements. The difference between the sum of the acquisition consideration of \$33,448, plus the fair value of the non-controlling interests of \$161,961, and the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired in the acquisition of \$191,982 is recognized in goodwill in the amount of \$3,427.

- (2) ABICO NetCom acquired 1,550 thousand ordinary shares in KKCK at \$10 per share based on the resolution by the Board of Directors in the second quarter of 2021, totaling \$15,500, making its stake in KKCK account for 50.82% of KKCK's issued shares. The difference between the sum of the acquisition consideration of \$15,500, plus the fair value of the non-controlling interests of \$14,429, and the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired in the acquisition of \$29,338 is recognized in goodwill in the amount of \$591.
- (3) ABICO NetCom acquired 5,000 thousand ordinary shares in Newec Corporation at \$5.2 per share based on the resolution by the Board of Directors in the third quarter of 2021, making its stake in Newec Corporation account for 100% of Newec Corporation's issued shares. The difference between the acquisition consideration and the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired in the acquisition of \$19,006 is recognized in goodwill in the amount of \$6,994.

The relevant information on the above merger is as follows:

	April 2021		A	April 2021	September 2021	
	Tra	anSystem		KKCK	Newed	Corporation
Acquisition consideration						
Cash	\$	10,143	\$	15,500	\$	26,000
Reclassification of financial assets		23,305		-		-
Non-controlling interests		161,961		14,429		_
Subtotal		195,409		29,929		26,000
	Aŗ	oril 2021	A	April 2021	September 2021	
Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed						
Cash		92,062		16,567		14,936
Receivables		12,053		1,496		7,483
Inventories		21,267		11,170		-
Other current assets		31,656		788		953
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		887		-		-
Property, plant and equipment		3,599		42		-
Right-of-use assets		319		-		-
Other non-current assets		10,663		164		-
Payables	(	13,852)	(	856)	(	656)
Other current liabilities	(	4,234)	(	33)	(	3,710)
Other non-current liabilities	(	4,669)		<u>-</u>		_
Total of net identifiable assets		149,751		29,338		19,006
Deduct: Business name and other intangible asset fair value adjustment (Note)		42,231				5,860
Goodwill	\$	3,427	\$	591	\$	1,134

Note: ABICO NetCom Co.,Ltd. obtained updated information on the facts and circumstances that existed on the acquisition date within one year from the acquisition date for the acquisitions of TranSystem and Newec Corporation, and identified intangible assets of \$42,231 and \$5,860, and goodwill of \$3,427 and \$1,134, respectively.

# (XXXIV) Supplementary information on cash flows

# 1. Investing activities with partial cash payment:

		2022	2021		
Property, plant and equipment acquired	\$	320,403	\$	275,316	
Add: Business facilities payable at the beginning of the period		12,561		6,761	
Less: Business facilities payable at the					
end of the period	(	15,778)	(	12,561)	
Cash paid during this period	\$	317,186	\$	269,516	
2. Financing activities that do not affect cash flows:					
		2022		2021	
Long-term borrowings - current portion	\$	230,849	\$	272,596	

# (XXXV) The movements in liabilities from financing activities

	_	Short-term corrowings		-term notes	b (in	cong-term orrowings acluding the rent portion)	ir fro	e movements a liabilities m financing activities
January 1, 2022	\$	2,321,339	\$	89,909	\$	1,973,051	\$	4,384,299
The movements in cash flows from financing activities		50,732	(	59,924)	(	8,892)	(	18,084)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(	14,142)					(	14,142)
December 31, 2022	\$	2,357,929	\$	29,985	\$	1,964,159	\$	4,352,073
	_	Short-term corrowings		-term notes	b (in	Long-term orrowings acluding the rent portion)	ir fro	e movements a liabilities m financing activities
January 1, 2021	\$	2,500,290	\$	89,898	\$	1,897,214	\$	4,487,402
The movements in cash flows from financing activities	(	184,228)		11		75,837	(	108,380)
Effect of changes in exchange rates		5,277		-		<u>-</u>		5,277
December 31, 2021	\$	2,321,339	\$	89,909	\$	1,973,051	\$	4,384,299

# VII. Related Party Transactions

# (I) Parent company and ultimate controller

The Company is controlled by Abico International Co., Ltd. (incorporated and registered in the Republic of China), which owns 13% of the Company's shares as at December 31, 2022. The remaining shares are held by the public. The ultimate parent company and ultimate controller of the Company are Abico International Co., Ltd.

### (II) Name of related party and relations with the Company:

Name of related party	Relations with the Group
Abico International Co., Ltd. (ABICO International)	Ultimate parent company
Ability Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Ability Enterprise)	An affiliate
ViewQuest Technologies (BVI) Inc. (VQ)(Note 1)	An affiliate
Ability Enterprise (BVI) CO.,Ltd.(Ability BVI)	An affiliate
Ilens International Co., Ltd. (ILens)	An affiliate
G-YEN HUTONG CO., LTD. (G-yen Hutong)	An affiliate
ABICO Asia Capital Corporation (ABICO Asia)	An affiliate
DR.Chip Biotech, Inc.(DR.Chip Biotech) (Note 2)	Other related parties
SoJean Technology Co., LTD. (SoJean) (formerly known as SoJean International Co., Ltd.)	Other related parties
Ability Investment co., Ltd. (Ability Investment)	Other related parties
Ability Venture Management Co., Ltd. (Ability Venture Management)	Other related parties
Taishiba International Co., Ltd. (Taishiba)	Other related parties
Northpark Advisory Ltd. (Northpark)	Other related parties
ABICO International Holding Co., Ltd. (ABICO International)	Other related parties

Note 1: ViewQuest Technologies (BVI) Inc. was liquidated on August 25, 2022.

Note 2: As stated in Note 6(8) 6., since the Group lost its significant influence on DR. Chip Biotech, it has been reclassified to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and loss, which belong to other related parties of the Group. On August 2, 2022, the Group sold all of its shares of DR. Chip Biotech and has not been a related party since then.

## (III) Major transactions with related parties

#### 1. Operating revenue

	 2022		
Sales of goods:			
An affiliate	\$ 60,335	\$	64,359
Other related parties	 2,247		3,299
	\$ 62,582	\$	67,658

The transaction prices and payment terms of sales are handled in accordance with the conditions agreed by both parties.

# 2. Purchase

	 2022		
Purchases:			
An affiliate	\$ 3,673	\$	783
Other related parties	 7,298		7,689
	\$ 10,971	\$	8,472

The transaction prices and payment terms of purchases are handled in accordance with the conditions agreed by both parties.

# 3. Receivables from related parties

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
Sales of goods:					
An affiliate					
ILens	\$	45,733	\$	49,769	
Ability		8,994		9,658	
Others		5		18	
Other related parties		103		675	
Subtotal		54,835		60,120	
Allowance for losses	(	( 79)		98)	
	\$	54,756	\$	60,022	

Receivables from related parties are mainly from sales and the receivables for the sales are collected within 120 days at the end of each month.

# 4. Payables to related parties

	December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021	
Purchases:					
An affiliate	\$	2,546	\$	47	
Other related parties		1,575		1,260	
	\$	4,121	\$	1,307	

Payables to related parties are mainly from purchases and the payables for the purchases are paid within 120 days at the end of each month.

#### 5. Lease Transactions – Lessee

(1) The Group leases buildings from Ability Investments. The lease contract period is from 2018 to 2024, and the rent is paid at the end of each year.

(2)	Acauisition	of right-to-use	assets	Interest	Expense
-----	-------------	-----------------	--------	----------	---------

	 2022		2021
Other related parties Ability Investment	\$ 1,9	74	\$ 
(3) Lease liabilities			
A. Ending Balance			
	 December 31, 2022	2	 December 31, 2021
Other related parties			
Ability Investment	\$	2,790	\$ 2,204
B. Interest Expense			
Other related parties	2022		 2021

#### 6. Management consultation

Ability Investment

(1) The Company's subsidiaries, Ability I and Ability Venture Management, signed an outsourced management agreement for a period from September 20, 2011 through September 19, 2022. The annual management fee was calculated as per the agreement; Ability I calculated the fee at 2% of the paid-in capital for the first year through the third year and at 2% for the fourth through the sixth year. If the net worth was lower than 50% of the paid-in capital audited by a CPA, the management fee would be calculated at 2% of the net worth from the following year. The fee was be calculated at 1.5% of the net worth of the prior year for the seventh through the eighth year. The fee was charged \$6,000 for the tenth year; no outsourced management fee was charged from September 20, 2021 to September 19, 2022.

<u> 16 \$</u>

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(2) A. In addition to the above management fees, Ability Venture Management should calculate the net income before tax from the management task for the year within 3 months after the end of each fiscal year. Ability I set aside 20% of the net income before tax as a performance bonus and paid the performance bonus to Ability Venture Management after its financial report was audited by a CPA and approved by the shareholders' meeting. If the net income before tax was a negative number, the bonus should be carried forward to the next year, and the above net income

before tax should be first used to make up for the loss from the prior period before the performance bonus could be paid.

- B. Net income before tax refers to the year's interest income, cash dividends, bonuses, and realized capital gains, less the year's management fees and operating expenses amortized by processing expenses, as well as realized and unrealized investment losses and capital costs (cumulative investment amount multiplied by the one-year time deposit rate of the Bank of Taiwan).
- (3) The service fees arising from the aforesaid transactions for 2021 was \$3,750.

# 7. Endorsements/Guarantees provided by related parties

Please refer to Note 9(2) for details of the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Group's related parties.

## (IV) <u>Information on remuneration to key management personnel</u>

	 2022	 2021
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 68,227	\$ 76,666
Post-employment benefits	 728	 485
	\$ 68,955	\$ 77,151

### VIII. Assets Pledged

The details of the Group's assets provided as collateral are as follows:

Book value of assets	De	cember 31, 2022	De	ecember 31, 2021	Purpose of collateral
Land	\$	714,973	\$	718,715	Long-term borrowings
Time deposits (Note)		368,707		252,628	Short-term and long-term borrowings
Buildings and structures		136,333		158,363	Long-term borrowings
Bank debentures (Note)		-		4,884	Long-term borrowings
Transportation equipment		10,515		4,706	Long-term borrowings
	\$	1,230,528	\$	1,139,296	

Note: Accounted for under "financial assets at amortized cost – current and non-current and other assets".

# IX. Material Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contractual Commitments

# (I) Contingencies

None

#### (II) Commitments

1. Capital expenditures that have not yet taken place with contracts already signed

	Dece	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Property, plant and equipment	\$	26,276	\$	38,128	

2. To obtain the maximum bank borrowings, the Group provided the details of the endorsements/ guarantees. Please refer to Table 2 for details.

## X. Major Disaster Loss

None.

#### XI. Material Events After the Balance Sheet Date

On March 22, 2023, the Board of Directors resolved to buy back 1,005 thousand shares of treasury stock that had not been transferred to employees for cancellation of shares for a three-year period, with the base date of capital reduction being May 22, 2023.

#### XII. Others

(I) Due to the outbreak of Covid-19, in order to cooperate with the local government's epidemic prevention policies, the operation of the Group's subsidiaries in China were partially affected in 2022 though appropriate contingency measures have been taken; however, the overall impact of the Group will depend on the post epidemic conditions, and cannot be reasonably estimated at present.

#### (I) Capital management

The objectives of the Group's capital management are to ensure that the Group can continue as a going concern, maintain the best capital structure to reduce the capital cost, and provide dividends to shareholders. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debts.

#### (II) Financial instruments

#### 1. Types of financial instruments

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Financial assets			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 1,253,973	\$ 1,671,553	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 1)	662,656	445,017	
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 2)	6,537,952	6,706,528	
	\$ 8,454,581	\$ 8,823,098	
	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (Note 3)	\$ 6,392,631	\$ 7,125,501	
Lease liabilities	\$ 750,877	\$ 593,537	

- Note 1: It includes the net amount of accounts receivable expected to be factored and equity instruments
- Note 2: It includes cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost, notes receivable, net amount of accounts receivable not expected to be factored, other receivables, and guarantee deposits paid.
- Note 3: It includes short-term borrowings, short-term notes payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term liabilities due within one year or one business cycle, long-term borrowings, and guarantee deposits received.

#### 2. Risk management policy

- (1) The Group's daily operations are affected by a number of financial risks, including market risks (including exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, and price risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk.
- (2) The risk management work is carried out by the Group's Finance Department in accordance with the policy approved by the Board of Directors. The Group's Finance Department is responsible for identifying, evaluating, and avoiding financial risks through close collaboration with the Group's operating units. The Board of Directors has formulated written principles for overall risk management and also provided written policies about specific areas and matters, such as exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment using remaining liquidity.

## 3. The nature and level of material financial risks

# (1) Market risks

# Exchange rate risks

A. The Group's business involves a number of non-functional currencies (the Company's and some subsidiaries' functional currency is NTD while other subsidiaries' functional currencies are CNT and USD). Therefore, it is affected by exchange rate fluctuations. Information on foreign currency assets and liabilities with significant exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2022					
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	Foreign currency (thousand)		Exchange rate		Carrying amount (NTD)	
Financial assets			_			
Monetary item						
USD: NTD	\$	26,531	30.71	\$		814,777
EUR: NTD		1,233	32.72			40,347
RMB: NTD		16,371	4.41			72,198
HKD : RMB		31,040	0.89			122,298
HKD : USD		5,755	0.13			22,675
USD: RMB		25,502	6.97			783,174
USD : HKD		1,894	7.79			58,158
USD: VND		2,032	23,623.08			62,416
Financial liabilities						
Monetary item						
USD: NTD		8,145	30.71			250,147
EUR: NTD		613	32.72			20,047
USD : HKD		5,246	7.79			161,116
		Dec	ember 31, 2021			
						Carrying
(Foreign currency:	_	currency	Exchange			amount
functional currency)	(tho	usand)	rate	_	_	(NTD)
Financial assets						
Monetary item				_	_	
USD: NTD	\$	36,789	27.6		\$	1,018,311
EUR : NTD		1,543	31.3			48,332
RMB: NTD		41,466	4.3			179,961
HKD : USD		8,168	0.1			28,998
USD : RMB		17,992	6.3			498,015
HKD : RMB		33,834	0.8			120,111
USD : HKD		1,878	7.8	0		51,974
	0.0					

USD : VND	2,162	22,727.27	59,854
	*	ŕ	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
THB : JPY	28,788	3.47	24,029
Financial liabilities			
Monetary item			
USD: NTD	15,213	27.68	421,097
EUR: NTD	874	31.32	27,373
RMB: NTD	11,023	4.34	47,878
JPY: USD	325,000	0.01	78,000
JPY :THB	305,970	0.29	73,433
USD: VND	3,918	22,727.27	108,440

B. The aggregate amounts of (realized and unrealized) net exchange gain (losses) of the Group's monetary items recognized for 2022 and 2021 due to the material impact of exchange rate fluctuations were \$181,669 and \$5,607, respectively.

C. The analysis of the Group's foreign currency market risk due to significant exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	2022						
		Sensitivity analysis					
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	Movement (%)	Impact on profit or loss		Impact on comprehense e income			
Financial assets							
Monetary item							
USD: NTD	1%	\$	8,148	\$	-		
EUR: NTD	1%		403		-		
RMB: NTD	1%		722		-		
HKD: USD	1%		227		-		
HKD: RMB	1%		1,223		-		
USD: RMB	1%		7,832		-		
USD: HKD	1%		582		-		
USD: VND	1%		624		-		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary item							
USD: NTD	1%		2,501		-		
EUR: NTD	1%		200		-		
USD: HKD	1%		1,611		-		

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Z	u	Z	1

Sensitivity analysis						
Movement (%)	Impact on profit or loss	Impact on comprehensiv e income				
1%	\$ 10,183	\$ -				
1%	483	-				
1%	1,800	-				
1%	290	-				
1%	4,980	-				
1%	1,201	-				
1%	520	-				
1%	599	-				
1%	240	-				
1%	4,211	-				
1%	274	-				
1%	479	-				
1%	780	-				
1%	734	-				
1%	1,084	-				
	Movement (%)  1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	Movement (%)     Impact on profit or loss       1%     \$ 10,183       1%     483       1%     1,800       1%     290       1%     4,980       1%     1,201       1%     520       1%     599       1%     240       1%     4,211       1%     274       1%     479       1%     780       1%     734				

## Price risk

- A. The Group's equity instruments exposed to the price risk are financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. In order to manage the price risk of equity instrument investment, the Group has diversified its investment portfolio, and the method of the diversification is based on the limits set by the Group.
- B. The Group mainly invests in equity instruments and funds launched by companies at home and abroad, and the prices of those equity instruments will be affected by the uncertainty of the future values of said instruments. If the price of said equity instruments rose or fell by 1%, with all other factors remaining unchanged, the net income after tax would have increased or decreased by \$12,540 and \$16,716 for 2022 and 2021, respectively, because of the gains or losses on the equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss, while other comprehensive income

would have increased or decreased by \$5,743 and \$3,495, respectively, because of the gains or losses on equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Interest rate risk of cash flow and fair value

- A. The Group's interest rate risk mainly comes from short-term borrowings at floating rates, which exposes the Group to the cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's borrowings at floating rates during 2022 and 2021 were denominated in NTD, USD, CNY, and JPY.
- B. When the borrowing rate increased or decreased by 1%, with all other factors remaining unchanged, the net income before tax for 2022 and 2021 would have decreased or increased by \$43,521 and \$43,843, respectively, mainly as interest expense changes with the floating-rate borrowings.

#### (2) Credit risk

- A. The Group's credit risk is the risk of financial loss suffered by the Group arising from the failure of clients or counterparties of financial instruments to fulfill contractual obligations. It mainly comes from counterparties' inability to settle accounts receivable in accordance with the payment terms and the contractual cash flows at amortized cost.
- B. The Group has established credit risk management from the Group's perspective. Banks and financial institutions that the Group deals with those with high credit ratings rated by international credit rating agencies. In accordance with the internal credit policy, each operating entity within the Group must conduct management and credit risk analysis of each new client before deciding payment and delivery terms and conditions. The internal risk control system evaluates the credit quality of customers by considering their financial positions, past experience, and other factors. Individual risk limits are set by the board of directors based on internal or external ratings, and the drawdown of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- C. The Group adopts IFRS 9 to make an assumption. When a contract payment is overdue for more than 90 days, it is deemed to have been in default.
- D. The Group adopts IFRS 9 to make an assumption as a basis for judging whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since the initial recognition:
  - When a contract payment is overdue for more than 30 days in accordance with the agreed payment terms, it is deemed that the credit risk of the financial asset has increased significantly since the initial recognition.
- E. The Group groups clients' accounts receivable and long-term receivables according to the product type, client ratings, and client type and adopts a simplified approach to estimate expected credit losses with a provision matrix.
- F. After the recourse procedures, the Group writes off the amount of the financial asset that cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered. However, the Group will continue to carry out the legal recourse procedures to preserve the creditor's rights.

G. The Group incorporates the forward-looking considerations in the Taiwan Institute of Economic Research' Business Indicator Report and adjusts the loss ratio established based on historical and current information for a specific period, to estimate an allowance for losses on notes and accounts receivable; the provision matrix for December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Not past due	1–90 days	More than 90 days	Total
December 31, 2022				
Expected loss ratio	0.30%	11.64%	72.23%- 90.24%	
Total book value	\$ 1,972,175	\$ 101,504	\$ 76,546	\$ 2,150,225
Allowance for losses	(\$ 5,879)	(\$ 11,818)	(\$ 56,677)	(\$ 74,374)
	Not past due	1–90 days	More than 90 days	Total
<u>December 31, 2021</u>				
Expected loss ratio	0.25%	9.08%	61.04%	
Total book value	\$ 2,354,339	\$ 117,672	\$ 31,439	\$ 2,503,450
Allowance for losses	(\$ 5,838)	(\$ 10,684)	(\$ 19,147)	(\$ 35,669)

The aging analysis stated above is based on the number of overdue days.

- H. The Group estimates the expected credit loss for each significant overdue receivable that has been in default.
- I. The table of the changes in the Group's simplified allowance for losses on notes, accounts receivable and long-term receivables, and overdue receivables is as follows:

				2022		
	ac	otes and ecounts ceivable	rec and	Other ceivables doverdue ceivables		Total
January 1	\$	35,669	\$	110,519	\$	146,188
Impairment loss recognized (reversed)		39,835	(	897)		38,938
Receivables written off due to inability to						
recover	(	1,738)	(	18,026)	(	19,764)
Effect of exchange rates		608				608
December 31	\$	74,374	\$	91,596	\$	165,970
		·		2021		

	Notes and accounts receivable		Other receivables and overdue receivables		Total	
January 1	\$	53,371	\$	75,280	\$	128,651
Impairment loss recognized (reversed)	(	17,172)		19,754		2,582
Others (movement in the consolidated entities)		63		27,101		27,164
Receivables written off due to inability to recover	(	650)	(	11,616)	(	12,266)
Effect of exchange rates	(	57	(	-	(	57
December 31	\$	35,669	\$	110,519	\$	146,188

# (3) Liquidity risk

- A. The remaining cash held by each operating entity will be transferred back to the Group's Finance Department when it exceeds the amount of working capital needed. The Group's Finance Department invests the remaining funds in interest-bearing demand deposit, time deposits, and securities. There is an appropriate maturity date or sufficient liquidity for the instruments selected by it so as to respond to the forecast above and to provide adequate liquidity.
- B. The Group's non-derivative financial liabilities are grouped as per due dates below and analyzed based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contract maturity date.

	Decembe	er 31, 2	.022	December 31, 2021						
Non- derivative financial liabilities:	year or fewer	1 yea	ur or longer		1 year or fewer		ar or longer			
Long-term borrowings	\$ 267,163	\$	1,914,880	\$	302,945	\$	1,847,864			
Lease liabilities	231,270		715,855		170,225		565,922			

Except as stated in the table above, the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities are due within one year in the future.

#### (III) Fair value information

1. The fair value levels of the financial instruments and non-financial instruments measured using the valuation technique are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities on the measurement date. An active market refers to a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair values of the TWSE/TPEx listed stocks, stocks listed on the emerging stock market, and funds held by the Group belong to this level.
- Level 2: Inputs, other than quoted market prices within level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly for assets or liabilities. The fair values of private placement funds and wealth management products invested by the Group belong to this level.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for assets or liabilities. The fair values of equity instrument investments, private placement funds, and wealth management products invested by the Group without an active market belong to this level.
- 2. The carrying amounts of the financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes and accounts payable, other payables, and long-term borrowings (current portion)) are reasonable approximations of the fair values.
- 3. Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified by the Group based on the nature, characteristics, risk, and the level of fair value of assets and liabilities. The relevant information is as follows:
  - (1) The Group classified assets and liabilities by nature. The relevant information is as follows:

December 31, 2022	I	Level 1	1	Level 2		Level 3	Total
Assets							
Fair value on a recurring basis							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
<ul> <li>Investments in equity, debt instruments, and fund beneficiary certificates</li> </ul>	\$	399,250	\$	76,709	\$	778,014	\$ 1,253,973
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income							
- Investments in equity instruments		369,518		-		204,818	574,336
<ul> <li>Accounts receivable expected to be factored</li> </ul>				88,320			88,320
iacioieu	\$	768,768	\$		•	982,832	\$ 1,916,629
	Ф	700,700	<u> </u>	165,029	<u> </u>	902,832	\$ 1,910,029

December 31, 2021	I	Level 1	I	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets						
Fair value on a recurring basis						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
<ul> <li>Investments in equity, debt instruments, and fund beneficiary certificates</li> </ul>	\$	504,422	\$	69,522	\$ 1,097,609	\$ 1,671,553
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
<ul> <li>Investments in equity instruments</li> </ul>		81,347		-	268,148	349,495
<ul> <li>Accounts receivable expected to be factored</li> </ul>				95,522		95,522
ractored		595 760	\$	165,044	\$ 1,365,757	\$ 2,116,570
	Ф	585,769	Ф	103,044	\$ 1,303,737	\$ 4,110,370

- (2) The methods and assumptions used by the Group to measure fair value are as follows:
  - A. Where the Group uses market quoted prices as the fair value input (i.e. Level 1), the tools are classified based on the characteristics as follows:

	TWSE/TPEx listed	Stocks listed on the	
	stocks	emerging stock market	Funds
Market quoted	Closing prices	Last transaction price	Net worth
prices			

- B. Except for the above-mentioned financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is obtained through valuation techniques or with reference to the quoted prices of counterparties. For the fair value obtained through the valuation techniques, the Group refers to the present fair value of other financial instruments with similar conditions and characteristics or other valuation techniques, including calculations using models based on the market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
- C. When evaluating non-standard and less complex financial instruments, such as debt instruments, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts, and options, all without active markets, the Group adopts the valuation techniques widely used by market participants. The parameters used in the valuation models for such financial instruments are usually market observable information.
- D. The output of the valuation models is an estimated value, and the valuation techniques may not reflect all the relevant factors of the financial instruments and non-financial instruments held by the Group. Therefore, the estimated value of the

valuation models will be appropriately adjusted according to additional parameters, such as model risk or liquidity risk. According to the Group's fair value valuation model management policies and relevant control procedures, the management believes that in order to properly express the fair value of financial instruments and non-financial instruments in the consolidated balance sheet, valuation adjustments are appropriate and necessary. The price information and parameters used in the evaluation process are carefully evaluated and appropriately adjusted according to current market conditions.

- 4. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value in 2022 and 2021.
- 5. The table below shows the changes in Level 3 fair value in 2022 and 2021:

		2022		2021
January 1	\$	1,365,757	\$	1,567,200
Purchases during this period		4,021,394		3,491,617
Sales during this period	(	4,252,948)	(	3,643,356)
Profit or loss recognized in profit or loss		142,669		15,723
Profit or loss recognized in other comprehensive income	(	11,054)	(	5,602)
Transfer out of Level 3	(	316,649)	(	49,961)
Exchange difference		33,663	(	9,864)
December 31	\$	982,832	\$	1,365,757

- 6. As the items invested has been publicly traded on an active market in September 2022 and January 2021, sufficient observable market information can be accessed, so the Company transferred the fair value from Level 3 to Level 1 at the end of the month when the event took place.
- 7. In the Group's valuation process for fair value classified as Level 3, the Investment Management Department is responsible for independent fair value verification for financial instruments, uses data from independent sources to make the valuation results close to the market level, and confirms that the source of the data is independent, reliable, consistent with other resources, and representative of the executable price, while regularly calibrating the valuation model, conducting back-testing, updating the inputs and data required by the valuation model, and making any other necessary fair value adjustments to ensure that the valuation results are reasonable. In addition, the Investment Management Department is responsible for formulating a fair value evaluation policy and the financial instrument evaluation procedures and confirming the compliance with the IFRS.

8. The quantitative information on the significant unobservable inputs of the valuation model used in the Level 3 fair value measurement and the sensitivity analysis of the significant unobservable input change are explained as follows:

December 31, 2022	Fair value	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Interval	Relations between input and fair value
Non-derivative					
equity instruments Unlisted stocks	\$ 247,178	Comparable public company approach	Price to earnings ratio	35.38-36.80	The higher the ratio, the higher the fair value; the higher the discount for lack of market liquidity, the lower the fair value
			Price to book ratio	2.30-3.08	10 // 01 010 1011 / 0100
			Price to sales ratio	-	
			Discount for lack of market liquidity	20%	
Non-derivative debt instruments					
Investments in private placement funds	25,358	Net asset value approach	N/A	N/A	N/A
Wealth management products		Income approach	Expected return on each contract	2.9%-3.9%	Judgment by expected return on each contract
	710,296				
	\$ 982,832				
December 31, 2021 Non-derivative equity instruments	Fair value	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Interval	Relations between input and fair value
Unlisted stocks	\$ 362,060	Comparable public company approach	Price to earnings ratio	9.95-62.97	The higher the ratio, the higher the fair value; the higher the discount for lack of market liquidity, the lower the fair value
			Price to book ratio	0.68-10.43	
			Price to sales ratio	-	
N 1 ' '			Discount for lack of market liquidity	20%	
Non-derivative debt instruments					
Investments in private placement funds	16,544	Net asset value approach	N/A	N/A	N/A
Wealth management products		Income approach	Expected return on each contract	2.9%-3.9%	Judgment by expected return on each contract
	987,153				
	\$ 1,365,757				

9. The Group has selected valuation model and valuation parameters after careful evaluation, but different valuation results may occur due to the use of different valuation models or valuation parameters. For financial assets classified as Level 3, if the valuation parameters change, the effect on the current profit or loss or other comprehensive income is as follows:

						Decembe	er 31, 2022					
			Re	cognized ii	n prof	it or loss	c	Recognize omprehen				
	Input	Change		vorable hange		favorable change		vorable hange	Unfavorable change			
Financial assets												
Equity instruments	Price to earnings ratio, price to book ratio, price to sales ratio, and discounts for lack of market liquidity	±1%	\$	423	(\$	423)	\$	2,048	(\$	2,048)		
Debt instruments	Anticipated earnings yield	$\pm 1\%$		7,357		7,357)						
			\$	7,780	(\$	7,780)	\$	2,048	(\$	2,048)		
						Decembe	r 31, 2	021				
			Re	cognized ii	n prof	it or loss	c	ther come				
	Input	Change		vorable hange		favorable change		vorable hange	Unfavorable change			
Financial assets												
Equity instruments	Price to earnings ratio, price to book ratio, price to sales ratio, and discounts for lack of market liquidity	±1%	\$	939	(\$	939)	\$	2,681	(\$	2,681)		
Debt instruments	Anticipated earnings yield	±1%		10,037	(	10,037)						
111011 01111110	<i>y</i>		\$	10,976	(\$	10,976)	\$	2,681	(\$	2,681)		

#### XIII. Additional Disclosures

## (I) <u>Information on Material Transactions</u>

- 1. Loans to Others: Table 1
- 2. Endorsements/Guarantees Provided to Others: Table 2.
- 3. Securities Held at the End of the Period (Excluding Investment in Subsidiaries and Affiliates): Table 3.
- 4. Securities Acquired or Sold at Costs or Prices at Least NT\$300 Million or 20% of the Paidin Capital During this Period: Table 4.
- 5. Acquisition of Individual Property at Costs of at Least NT\$300 Million or 20% of the Paidin Capital: None.
- 6. Disposal of Individual Property at Costs of at Least NT\$300 Million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital: None.
- 7. Total Purchases from or Sales to Related Parties Amounting to at Least NT\$100 Million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital: Table 5.
- 8. Receivables from Related Parties Amounting to at Least NT\$100 Million or 20% of the Paidin Capital: Table 6.
- 9. Derivatives Trading: None.
- 10. Business Relations and Important Transactions Between Parent Company and Subsidiaries and Among Subsidiaries and Amounts: Table 7.

### (II) Information on Investees

Information on Name and Location of Investees (Excluding Investees in Mainland China): Table 8.

#### (III) Information on Investment in Mainland China

- 1. Basic Information: Table 9.
- 2. Significant Transactions with Investees in Mainland China, Either Directly or Indirectly, Through a Business in a Third Region: Table 10.

#### (IV) Information on Major Shareholders

Table 11.

### XIV. Segment Information

#### (I) General information

The Group runs business and makes decisions from the product-specific manufacturing perspective, so the management also adopts the same approach to identifying reportable segments.

The Group has six reportable segments: Metal and Plastics Business Group, Electronic

Components Distribution Business Group, Power Tools and Powder Metallurgy Business Group, Precision Plastics Business Group, and Venture Capital Business Group and others. The Metal and Plastics Business Group is responsible for producing and manufacturing external metal parts and internal components of electronic products; the Electronic Components Distribution Business Group is responsible for producing and manufacturing computer peripherals and business machine components; the Power Tools and Powder Metallurgy Business Group is responsible for producing and manufacturing electric tool components and powder metallurgy products; the Precision Plastics Business Group is responsible for producing and manufacturing precision plastic parts for automobiles; the Venture Capital Business Group engages in venture capital business.

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that provide different products and services. As each strategic business unit requires different skills and marketing strategies, it should be managed separately.

# (II) Segment Information

The information on reportable segments provided to the chief decision maker is as follows:

				2022			
	Metal and Plastics Business Group	Electronic Components Distribution Business Group	Power Tools and Powder Metallurgy Business Group	Precision Plastics Business Group	Venture Capital Business Group and others	Adjustment and elimination	Total
Income:							
Income from outside clients	\$ 487,559	\$ 4,269,079	\$ 2,160,833	\$ 3,600,786	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,518,257
Inter-segment income	21,962	3,324		17,847		( 43,133)	<del></del>
Total income	\$ 509,521	\$ 4,272,403	\$ 2,160,833	\$ 3,618,633	\$ -	(\$ 43,133)	\$ 10,518,257
Segment income or loss Segment income or loss includes:	(\$ 294,229)	\$ 155,897	(\$ 6,453)	\$ 193,086	(\$ 18,580)	\$ 146,755	\$ 176,476
Depreciation and amortization							(\$ 745,342)
Interest income							\$ 37,805
Income tax expense							(\$ 150,018)
Interest expense Share of losses on affiliates accounted for using the equity method							(\$ 83,287) (\$ 16,982)
Total segment assets	\$ 8,268,311	\$ 4,037,347	\$ 2,421,477	\$ 3,524,111	\$ 229,846	(\$ 3,116,633)	\$ 15,364,459
Segment assets include: Investments accounted for using the equity method							\$ 930,156
Capital expenditures							\$ 317,186
Total segment liabilities	\$ 2,086,432	\$ 2,585,485	\$ 1,355,844	\$ 1,878,689	\$ 136	\$ 1,560	\$ 7,908,146
				2021			
	Metal and Plastics Business Group	Electronic Components Distribution Business Group	Power Tools and Powder Metallurgy Business Group	Precision Plastics Business Group	Venture Capital Business Group and others	Adjustment and elimination	Total
Income:	Plastics Business	Components Distribution Business	and Powder Metallurgy Business	Precision Plastics Business	Business Group and		Total
	Plastics Business	Components Distribution Business	and Powder Metallurgy Business	Precision Plastics Business	Business Group and		Total \$ 11,848,525
Income: Income from outside	Plastics Business Group	Components Distribution Business Group	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group	Precision Plastics Business Group	Business Group and others	\$ - ( 37,515)	
Income: Income from outside clients	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group	Precision Plastics Business Group	Business Group and others	and elimination \$ -	
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358 14,583	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985 2,717	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group	Precision Plastics Business Group \$ 3,644,063 20,215	Business Group and others	\$ - ( 37,515)	\$ 11,848,525 -
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063 20,215 \$ 3,664,278	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ -	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515)	\$ 11,848,525 - \$ 11,848,525
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income Segment income or loss Segment income or loss	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063 20,215 \$ 3,664,278	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ -	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515)	\$ 11,848,525 - \$ 11,848,525
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income Segment income or loss Segment income or loss includes: Depreciation and	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063 20,215 \$ 3,664,278	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ -	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515)	\$ 11,848,525 \$ 11,848,525 \$ 376,999 (\$ 802,308) \$ 39,474
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income Segment income or loss Segment income or loss includes: Depreciation and amortization	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063 20,215 \$ 3,664,278	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ -	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515)	\$ 11,848,525 \$ 11,848,525 \$ 376,999 (\$ 802,308)
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income Segment income or loss Segment income or loss includes: Depreciation and amortization Interest income	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063 20,215 \$ 3,664,278	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ -	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515)	\$ 11,848,525 \$ 11,848,525 \$ 376,999 (\$ 802,308) \$ 39,474
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income Segment income or loss Segment income or loss includes: Depreciation and amortization Interest income Income tax expense	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063 20,215 \$ 3,664,278	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ -	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515)	\$ 11,848,525 \$ 11,848,525 \$ 376,999 (\$ 802,308) \$ 39,474 (\$ 149,361)
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income Segment income or loss Segment income or loss includes: Depreciation and amortization Interest income Income tax expense Interest expense Share of losses on affiliates accounted for using the equity method Total segment assets	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063 20,215 \$ 3,664,278	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ -	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515)	\$ 11,848,525 \$ 11,848,525 \$ 376,999 (\$ 802,308) \$ 39,474 (\$ 149,361) (\$ 81,257)
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income Segment income or loss Segment income or loss includes: Depreciation and amortization Interest income Income tax expense Interest expense Share of losses on affiliates accounted for using the equity method Total segment assets Segment assets	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119 \$ 2,740,119 \$ 139,513	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ - \$ 11,096	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515) \$ 47,904	\$ 11,848,525 \$ 11,848,525 \$ 376,999 (\$ 802,308) \$ 39,474 (\$ 149,361) (\$ 81,257)
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income Segment income or loss Segment income or loss includes: Depreciation and amortization Interest income Income tax expense Interest expense Share of losses on affiliates accounted for using the equity method Total segment assets	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119 \$ 2,740,119 \$ 139,513	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ - \$ 11,096	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515) \$ 47,904	\$ 11,848,525 \$ 11,848,525 \$ 376,999 (\$ 802,308) \$ 39,474 (\$ 149,361) (\$ 81,257) \$ 42,338 \$ 15,921,142
Income: Income from outside clients Inter-segment income Total income Segment income or loss Segment income or loss includes: Depreciation and amortization Interest income Income tax expense Interest expense Share of losses on affiliates accounted for using the equity method Total segment assets Segment assets include: Investments accounted for using the equity	Plastics Business Group  \$ 1,164,358	Components Distribution Business Group  \$ 4,299,985	and Powder Metallurgy Business Group  \$ 2,740,119 \$ 2,740,119 \$ 139,513	Precision Plastics Business Group  \$ 3,644,063	Business Group and others  \$ - \$ - \$ 11,096	\$ - ( 37,515) (\$ 37,515) \$ 47,904	\$ 11,848,525 \$ 11,848,525 \$ 376,999 (\$ 802,308) \$ 39,474 (\$ 149,361) (\$ 81,257) \$ 42,338 \$ 15,921,142

# (III) Information by product

The balance of the Group's product-specific revenue is as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Metal Optoelectronic Components Business Group	\$ 487,559	\$ 1,164,358
Electronic Components Distribution Business Group	4,269,079	4,299,985
Power Tools and Powder Metallurgy Business Group	2,160,833	2,740,119
Plastic Products Components Business Group	 3,600,786	 3,644,063
	\$ 10,518,257	\$ 11,848,525

# (IV) Information by region

Information by region is shown below:

	20	22	2021					
		Non-current		Non-current				
	<u>Income</u>	assets	<u>Income</u>	<u>assets</u>				
Asia	\$ 5,101,365	\$ 1,299,105	\$ 6,492,152	\$ 1,243,659				
Taiwan	2,197,262	1,614,821	2,190,806	1,750,931				
China	1,837,842	1,214,823	1,726,651	1,248,200				
Americas	962,957	-	888,354	-				
Europe	389,014	-	529,348	-				
Other	29,817		21,214					
	\$ 10,518,257	\$ 4,128,749	<u>\$ 11,848,525</u>	\$ 4,242,790				

# (V) Information on important clients

Information on important clients is shown below:

		,	2022		2021						
	]	Income	Segment		I	Income	Segment				
Company SU	\$	859,008	Plastic Products Components Business Group	Company SU	\$	943,673	Plastic Products Components Business Group				
Company BO		907,643	Power Tools and Powder Metallurgy Business Group	Company BO		1,137,264	Power Tools and Powder Metallurgy Business Group				
Company A		731,664	Power Tools and Powder Metallurgy Business Group	Company A		797,865	Power Tools and Powder Metallurgy Business Group				
Company AV		806,252	Electronic Components Channel Business Group	Company AV		775,478	Electronic Components Channel Business Group				
	\$ 3,304,567				\$	3,654,280					

#### ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries

#### Loans to Others

January 1 2022 - December 31, 2022

Table 1

Unit: NT\$ 1000

(Unless Otherwise Specified)

													Coll	ateral	_			()
										Amount of		Allowance						
			General		Maximum		Amount			transactions	Reason for				Lim	it on Loans		
			ledger	Relate	outstanding	Ending	Actually	Interest	Nature of	with the	short-term					a Single	Aggregate	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	account	d Party	balance	Balance	Drawn	Rate	Loan	borrower	Loans	Loss	Item	Value		Party	Loans Limit	Note
1	-	Best Select Industrial	Short-term	Y		\$ 19,836			Short-term			-	-	-	\$	62,388	\$ 62,388	Note1
1	Metal	(SuZhou) Co., Ltd.	investments	1	\$ 20,277	\$ 19,030	\$ 19,030	4.00	financing	<b>5</b> -	support	Φ -	-	φ -	Ф	02,300	\$ 02,388	Note1
1		DongGuan Qunsheng	Short-term	Y	24,783	24,244	24,244	4.00	Short-term	_	Operating	_	_	_		62,388	62,388	Note1
•	Metal	Powder Metallurgy	investments	•	21,703	21,211	21,211	1.00	financing		support					02,500	02,500	roter
		Ltd.																
2	Gold Market	Sol-Plus HK	Other	Y	32,215	30,710	30,710	3.00	Short-term	-	Operating	-	-	-		277,014	554,028	Note2
			receivables						financing		support							
3	Jabon	Jabon Precision	Other	Y	20,000	20,000	20,000	2.00	Short-term	-	Operating	-	-	-		476,749	635,665	Note4
	International		receivables						financing		support							
4	IKKA HK	IKKA Technology	Other	Y	34,048	-	-	0.50	Short-term	-	Operating	-	-	-		453,769	453,769	Note5
		DongGuan Co., Ltd.	receivables						financing		support							
4	IKKA HK	IKKA Technology	Other	Y	48,725	46,449	46,449	-	Short-term	-	Operating	-	-	-		453,769	453,769	Note5
		DongGuan Co., Ltd.	receivables						financing		support							
5	DaiichiKasei	IKKA Vietnam	Other	Y	121,600	116,200	-	1.30	Short-term	-	Operating	-	-	-		1,364,167	1,364,167	Note5
_			receivables						financing		support							
5	DanchiKasei	IKKA Technology	Other	Y	155,233	85,983	85,983	-	Short-term	-	Operating	-	-	-		1,364,167	1,364,167	Note5
_	D " 1 "Z '	DongGuan Co., Ltd.	receivables	37	10.005	0.527	0.527		financing		support					1 264 167	1 264 167	N. 4. 5
5	DaiichiKasei	IKKA HK	Other receivables	Y	10,005	9,537	9,537	-	Short-term	-	Operating	-	-	-		1,364,167	1,364,167	Note5
6	Sol-Plus JP	Hiraiseimitsu	Other	Y	73,588	73,588	73,588		financing Short-term		Support					146,339	146,339	Note5
0	Soi-Pius JP	miraiseimitsu	receivables	1	73,300	/3,300	73,388	-	financing	-	Operating support	-	-	-		140,339	140,559	Notes
6	Sol-Plus JP	Hiraiseimitsu	Other	Y	5,810	5,810	5,810	1.50	Short-term	_	Operating	_	_	_		146,339	146,339	Note5
U	501-1 108 31	Tinaiscinnisu	receivables	1	3,610	3,610	3,610	1.50	financing	-	support	-	-	-		170,339	170,559	NOICS
7	ABECO	RTR-TECH	Overdue	N	10,000	10,000	10,000	3.00	Business	_	-	10,000	Stock	_		_	156,952	Note3
•		Technology Co., Ltd.	receivables		,	,	,		transactions			,					,	

Note1 Loans by Cheng Guang Metal cannot exceed 40% of its net value subject to the following conditions:

Note2 Loans by Gold Market Investments cannot exceed 40% of its net value subject to the following conditions:

<sup>1.</sup> For loans to companies or proprietorships with which we have a business relationship, the total amount of loans cannot exceed 20% of the Company's net value; and the amount of a single loan cannot exceed the value of the business transactions between the two parties in the most recent year. The term "business transaction value" refers to the value of purchases or sales between the two parties, whichever is higher.

<sup>2.</sup> For loans to companies or proprietorships that need short-term financing, the total amount of the loan cannot exceed 20% of that enterprise's net value; and the amount of a single loan cannot exceed 10% of that enterprise's net value.

<sup>3.</sup> Loans to a foreign company that the Company or its parent directly or indirectly hold 100% of the voting rights is not subject to the restrictions of the preceding paragraph. However, the total amount of the loan is limited to no more than 40% of that enterprise's net value, and the amount of a single loan is limited to no more than 40% of that enterprise's net value.

<sup>4.</sup> Loans by the Company to its parent or subsidiaries, or to group subsidiaries, shall be submitted to the board of directors for approval in accordance with applicable rules, and the chairman may be authorized to allow loans to a single borrower within a specific limit per year via separate tranches or draw downs.

#### ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries

#### Loans to Others

January 1 2022 - December 31, 2022

Table 1

Unit: NT\$ 1000

(Unless Otherwise Specified)

#### Collateral

									Amount of		Allowance					
			General	Maximum		Amount			transactions	Reason for	for			Limit on Loans		
			ledger	Relate outstanding	Ending	Actually	Interest	Nature of	with the	short-term	Impairment			to a Single	Aggregate	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	account	d Party balance	Balance	Drawn	Rate	Loan	borrower	Loans	Loss	Item	Value	Party	Loans Limit	Note

- 1. For loans to companies or proprietorships with which we have a business relationship, the total amount of loans cannot exceed 20% of the Company's net value; and the amount of a single loan cannot exceed the value of the business transactions between the two parties in the most recent year. The term "business transaction value" refers to the value of purchases or sales between the two parties, whichever is higher.
- 2. For loans to companies or proprietorships that need short-term financing, the total amount of the loan cannot exceed 20% of that enterprise's net value; and the amount of a single loan cannot exceed 10% of that enterprise's net value.
- 3. Loans to a foreign company that the Company directly or indirectly hold 100% of the voting rights is not subject to the restrictions of the preceding paragraph. However, the total amount of the loan is limited to no more than 40% of that enterprise's net value, and the amount of a single loan is limited to no more than 40% of that enterprise's net value.
- 4. Loans by the Company to its parent or subsidiaries, or to group subsidiaries, shall be submitted to the board of directors for approval in accordance with applicable rules, and the chairman may be authorized to allow loans to a single borrower within a specific limit per year via separate tranches or draw downs.

#### Note3 Loans by Abeco amount and borrower limits:

- 1. For loans to companies or proprietorships with which we have a business relationship, the total amount of loans cannot exceed 20% of the Company's net value; and the amount of a single loan cannot exceed the value of the business transactions between the two parties in the most recent year. The term "business transaction value" refers to the value of purchases or sales between the two parties, whichever is higher.
- 2. For loans to companies or proprietorships that need short-term financing, the total amount of the loan cannot exceed 20% of ABICO NetCom's net value; and the amount of a single loan cannot exceed 10% of ABICO NetCom's net value. Note4 Loans by Jabon International amount and borrower limits:
  - 1. The loan amount to an individual borrower cannot exceed 30% of the lender's net worth.
  - 2. The total amount of loans made cannot exceed 40% of the lender's net worth.

#### Note5 Loans by IKKA HK, DaiichiKasei and SolPlus JP amount and borrower limits:

- 1. The loan amount to an individual borrower cannot exceed 100% of the lender's net worth.
- 2. The total amount of loans made cannot exceed 100% of the lender's net worth.

Table 2

Unit: NT\$ 1000 (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Endorsed/Guaranteed Party		anteed Party											
				Limits on Endorsement/				Amount of Endorsement/	Ratio of Accumulated	Maximum/ Endorsement	Endorsement/ Guarantee	Endorsement/ Guarante	e Endorsement/ Guarant	.ee
	Endorsement		Relationship	Guarantee Amount	Maximum Balance	Ending	,		Endorsement/Guarantee to Net Equity	Guarantee Amount	Provided by	Provided by	to Subsidiary in the	
No.		Name	(Note 1)	Provided to a Party	for the Year	Balance	Drawn	by Properties	per Latest Financial Statements	Allowable	Parent Company	Subsidiary	Mainland Area	Note
1	Gold Market	ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	3	\$ 1,385,071	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 111,360	3.61	\$ 2,770,141	N	Y	N	Note 2 Note 6
1	Gold Market	ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	3	1,385,071	150,000	150,000	150,000	168,465	5.41	2,770,141	N	Y	N	Note 2 Note 6
1	Gold Market	ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	3	1,385,071	200,000	200,000	-	146,200	7.22	2,770,141	N	Y	N	Note 2 Note 6
2	Avy High Tech	ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	3	146,727	140,000	140,000	-	164,890	47.71	293,454	N	Y	N	Note 7
3	Jabon International	Best Select	2	635,665	89,899	88,160	6,823	-	5.55	1,112,413	Y	N	Y	Note 4
3	Jabon International	Sinobridge	2	635,665	32,215	-	-	-	-	1,112,413	Y	N	N	Note 4
3	Jabon International	Dongguan Qunsheng Powder	2	635,665	45,060	44,080	8,231	-	2.77	1,112,413	Y	N	Y	Note 4
3	Jabon International	Metallurgy Jabon Precision	2	635,665	120,000	90,000	60,904	-	5.66	1,112,413	Y	N	N	Note 4
3	Jabon International	JCHENG Software Inc.	2	635,665	3,000	-	-	-	-	1,112,413	Y	N	N	Note 4
3	Jabon International	IKKA Holdings(Taiwan Branch)	2	635,665	5,000	-	-	-	-	1,112,413	Y	N	N	Note 4
3	Jabon International	IKKA Holdings	2	635,665	-	-	-	-	-	1,112,413	Y	N	N	Note 4
4	DaiichiKasei	IKKA HK	2	545,667	34,048	34,860	34,860	-	2.56	954,917	N	N	N	Note 4
5	Sol-Plus HK	Sol-Plus JP	2	82,461	32,215	30,710	13,944	30,710	14.90	144,307	N	N	N	Note 3
6	ABICO NetCom	SoJean	1	313,903	20,000	4,600	4,050	-	0.59	784,758	N	N	N	Note 5
6	ABICO NetCom	Aabiking	2	313,903	32,000	12,000	10,000	-	1.53	784,758	Y	N	N	Note 5
6	ABICO NetCom	Positive Energy	2	313,903	40,000	30,000	30,000	-	3.82	784,758	Y	N	N	Note 5
6	ABICO NetCom	Dongguan Ashine	2	313,903	107,485	107,485	3,071	-	13.70	784,758	Y	N	Y	Note 5
7	Prosper	Fit Active Vietnam	2	313,903	44,910	-	-	-	-	784,758	Y	N	N	Note 5
7	Prosper	Dongguan Ashine	2	313,903	30,710	30,710	30,710	-	3.91	784,758	Y	N	Y	Note 5

Note1 Seven types of relationship between a guarantor and the beneficiary of the guarantee, and the codes for each relationship are explained as follows:

- (1) Companies with which there is a business relationship.
- (2) Subsidiaries in which there is a direct holding of more than 50% of the ordinary shares.
- (3) An investee company in which the parent company and subsidiaries jointly hold more than 50% of common shares.
- (4) A parent company that directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the common shares of the Company through its subsidiaries.
- (5) A company to which mutual guarantees are provided in accordance with a contract with a company in the same industry arising from a project.
- (6) A company to which a guarantee is provided by each of the joint shareholders in accordance with their shareholding ratio in a joint venture.
- (7) Joint and several performance guarantees for pre-sale housing sales contracts jointly with companies in the same industry in accordance with the Consumer Protection Act.

Note2 The total amount of Gold Market's external endorsement/guarantees may not exceed its net value at that time. The amount of guarantees to a single enterprise shall not exceed 50% of its net value at that time, but for a single overseas affiliate, it cannot exceed 40% of the net value, and the guarantee for companies with which there is a transactional relationship shall not exceed the total amount of transactions with the Company in year to date (the purchase or sales amount between the two parties, whichever is higher). The net value is based on the latest financial statement as audited and certified or reviewed by an accountant.

Note3 The total amount of Sol-Plus HK's external endorsements/guarantees cannot exceed its net value at that time. The amount of endorsements/guarantees to a single enterprise shall not exceed the total amount of transactions with the Company in year to date (the purchase or sales amount between the two parties, whichever is higher). The net value is based on the latest financial statement as audited and certified or reviewed by an accountant.

#### ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries Endorsements/Guarantees Provided January 1 2022 - December 31, 2022

Unit: NT\$ 1000 (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Table 2

		Endorsed/Gua	aranteed Party											
				Limits on Endorsement/				Amount of Endorsement/	Ratio of Accumulated	Maximum/ Endorsement	Endorsement/ Guarantee	Endorsement/ Guarantee	e Endorsement/ Guarantee	1
	Endorsement		Relationship	Guarantee Amount	Maximum Balance	Ending	Amount Actually	Guarantee Collateralized	Endorsement/Guarantee to Net Equity	Guarantee Amount	Provided by	Provided by	to Subsidiary in the	
No.	Guarantee Provider	Name	(Note 1)	Provided to a Party	for the Year	Balance	Drawn	by Properties	per Latest Financial Statements	Allowable	Parent Company	Subsidiary	Mainland Area	Note
Note4 Jabon International and DaiichiKasei's maximum endorsements/guarantees amount shall not exceed 70% of their net value based on the latest financial statement as audited and certified or reviewed by an accountant. The maximum amount of endorsements/guarantees to a single enterprise, for a subsidiary in which Jabon														
	International directly holds more than 90% of the ordinary shares the maximum is 40% of the current net value based on the latest financial statement as reviewed or audited by an accountant, and for others the endorsements/guarantees cannot exceed 30% of the net value of the beneficiary of the guarantee													

Note5 ABICO NetCom and Prosper's total amount of endorsements/guarantees cannot exceed 40% of ABICO NetCom's net value as per their latest financial statements. The maximum amount of endorsements/guarantees to a single enterprise cannot exceed 40% of ABICO NetCom's net value as per their latest financial statements.

Note6 The company originally known as AVY Precision Technology Inc. changed its name in August 2021 to ABICO AVY Co., Ltd..

Note7 Avy High Tech's external endorsements/guarantees maximum amount cannot exceed 40% of the net value, and the endorsements/guarantees for companies for companies with which there is a transactional relationship shall not exceed the total amount of transactions with the Company in year to date (the purchase or sales amount between the two parties, whichever is higher). The net value is based on the latest financial statement as audited and certified or reviewed

# ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries Securities Held at the End of the Period (Excluding Investment in Subsidiaries and Affiliates)

As at December 31, 2022

Table 3

					As at D	ecember 31, 2022		
Holding						Percentage of		
Company Name	e Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Issuer	General Ledger Account	Shares(1000)	Carrying Amount	Ownership(%)	Fair Value	Note
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Stock Infinite Finance Co., Ltd.	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Current	600	\$ 20,999	0.17 \$	20,999	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Stock TST Group Holding Ltd.	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Non Current	1,702	169,820	4.51	169,820	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Stock Ocean Net Inc.	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Non Current	800	-	7.33	-	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Stock 1 Production Film Co.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	1,286	19,721	5.39	19,721	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Stock Mobility Holdings Ltd.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	113	32,827	3.29	32,827	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Stock Living Robot Inc.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	20	772	4.51	772	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Stock Starlux Airlines Co., Ltd.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	14,540	277,423	0.80	277,423	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Partnership Ability Asia Capital II Excellent Transformation Growth Limited Partnership	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	94,169	105,846	11.45	105,846	-
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Stock Yallvend Co., Ltd	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	2,400	30,000	9.37	30,000	-
Gold Market	Fund EVENSTAR FD A	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-Current	1	76,709	-	76,709	-
Gold Market	Stock NeuronBasic Technology Cayman Inc.	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Non Current	500	20,473	1.48	20,473	-
AVY High Tech	h Stock Mandarin Connoisseur Holding Limited	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	873	-	-	-	-
AVY High Tech	h Fund INFINITY VENTURES IV, L.P.	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Non Current	-	25,358	-	25,358	-
AVY Co., Ltd.	Fund FSITC Taiwan Money Market	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Current	2,201	34,220	-	34,220	-
AVY Co., Ltd.	Stock ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Holding company's parent company	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Current	984	20,071	0.58	20,071	Note 1
Ability I	Stock Taiwan Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd.	The chairman of the Company is the same person as the director of Ability I		4,104	145,487	1.53	145,487	-
Ability I	Stock Just Kitchen Holdings Corp.	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Non Current	800	1,814	1.06	1,814	-
Ability I	Stock Topping Cuisine International Holdings Limited	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	500	-	2.17	-	-
Ability I	Stock Chien Hwa Coating Technology Inc.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	995	-	0.72	-	-
Ability I	Stock Mirage Entertainment Holding Ltd.(Cayman)	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	3	-	2.41	-	-
Abico Capital Co., Ltd.	Stock 1 Production Film Co.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	493	7,564	2	7,564	-
Cheng Guang Metal	Financial product Jinding Wealth Management Dingding Series 91-day OEF (金鼎理财鼎鼎系列91天开放式净值型)	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Current	-	35,264	-	35,264	-
Cheng Guang Precision	Financial product Jinding Wealth Management Dingding Series 91-day OEF (金鼎理财鼎鼎系列91天开放式净值型)	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Current	-	110,200	-	110,200	-
Cheng Guang Precision	Financial product	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-Current	-	44,080	-	44,080	-

# ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries Securities Held at the End of the Period (Excluding Investment in Subsidiaries and Affiliates) As at December 31, 2022

Table 3

			As at December 31, 2022							
Holding						Percentage of				
Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Issuer	General Ledger Account	Shares(1000) Carry	ing Amount	Ownership(%)	Fair Value	Note		
Cheng Guang Trading	Financial product	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-Current	- \$	44,080	0.00 \$	44,080	-		
Cheng Guang Trading	Financial product Jinding Wealth Management Dingding Series 91-day OEF (金鼎理財鼎鼎系列91天开放式净值型)	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-Current	-	176,320	-	176,320	-		
Cheng Guang Trading	Financial Product Huaxia Wealth, Cash Management No. 3 G(华夏理财现金管理类理3号G)	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-Current	-	88,160	-	88,160	-		
Cheng Guang Trading	Financial Product Hangyin Wealth Management, Happiness 99 Season Tianyi 1909 Financial Plan 98 days (杭银理财幸福 99季添益1909期理财计划 98天)	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Current	-	44,080	-	44,080	-		
Jabon International	Stock RTR-TECH TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	500	-	ē	-	-		
Jabon International	Stock Ensure Co., Ltd.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	13	-	-	-	-		
Jabon International	Stock Mobility Holdings Ltd.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	113	33,938	3.23	33,938	-		
DaiichiKasei	Stock Sony Corporation	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	3	8,034	-	8,034	-		
DaiichiKasei	Stock Panasonic Corporation	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	2	416	-	416	-		
DaiichiKasei	Stock Sumitomo Electric Industries	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	15	5,384	-	5,384	-		
DaiichiKasei	Stock Brother Industries, Ltd.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	9	4,326	-	4,326	-		
IKKA Holdings	Stock Jet Optoeletronics Co., Ltd.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	1,000	46,650	1.96	46,650	-		
Ability International	Stock Ipevo Corporation	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-Current	550	18,125	2.02	18,125	-		
ABICO NetCom	n Stock RTR-TECH Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Non Current	500	-	0.69	-	-		
ABICO NetCom	n Stock Renorigin Innovation Institute Co., Ltd.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	294	1,436	5.18	1,436	-		
ABICO NetCom	a Stock SoJean Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	8	-	0.54	-	-		
ABECO	Stock Jiesheng Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Non Current	500	-	0.69	-	-		
ABECO	Stock Ever Ohms Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-Non Current	300	7,400	0.34	7,400	-		
Itravel Tech	Stock Perpetuum Online Corp.	-	Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss- Non Current	58	-	8.32	-	-		
TranSystem Incorporated	Stock Coiler Corporation	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Non Current	554	421	7.12	421	-		
TranSystem Incorporated	Stock Alcon Technology Corporation	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Non Current	285	466	19.00	466	-		
Lixing (Shenzhen)	Financial Product Daily Enjoyment (樂享天天)	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-Current	-	124,032	-	124,032	-		
Lixing (Shenzhen)	Financial Product Steady Wealth (open as scheduled) (穩富 (按期開放))	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Current	-	22,384	-	22,384	-		

#### Securities Held at the End of the Period (Excluding Investment in Subsidiaries and Affiliates)

As at December 31, 2022

Table 3

Unit: NT\$ 1000 (Unless Otherwise Specified)

					As at De	ecember 31, 2022		
						Percentage		
Holding						of		
Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Issuer	General Ledger Account	Shares(1000)	Carrying Amount	Ownership(%)	Fair Value	Note
AVY SuZhou	Financial Product Bank of China, Linked Structured Deposit (中國銀行掛鉤型結構性存款)	-	Mandatory financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Current	-	\$ 44,079	0.00 \$	44,079	-

Note1: The company regards the company's shares held by the subsidiary AVY Co., Ltd. as treasury shares. Please refer to Note 6 (20) of the consolidated financial statements for details.

#### Securities Acquired or Sold at Costs or Prices at Least NT\$300 Million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital During this Period

#### As at December 31, 2022

Table 4

					Balance as at January 1, 2022 Addition			Addition (Note 3) Disposal (Note 3)					Balance as at December 31, 2022 (Note 6)		
				Relationshi p with the											
		General ledger	Counterparty	investor								Gain (loss) on			
Investor	Type and name of securities (Note 1)	account	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Sold price	Book Value	disposal	Shares		Amount
Cheng Guang Metal	Jinding Wealth Management Dingding Series 91-day OEF (金鼎理财鼎鼎系 列91天开放式净值型)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	-	\$ 396,720	-	\$ 70,528	-	\$ 436,124	\$ 431,984	\$ 4,140	-	\$	899,232
Cheng Guang Metal	Wealth Management Daily Enjoyment No. 1 (創富理財日日享1號)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	-	396,720	-	462,840	-	871,032	859,560	11,472	-		1,719,120
Cheng Guang Trading	g Jinding Wealth Management Dingding Series 91-day OEF (金鼎理财鼎鼎系 列91天开放式净值型)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	-	-	-	881,600	-	708,814	705,280	3,534	-		1,586,880
Cheng Guang Trading	g Jinding Wealth Management Dingding Series 126-day OEF (金鼎理财鼎鼎系 列126天开放式净值型)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	-	-	-	462,840	-	422,539	418,760	3,779	-		881,600
Cheng Guang Trading	g Wealth Management Daily Enjoyment No. 1 (創富理財日日享1號)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	-	-	-	753,768	-	754,770	753,768	1,002	-		1,507,536

Note 1: The term "securities" mentioned in this table refers to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and securities derived from the above items.

Note 2: Investors who use the equity method for securities must fill in these two columns, and the rest can be left blank.

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they have reach NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital.

Note 4: Paid-in capital refers to the paid-in capital of the parent company. If the issuer's stock has no par value or the par share value of NT\$10, the transaction amount requirement of 20% of the paid-in capital shall be calculated on the basis of 10% of the equity belonging to the owner of the parent company on the balance sheet.

# Total Purchases from or Sales to Related Parties Amounting to at Least NT\$100 Million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital

# As at December 31, 2022

Table 5

					Transact	ion			in transaction terms hird party transactions	No	otes/accounts r	eceivable (payable)	
Purchaser/seller	Relationship with the counterparty	Percentage of total purchases (sales) Amount (sales) Cr					Unit price	Credit term	notes/accor		Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Remark	
Jabon International	Counterparty Best Achieve HK	Jabon International's Sub-subsidiary	(Sales)	(\$	1,292,923) (	12)	90 days	No material difference	No material difference	\$	161,826	8	-
Jabon International	Ekeen Precision	Jabon International's Subsidiary	(Sales)	(	285,769) (	3)	90 days	No material difference	No material difference		89,206	4	-
Jabon International	ART EMPIRE	Jabon International's Sub-subsidiary	Purchases		1,241,682	14	90 days	No material difference	No material difference	(	170,207)	( 13)	-
ART EMPIRE	Dong Guan Best Achieve	Jabon International's Sub-subsidiary	Purchases		1,179,043	13	90 days	No material difference	No material difference	(	163,883)	( 13)	-
IKKA HK	DaiichiKasei	Jabon International's Sub-subsidiary	(Sales)	(	140,854) (	1)	60 days	No material difference	No material difference		34,717	2	-
Prosper	Lixing (Shenzhen)	ABICO NetCom's Subsidiary and Sub- subsidiary	Purchases		368,058	4	180 days	-	-	(	122,086)	( 10)	-

# Receivables from Related Parties Amounting to at Least NT\$100 Million or 20% of the Paid-in Capital

# As at December 31, 2022

Table 6

					Overdue R	teceivables	<u> </u>	
Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship	Balance	Turnover rate	Amount	Action Taken	Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
Jabon International	Best Achieve HK	Jabon International's Sub- subsidiary	Accounts Receivable - Related Party \$ 161,826	15.98 \$	-	-	\$ 114,569	\$ 5,018
ART EMPIRE	Jabon International	Jabon International's Sub- subsidiary	· ·	14.59	-	-	101,502	-
Lixing (Shenzhen)	Prosper Plastic	ABICO NetCom' s Sub- Subsidiary	Accounts Receivable - Related Party 122,086	3.01	-	-	19,444	-
IKKA HK	IKKA DongGuan	Jabon International's Subsidiary	Accounts Receivable	1.78	-	-	-	-

# Business Relations and Important Transactions Between Parent Company and Subsidiaries and Among Subsidiaries and Amounts

#### As at December 31, 2022

Table 7

Unit: NT\$ 1000 (Unless Otherwise Specified)

				Transaction					
No.	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note)	General ledger account		Amount	Transaction Terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets	
1	Jabon International	Best Achieve HK	3	Sales revenue	\$	1,292,923	As agreed by the parties	12	
1	Jabon International	Best Achieve HK	3	Accounts receivable		161,826	Net 90 days	1	
1	Jabon International	ART EMPIRE	3	Purchase		1,241,682	As agreed by the parties	12	
1	Jabon International	ART EMPIRE	3	Accounts payable		170,207	-	1	
1	Jabon International	Jabon Precision	3	Purchase		44,841	As agreed by the parties	-	
1	Jabon International	Ekeen Precision	3	Sales revenue		285,769	As agreed by the parties	3	
1	Jabon International	Ekeen Precision	3	Accounts receivable		89,206	Net 90 days	1	
2	Cranmer	Dongguan Qunsheng	3	Accounts payable		47,835	-	-	
3	ART EMPIRE	Dongguan Qunsheng	3	Purchase		40,820	As agreed by the parties	-	
3	ART EMPIRE	Dong Guan Best Achieve	3	Purchase		1,179,043	As agreed by the parties	11	
3	ART EMPIRE	Dong Guan Best Achieve	3	Accounts payable		163,883	-	1	
3	ART EMPIRE	Best Select Suzhou	3	Purchase		86,408	As agreed by the parties	1	
4	Dong Guan Best Achieve	Precise Plus Group Ltd.	3	Accounts payable		47,835	-	-	
5	Best Achieve HK	M.A.C Technology	3	Sales revenue		81,352	As agreed by the parties	1	
6	IKKA HK	DaiichiKasei	3	Sales revenue		140,854	Net 60 days	1	
7	Prosper	Lixing (Shenzhen)	3	Purchase		368,058	-	3	
7	Prosper	Lixing (Shenzhen)	3	Accounts payable		122,086	Net 180 days	1	
8	Honlynn	Ability International	3	Sales revenue		59,108	-	1	
8	Honlynn	Ability International	3	Accounts receivable		7,305	-	-	
8	Honlynn	Emptech Co., Ltd.	3	Sales revenue		3,940	-	-	
9	Ability International	Abico Japan Co., Ltd.	3	Sales revenue		8,747	-	-	
9	Ability International	Abico Japan Co., Ltd.	3	Accounts receivable		15,625	-	-	
9	Ability International	Jing Nen	3	Sales revenue		9,734	-	-	
_		. •							

Accounts receivable

4,270

3

Note: Three types of relationship with the trader, explained as follows in accordance with the code:

Jing Nen

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary company
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company

Ability International

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary

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# Information on Investees (Name, Location, etc.)(Investees in Mainland China Excluded)

As at December 31, 2022

Table 8

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares Held as at December 31, 2022					
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2022	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022	Note
ABICO AVY Co.,	AVY Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of optical	\$ 841,360	\$ 841,360	59,597,571	100.00	\$ 966,139	(\$ 19,402)	(\$ 19,699)	Subsidiary
Ltd			instruments, electronic products and								
ABICO AVY Co.,	Gold Market	Samoa	components, and precision molds Investment and trade	1,670,193	1,670,193	3,917,053	68.52	1,909,499	( 90,380)	( 61,928)	Subsidiary
Ltd				-,0,0,-,-	-,-,-,-,-	-,,		-, ,	, ,,,,,,	(,,)	,
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Avy High Tech	Samoa	Investment and trade	220,347	220,347	6,776,000	100.00	293,454	3,454	3,454	Subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co.,	Avy Technology	Samoa	Investment and trade	1,328	1,328	40,000	100.00	1,026	3	3	Subsidiary
Ltd						ŕ		,			•
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Jabon International	Taiwan	R&D, processing, manufacturing, and sales of metallurgical products such as shafts and bearings, mechanical components and magnetic materials for automobiles and scooters, electronic components, and precision ceramics.	330,865	330,865	83,079,278	100.00	1,611,062	32,601	32,601	Subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Ability I	Taiwan	Venture Investment	174,957	252,237	15,180,690	48.30	95,035	( 18,600)	( 8,984)	Subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	ABICO NetCom	Taiwan	Sales of business equipment components, electronic components, and optoelectronic products	143,847	143,847	7,075,413	13.64	143,285	34,670	4,729	Subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	ABICO Optical	Hong Kong	Investment and trade	8,355	8,355	144	14.40	-	( 78)	-	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Shine Trade	British Virgin Is	s. Manufacturing and sales of plastic products and molds	51,972	51,972	10,450	0.52	53	( 12,052)	( 3,314)	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Seinoh Optical	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of contact lenses	14,616	14,616	1,461,600	4.43	9,287	( 34,959)	( 1,648)	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	ABICO R&D	Japan	R&D and manufacturing of industrial machinery and equipment business	-	1,776	-	-	-	-	-	Equity Method
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Abico Capital	Taiwan	Venture Investment	30,000	20,000	3,000,000	100.00	29,237	( 620)	( 620)	Subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Honlynn	Taiwan	Sales of computer peripheral consumables	52,500	52,500	3,500,000	14.46	48,707	24,585	3,555	Subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	ABICO Asia	Taiwan	Venture Investment	280,000	350,000	28,000,000	18.16	318,121	( 108,054)	( 20,519)	Equity Method

# Information on Investees (Name, Location, etc.)(Investees in Mainland China Excluded)

As at December 31, 2022

Table 8

				Initial investment amount Shares Held as at December 31, 2022			-				
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2022	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31,	Note
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	Ability Enterprise	Taiwan	Digital electronic cameras, optical products business	\$ 555,524		28,591,000	9.94			-	Equity Method
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	G-Yen Hutong	Taiwan	Catering business	35,611	30,000	956,526	6.79	31,695	10,227	694	Equity Method
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	IKKA Holdings	Cayman Is.	Investment	117,107	117,107	4,000,000	13.68	243,066	118,343	13,397	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd	VIEWQUEST	Taiwan	Venture Investment	45,144	-	836,000	100.00	50,986	684	684	Subsidiary
AVY Co., Ltd.	Gold Market	Samoa	Investment and trade	61,075	61,075	1,799,688	31.48	860,642	( 90,380)	( 28,451)	Subsidiary
Gold Market	Sol-Plus HK	Hong Kong	Investment and trade	-	130,977	-,,,,,,,,	-	-	20,226	, ,	Sub-subsidiary
Gold Market	IKKA Holdings	Cayman Is.	Investment and trade	143,518	-	1,716,718	5.87	150,374	118,343		Sub-subsidiary
Ability I	ABICO Optical	Hong Kong	Investment and trade	30,550	30,550	513	51.30	130,374			Sub-subsidiary
Ability I	Seinoh Optical	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of contact lenses	22,037	22,037	2,203,700	6.68	14,004			Sub-subsidiary
Ability I	G-Yen Hutong	Taiwan	Catering business	30,000	30,000	796,203	5.65	29,927	10,227	644	Equity Method
Ability I	Sol-Plus HK	Hong Kong	Investment and trade	_	21,844	_	_	_	20,226	2,057	Sub-subsidiary
Jabon International	ABICO Asia	Taiwan	Venture Investment	9,600	12,000	960,000	0.62	9,600	,		Equity Method
Jabon International	Phoenix Place	British Virgin Is	. Investment and trade	640,384	640,384	20,366,000	100.00	877,141	. ,		Sub-subsidiary
Jabon International	Jabon Precision	Taiwan	Manufacturing of industrial plastic products, aluminum casted and magnesium casted items, as well as computer and peripheral parts and molds.	274,445	254,445	17,000,000	100.00 (	4,184)	( 20,799)	( 20,799)	Sub-subsidiary
Jabon International	Ekeen Precision	Taiwan	R&D, processing, domestic sales, and export of metallurgical products such as shafts and bearings, mechanical components and magnetic materials for automobiles and scooters, electronic components, and precision ceramics.	10,000	10,000	1,000,000	100.00	11,769	( 111)	( 111)	Sub-subsidiary
Jabon International	IKKA Holdings	Cayman Is.	Investment	246,920	246,920	10,900,000	37.28	665,546	118,343	36,504	Sub-subsidiary

# Information on Investees (Name, Location, etc.)(Investees in Mainland China Excluded)

#### As at December 31, 2022

Table 8

				Initial investment amount		Shares Held as at December 31, 2022			_		
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2022	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31,	Note
Jabon International	JCHENG Software	Taiwan	Electronics Components Manufacturing,	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	200,000	100.00	\$ 2,581	\$ 1,588	\$ 1,588	Sub-subsidiary
	Inc.		Computer and Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing, Data Storage Media Manufacturing and Duplicating, and Automatic Control Equipment Engineering.								
Phoenix Place	Best Achieve	British Virgin Is.		25,802	25,802	493,000	100.00	2			Sub-subsidiary
Phoenix Place	Cranmer		. Investment and trade	235,930	235,930	7,450,000	100.00	269,228			Sub-subsidiary
Phoenix Place	Best Select	British Virgin Is		280,411	280,411	9,050,000	100.00	326,112	. ,		Sub-subsidiary
Phoenix Place	Precise Plus	British Virgin Is.		83,972	83,972	2,650,000	100.00	120,892	. ,	. ,	Sub-subsidiary
Phoenix Place	Sinobridge	Samoa	Trade	11,316	11,316	350,000	100.00	149,442	141,640		Sub-subsidiary
Phoenix Place	Best Achieve HK	Hong Kong	Trade	1,510	1,510	50,000	100.00	1,262	,	` /	Sub-subsidiary
Phoenix Place	ART EMPIRE	Hong Kong	Trade	1,510	1,510	50,000	100.00	10,202	4,944		Sub-subsidiary
IKKA Holdings	DaiichiKasei	Japan	Manufacturing and sales of plastic parts and products, transportation, storage, and warehousing management of automobiles, insurance agency, real estate trading, as well as leasing and management business	627,091	627,091	64,081	100.00	1,364,167	151,928	151,928	Sub-subsidiary
IKKA Holdings	Sol-Plus HK	Hong Kong	Investment	282,535	152,821	7,000,000	100.00	206,153	20,226	( 348)	Sub-subsidiary
DaiichiKasei	M.A.C. Technology (Malaysia)	Malaysia	Manufacturing and packaging of CD and CD ROM, computer printers, electronic and industrial precision ceramics and molds, plastic injection components for the electronics and the camera industries	380,603	380,603	41,665,000	100.00	148,214	( 10,989)	( 10,989)	Sub-subsidiary
DaiichiKasei	IKKA Vietnam	Vietnam	Production, operation, and processing of plastic and metal parts commonly used in automobiles, scooters, and office equipment	58,346	58,346	2,500,000	100.00	356,910	31,467	31,467	Sub-subsidiary
DaiichiKasei	IKKA HK	Hong Kong	Investment and trade	292,545	292,545	80,067,000	100.00	453,768	2,364	2,364	Sub-subsidiary
Sol-Plus HK	Sol-Plus JP	Japan	Manufacturing and sales of plastic products and molds	191,587	191,587	3,404,019,254	100.00	98,634	2,062	2,062	Sub-subsidiary

# Information on Investees (Name, Location, etc.)(Investees in Mainland China Excluded)

As at December 31, 2022

Table 8

Initial investment amount	Shares Held as at December 31, 2022
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Investor	Investee	Location	Main business	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2022	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022	Note
Sol-Plus JP	Hiraiseimitsu	Thailand	Manufacturing and sales of plastic	\$ 250,708		2,500,000	100.00				Sub-subsidiary
501114331	maisemmisu	Thanana	products and molds	Ψ 250,700	ψ 250,700	2,500,000	100.00	40,555	(\$\psi\$ 1,505)	(ψ 1,505)	Suo-suosidiai y
ABICO NetCom	Ability 1	Taiwan	Venture Investment	6,286	9,486	628,600	2.00	3,967	( 18,600)	-	Subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	ABICO FS	Samoa	Investment	297,311	297,311	10,000,000	100.00	304,227	22,523	22,523	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	ABECO	Taiwan	Distribution of electronic components	12,200	12,200	4,729,000	49.80	106,669	73,372	36,542	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	Ho Vision	Taiwan	Sales of peripheral products in the entertainment industry	7,400	7,400	476,000	95.20	4,044	62	60	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	Kkck Corporation Ltd.	Taiwan	Cosmetic beauty business	15,500	15,500	1,550,000	50.82	10,441	( 4,331)	( 2,196)	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	Prosper	Hong Kong	Plastics business	185,543	185,543	5,050,000	100.00	410,576	50,294	50,739	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	ABICO Plus Entertainment Limited	Taiwan	Film production and release	18,000	18,000	350,000	35.00	-	( 5,806)	-	Equity Method
ABICO NetCom	Seinoh Optical	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of contact lenses	314,720	232,700	27,487,000	83.29	169,805	34,959	( 25,223)	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	Positive Energy	Taiwan	Sales and wholesale of sporting goods	35,388	27,590	1,478,000	51.99	12,217	2,197	1,142	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	Honlynn	Taiwan	Sales of computer peripheral consumables	37,500	37,500	2,500,000	10.33	34,798	24,585	2,540	Subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	DR.Chip Biotech	Taiwan	Inspection of chips and instruments business	-	70,601	-	-	-	-	( 1,735)	Note 1
ABICO NetCom	Aabiking	Taiwan	Bicycle business	33,850	28,429	3,664,000	81.42	12,474	( 5,441)	( 3,879)	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	Ilens International Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Contact lenses business	30,000	20,000	1,400,000	40.00	4,931	( 25,660)	( 10,240)	Equity Method
ABICO NetCom	TranSystem Incorporated	Taiwan	Manufacturing of electronic products and wireless broadband devices	42,000	42,000	4,527,000	15.64	31,602	4,646	215	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO NetCom	ABICO Asia	Taiwan	Venture Investment	24,000	30,000	2,400,000	1.56	26,940	( 108,054)	-	Equity Method
ABICO NetCom	Newec Corporation	Taiwan	Operation of an e-commerce platform of sporting goods	26,000	26,000	5,000,000	100.00	21,642	( 3,170)	( 3,775)	Sub-subsidiary
ABICO FS	AVY International	Samoa	Investment and trade	314,217	314,217	5,000,000	100.00	282,329	28,943	27,965	Sub-subsidiary

# Information on Investees (Name, Location, etc.)(Investees in Mainland China Excluded)

As at December 31, 2022

Table 8

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares Held as	at December 3	31, 2022	=	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2022	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31,
Prosper	Fit Active Vietnam	Vietnam	Manufacturing and processing of steel	\$ 62,600	\$ 62,600	-	67.80	\$ 120,964	\$ 8,987	\$ 6,115 Sub-subsidiary
			molds, aluminum molds, copper- aluminum stamped products, and optoelectronic parts							
Prosper	Shine Trade	British Virgin Is	. Manufacturing and sales of plastic products and molds	144,859	82,595	1,990,000	99.48	7,202	( 12,052)	( 7,960) Sub-subsidiary
Prosper	Prosper SAMOA	Samoa	Investment	48,433	41,245	1,500,000	100.00	60,332	,	
Prosper SAMOA	Fit Active Vietnam	Vietnam	Manufacturing and processing of steel molds, aluminum molds, copper- aluminum stamped products, and optoelectronic parts	31,227	31,227	-	32.20	57,609	8,988	2,894 Sub-subsidiary
ABECO	VIET NAM ABECO	Vietnam	Distribution of electronic components	53,614	53,614	-	100.00	46,915	( 1,035)	( 1,035) Sub-subsidiary
Positive Energy Spor Co., Ltd.	t Itravel Tech	Taiwan	Wholesale and retail of cloth, garments, and clothing	25,900	25,900	790,000	100.00	6,049	-	- Sub-subsidiary
SEINOH Optical	S&G Global Inc	Taiwan	Wholesale and retail of medical equipment and glasses business	1,800	-	180,000	60.00	1,756	( 74)	( 44) Sub-subsidiary
Honlynn	Ability International	Taiwan	Sales, rental, and maintenance of office equipment and office furniture	214,200	214,200	12,000,000	100.00	210,700	663	663 Sub-subsidiary
Honlynn	Emptech	Taiwan	Trading of computers and relevant electronic products	4,000	4,000	400,000	80.00	228	( 1,644)	( 1,314) Sub-subsidiary
Honlynn	Catchtech	Taiwan	Software Design Services	1,020	1,020	1,020,000	51.00	( 628)	1,504	( 729) Sub-subsidiary
Ability International	TISI	Taiwan	Trading, maintenance, and rental of microform and consumables	14,291	14,291	2,000,000	100.00	35,891	6,033	6,033 Sub-subsidiary
Ability International	Jingnen	Taiwan	Sales, rental, and maintenance of office equipment and office furniture	10,161	10,161	1,000	52.99	12,913	1,822	965 Sub-subsidiary
Ability International	Ability	Samoa	Investment	23,931	23,931	800,000	100.00	13,209	( 5,915)	( 5,915) Sub-subsidiary
Ability International	ENERTEC	Anguilla	Investment	1,626	1,626	124,000	27.19	441	( 101)	( 28) Equity Method
Ability International	Ability Biotech	Taiwan	Wholesale and retail of medical equipment, household appliances and supplies business	9,391	4,500	1,000,000	100.00	8,660	( 505)	( 222) Sub-subsidiary
Ability International	Ability Anchor	Taiwan	Recycling of machines	6,600	6,600	660,000	55.00	2,910	( 1,410)	( 776) Sub-subsidiary

# Information on Investees (Name, Location, etc.)(Investees in Mainland China Excluded)

As at December 31, 2022

Table 8

Unit: NT\$ 1000 (Unless Otherwise Specified)

				Initial investment amount		ment amount	Shares Held as at December 31, 2022			_			
												Investment	
												income (loss)	
										N	et profit (loss)	recognized by	
										o	of the investee	the Company for	
				Balance as at	t	Balance as at					for the year	the year ended	
				December 31	,	December 31,		Ownership		en	ded December	December 31,	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business	2022		2021	Number of shares	(%)	Book value		31, 2022	2022	Note
Ability International	ABICO Living Robot	Taiwan	Electric Appliance Installation	\$ 1,4	00	\$ 1,000	140,000	50.00	\$ 1,236	(\$	275)	(\$ 142)	Sub-subsidiary
Ability International	Ability International Green Energy	Taiwan	Lighting Equipment Manufacturing	5,0	00	5,000	500,000	100.00	4,841	(	61) (	61)	Sub-subsidiary
Ability	Abico HK	Hong Kong	Investment	2,7	69	2,769	750,000	100.00	8,265	5 (	1,605)	( 1,605)	Sub-subsidiary
Ability	Abico JP	Japan	International trade business	5,5	32	5,532	-	100.00 (	3,699	9) (	3,663)	( 3,663)	Sub-subsidiary
VIEWQUEST	Ability Enterprise	Taiwan	Digital electronic cameras, optical products business	50,0	78	-	1,650,000	0.57	49,687	7	135,363	772	Equity Method

Note1: ABICO NetCom sold the shares of DR.Chip Biotech in batch in June 2022, with an amount of NT\$ 28,049,000. On June 10, 2022, the shareholding ratio was reduced to 11.23%, causing it to lose its significant influence. Reclassified to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

# ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries Investment in Mainland China — Basic Information As at December 31, 2022

Table 9

Unit: NT\$ 1000 (Unless Otherwise Specified)

#### Remittance of Funds

Investee Company	Main Business	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2022	Outward (Note 6)	Inward	Ren Inve	Outward mittance for estment from aiwan as of exember 31, 2022	Net Income (Loss) of Investee		Recognition of Investment Gains and Losses in the Current Period (Note 1)	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December31, 2022	Remark
Dong Guan Cheng Guang Metal Products Co., Ltd.(Note 6)	Manufacturing and sales of metal casings and accessories for mobile phones and cameras	\$ 242,440	2	\$ 276,570	\$ -	\$	- \$	276,570	(\$ 78,009)	100.00	(\$ 78,009)	\$ 154,288	\$ -	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (Gold Market as investor)
Dong Guan Cheng Guang Precision Industry Co., Ltd. (Note 6)	Manufacturing and sales of metal casings and accessories for mobile phones and cameras	568,421	2	648,442	-		-	648,442	( 22,988)	100.00	( 22,988)	571,262	-	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (Gold Market as investor)
Dong Guan Cheng Guang Trading Co., Ltd (Note 6)	Manufacturing and sales of metal casings and accessories for mobile phones and cameras	881,600	2	1,005,708	-		-	1,005,708	2,942	100.00	2,942	884,533	-	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (Gold Market as investor)
Jilin Province Can Fine Glasses Co., Ltd. (Note1)	e Sales of medical equipment, etc.	32,619	2	18,548	-		-	18,548	-	65.70	-	-		Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (ABICO Optical as investor)
DongGuan Qunsheng Powder Metallurgy Ltd. (Note1, 3)	Production and sales of powder metallurgy products and assembly of actuators	202,138	2	202,138	-		-	202,138	( 13,290)	) 100.00	( 13,290)	262,344	-	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China, Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.'s subsidiary, Cranmer Enterprises Ltd. as investor
Best Select Industrial (SuZhou) Co., Ltd. (Note1, 4)	Production and research and development of non-ferrous metal composite materials, new alloy materials, and relevant products and sales of self-produced products	282,260	2	282,260	-		-	282,260	( 41,021)	100.00	( 41,021)	326,112	-	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China, Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.'s subsidiary, Best Select Industrial Ltd. as investor
DongGuan Best Achieve Industrial Ltd.	Production and sales of power tools and relevant spare parts	83,863	2	83,863	-	-		83,863	( 125,604)	) 100.00	( 125,604)	120,777	-	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China, Phoenix Place Holdings Ltd.'s subsidiary, Precise Plus Group

# ABICO AVY Co., Ltd. and Its Subsidiaries Investment in Mainland China — Basic Information As at December 31, 2022

Table 9

Unit: NT\$ 1000 (Unless Otherwise Specified)

#### Remittance of Funds

							_							
				Accumulated			Accun	nulated						
				Outward			Out	ward			Recognition of		Accumulated	
				Remittance for			Remitt	ance for			Investment		Repatriation of	f
				Investment			Investm	ent from		Direct or	Gains and		Investment	
				from Taiwan as			Taiwa	an as of	Net Income	Indirect	Losses in the	Carrying Amount	Income as of	
			Method of	of January 1,	Outward		Decem	nber 31,	(Loss) of	Percentage of	Current Period	as of December	December31,	
Investee Company	Main Business	Paid-in Capital	Investment	2022	(Note 6)	Inward	20	022	Investee	Ownership	(Note 1)	31, 2022	2022	Remark
IKKA Technology DongGuan Co., Ltd. (IKKA)	Production and sales of precision plastic parts, hardware parts, bearings, and molds	\$ 232,837	2	\$ -	-	-	\$		\$ 338	56.83			\$ -	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (IKKA HK as investor)
Dongguan Ashine Precision Plastics Co., Ltd. (Note 2)	Manufacturing and sales of plastic products and molds	121,178	2	117,403	-	-		117,403 (	(2,052)	100.00	( 11,274)	7,255	-	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (IKKA HK as investor(Shine Trade as investor)
Lixing Plastic (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Production and sales of computer plastic spare parts and components	171,976	2	189,018	-	-		189,018	57,774	100.00	58,041	361,653	130,848	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (Prosper as investor)
	Production and processing of dies, precision molds, standard mold parts, and relevant products and components	125,911	2	323,173	-	-	;	323,173	28,984	100.00	28,984	255,837	211,899	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (AVY International as investor)
Suzhou Xiyingli Optical Co., Ltd.(Note 1)	Wholesale and import of contact lens	23,033	2	23,033	-	-		23,033 (	3,845)	100.00	( 3,845)	7,947	-	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (ABICO FS as investor)
Ability International (Shanghai) Ltd.	Warehousing, wholesale, and international trade	13,925	2	13,925	-	-		13,925 (	762)	24.79	( 762)	8,053	-	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (Ability as investor)
Abico (GuangZhou) International Tarding Co., Ltd	International trade	970	2	10,260	-	7,009		3,251 (	806)	24.79	( 806)	1,674	-	Investment and establishment of a company at a third jurisdiction to invest in Mainland China (ABICO HK as investor)

Note1: Other than Jilin Province Can Fine Glasses Co., Ltd., DongGuan Best Achieve, Suzhou Seinoh Optical Co., Ltd., Abico GuangZhou and Ability International (Shanghai) Ltd., the others are recognized in accordance with the valuation as per the financial statements as audited by accountants.

Note 2: Cumulative investment in DongGuan Ashine is \$121,178 (US\$3,946,000), which includes cash investment of \$70,354 (US\$2,291,000), and machinery investment of \$50,824 (US\$1,655,000).

As at December 31, 2022

Table 9

Unit: NT\$ 1000 (Unless Otherwise Specified)

#### Remittance of Funds

				Accumulated			Accumulated						
				Outward			Outward			Recognition of		Accumulated	
				Remittance for			Remittance for			Investment		Repatriation of	
				Investment			Investment from		Direct or	Gains and		Investment	
				from Taiwan as			Taiwan as of	Net Income	Indirect	Losses in the	Carrying Amount	Income as of	
			Method of	of January 1,	Outward		December 31,	(Loss) of	Percentage of	Current Period	as of December	December31,	
Investee Company	Main Business	Paid-in Capital	Investment	2022	(Note 6)	Inward	2022	Investee	Ownership	(Note 1)	31, 2022	2022	Remark

- Note 3: Cumulative investment in DongGuan Best Achieve is \$202,138,000 (US\$6,450,000), which includes cash investment of \$170,321,000 (US\$5,528,000), and machinery investment of \$31,817,000 (US\$922,000).
- Note 4: Cumulative investment in Best Select Suzhou is \$282,260,000 (US\$9,000,000), which includes cash investment of \$278,521,000 (US\$8,885,000), and machinery investment of \$3,739,000 (US\$115,000).
- Note 5: There are three types of investment: 1. Direct investment in Mainland China.
- 2. Invest in Mainland China via a third jurisdiction.
- 3. Other methods.

Note 6: On March 29, 2021 Gold Market investments Ltd.'s board of directors approved, in order to optimize industrial capabilities and improve operational performance, a split-up of Dong Guan Cheng Guang Metal Products Co., Ltd. into three companies. Following the split-up, Dong Guan Cheng Guang Metal Products Co., Ltd. will survive with metal surface treatment processes as its main business; two other companies will be established, Dong Guan Cheng Guang Precision Industry Co., Ltd. and Dong Guan Cheng Guang Precision Industry Co., Ltd.'s business focus will be metal manufacturing and processing, and Dong Guan Cheng Guang Trading Co., Ltd.'s business focus will be metal processing products trading. After the split-up, the three companies will have the same structure, each 100% owned by Gold Market investments Ltd.

The relevant registration and licensing procedures have been completed. The cumulative capital remitted from Taiwan in this period, \$1,930,720, was remitted to Dong Guan Cheng Guang Metal Products Co., Ltd. before the split-up.

			Ī	nvestment	•	per Limit on e Amoun of	
				Amount	I	nvestment	
		Accumulated Outward	Αι	thorized by	Stipulated by		
	Re	emittance for Investment	I	nvestment	I	nvestment	
		from Taiwan as of	Co	ommission,	C	ommission,	
Company Name		December 31, 2022		MOEA		MOEA	
ABICO AVY Co., Ltd.	\$	1,809,368	\$	1,809,368	\$	3,088,005	
AVY		183,140		183,140		577,149	
Ability I Venture		14,565		16,747			
Capital Corporation						450,192	
Jabon International		591,927		635,229		-	
(Note 7, 8)							
ABICO NetCom		252,074		278,178		660,954	
Honlynn		28,294		28,294		202,106	
	\$	2,879,368	\$	2,950,956	\$	4,978,406	

Note 7: The difference between the accumulated investment amount remitted from Taiwan at the end of the current period by Jabon International and the cumulative investment amount remitted from Taiwan at the end of the current period of 32,398,000 (US\$1,046,000) is due to cumulative losses that arise from the liquidation of Qunsheng Powder Metallurgy Ltd. (Changshu) in 2007.

Note 8: Jabon International in April 2020 received the recognition documentation from the Ministry of Economic Affairs Industrial Development Bureau pursuant to the "Identification Regulations for Operational Headquarters", the effective period is April 2020 to April 2023, therefore no limit applies.

# Investments in the Mainland Area – Significant Transactions with Investee Companies In Mainland China, Either Directly or Indirectly Through a Third Area As at December 31, 2022

Table 10 Unit: NT\$ 1000

(Unless Otherwise Specified)

		Sales(Purchase)		Property Tr	ansaction		ccounts Receivable (Payable)		Note Endorsements/G or Provision of Col			Financing	Facility		
Name of the Invested									Balance as at December		Highest	Balance as at December 31,	Interest rate		
Company in China		Amount	%	Amount	%		Balance	%	31, 2022	Purpose	Balance	2022	range	Current rate	Others
ART EMPIRE	(\$	1.241.682)	(95)	\$	_	- (\$	170.207)	61	\$ -	_	\$	- \$ -	_	S -	_

# Information on Major Shareholders

# As at December 31, 2022

Table 11

	Shares	
Name	Shares Held	Shareholding Ratio
Abico International Co., Ltd.	22,095,328	13.00%
Ability Enterprise Co., Ltd.	17,264,223	10.15%
Hengneng Investment Co., Ltd.	9,375,000	5.51%